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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

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NEW INDIA BILL

Details Of Amendments A 'Top Secret'

VICEROY TO CONFER WITH LEADERS ON MONDAY

U. K. Constitutional Experts To Give Final Touches To Draft

NEW DELHI, JUNE 20 (A.P.I.): THE VICEROY, LORD MOUNTBATTEN, WILL COMMUNICATE TO THE INDIAN LEADERS THE DRAFT OF THE AMENDING BILL TO THE CONSTITUTION ACT PROBABLY ON MONDAY, IT IS LEARNED.

The draft of the amendments to the Government of India Act, it is understood, has been received here for comments and is being studied at high official level.

It is presumed there will be an exchange of views on the amendments and in the light of comments from India, the draft might be changed. Two constitutional experts from the U. K., one of whom is a parliamentary draftsman, are expected here by this week-end to give final touches to the Amending Bill.

"TOP SECRET"

The details of the amendment, for the time being, are "top secret" and hence not available. But is believed in the main, it enumerates certain broad principles for the transfer of power and the creation of two dominions and necessary changes in the Act. Certain broad principles such as the definition of the areas which would constitute the two dominions, Pakistan and India, would be given effect to by an Order-in-Council.

Power would be transferred to the respective constituent assemblies and it would be competent for such assemblies in the future to amend the constitution.

INDIAN STATES V. DOMINIONS

The position of the Indian states vis a vis the two dominions is rather obscure, but Congress quarters here express robust optimism that all the states will ultimately join the Constituent Assemblies. It is anticipated that initial difficulties will be overcome.

With the announcement of Bengal's decision in favour of partition and the certainty of the Punjab almost following suit, political circles here are again busy discussing the future of the present Government. By August 15, 1947, there would be a complete but for the interim period, it is believed, there would have to be certain adjustments in order to enable the seceding areas to build up a nucleus for its state.

INTERIM GOVERNMENT ON BI-NATIONAL BASIS

Thus, the leaders of Pakistan now in the Interim Government will have some six weeks beginning from July when the partition issue would have been more or less settled, except for the Frontier referendum (in which the Congress is not likely to participate), their disposal to organise and set up their separate Government. During the interim period, between the time the verdict of the seceding areas is 'officially' known and until Dominion Status is ushered in by the middle of August, the Interim Government would be reconstructed 'on a bi-national basis.' The Governor-General-in-Council would continue to be what it is to-day legally, but the Council would be internally divided.

The present Muslim League nominees in the Government would function only exclusively in regard to matters pertaining to the Pakistan areas. On questions affecting both areas, that is India and the seceding areas, decisions would be taken at joint meetings. It is recognised that the present Government machinery devised for a united India would find any such bifurcation causing administrative difficulties leading to confusion.

RESHUFFLE OF PORTFOLIOS

Nevertheless, it is pointed out, once partition becomes a settled fact, there could be no justification for the continuance of the present Interim Government. The changes expected would necessarily involve a reshuffling of the portfolios as well.

A division of responsibilities, it is pointed out, would give the Muslim League nominees sufficient opportunity to build up a secretariat for the Pakistan State.

This device, of a bifurcation of the duties and responsibilities of Government, it is pointed out, is primarily intended to lay the foundation of the two Dominion Governments to be, and it is particularly valuable for the Pakistan State as they have to start from scratch.

PARTITION SUB-COMMITTEES AT WORK

Meanwhile, the Sub-Committees set up by the Partition Committee to work out details of the division of India have now started functioning. Directives have already been issued to each department of the Government of India to ascertain the wishes of officers regarding the Government they wish to serve.

While some aspects of partition may be completed by August 15, a good many will remain unfinished, particularly the more important ones such as currency, exchange, controls, and defence. These will be governed by stand-still agreements which will terminate when final arrangements can be made by the two Governments. Some may last as long as two or three years.

COMMON C.-IN-C.

In regard to the Army, while the division will be purely on a voluntary basis, it is understood that certain divisions would initially be posted to the Pakistan territories for purposes of internal security. While nominally, these troops would be the responsibility of the Defence Member of the Pakistan State, it is understood that the Commander-in-Chief for both the dominions would be the same till such time as the division is perfected.

PEIPING-MUKDEN RAILWAY CUT

Communist Destruction Activities In China

TIENTSIN, June 20 (Reuter).—While Nationalist columns continued their counter-drive along the Tientsin-Pukov Railway Southwards from Tientsin, a new threat loomed today from the North-East where strong Communist forces were reported to be massing in the Coal-mining area of Kaiping, 86 miles north-east of Tientsin along the Peiping-Mukden Railway.

Fighting of undisclosed proportions was said to have already occurred last night in this area. At the same time, Communist reinforcements are reported to be moving from Central Hopei Province to join up with the forces of General Mien Yung-Chen in the northern sector of the Tientsin-Pukow Railway where no noteworthy developments occurred overnight.

Latest Communist destruction activities have cut the Peiping-Mukden Railway in the heart of the coal-mining region near Kaiping. Apart from halting coal movements, this has also cut off the arrival of coarser grains from Manchuria on which the masses in Hopei depend for sustenance.

SHARIAR AGREES TO FORM FEDERAL INTERIM GOVT.

BATAVIA, June 20 (Reuter).—Dr. S tan Shariar, Premier of the Indonesian Republic in Java and Sumatra, today agreed to the establishment of a Federal Interim Government as proposed by the Dutch Commissioner-General in its memorandum of May 27, in the "shortest possible time," Republican sources said here.

Dr. Shariar's agreement was contained in a conciliatory note to the Commission-General after his last night's radio appeal for further discussions between the Dutch and Indonesians as soon as possible.

Commission General's Rejoinder To Indonesian Reply

THE HAGUE, June 20 (Reuter).—The Dutch Commission General today handed a letter to the delegation of the Republic of Indonesia which stated that the Republican reply offers no possibility for further negotiations and in accordance with this the Commission General is referring the matter to the Netherlands Government.

The letter said that the reply was considered to be unsatisfactory in its most essential points and "cannot form basis for a proper implementation of Linggadjati."

NO DESIRE FOR CO-OPERATION

Passages in the Indonesian reply to the Dutch plan for an Interim Federal Government by opening "immense possibilities" for employee elections which would disrupt plant production.

He said the administratively complicated Bill would be entirely unworkable. He pointed out that contrary to the frequently expressed wishes of both Labour and Managements it would inject the government into fields traditionally occupied by free collective bargaining. The result would be "government dictation," he said.

'DEFINITELY DISCRIMINATORY'

Govt. Of India Spokesman On Burma Emergency Immigration Act

NEW DELHI, June 20, (A.P.I.): "The Burma Emergency Immigration Act is definitely discriminatory inasmuch as it does not apply to people domiciled in the United Kingdom" said an official spokesman of the Government of India today. He was commenting on reports that Burmese official quarters denied that the Act was a discriminatory measure aimed against Indians". While Indians will have to obtain entry permits or have passports and 'visas' in order to enter Burma, no such obstacles will be placed in the way of people with British domicile".

AHMEDABAD 'S.O.S.' TO RAJEN BABU

AHMEDABAD, June 20 (A.P.I.): Mr. Khandubhai Desai, M.L.A. and Secretary of Textile Labour Association, has sent a telegram to Doctor Rajendra Prasad, Food Member, Government of India, drawing attention to the critical food situation in Ahmedabad and urging him to take prompt measures to relieve it.

Punjab Party Leaders Come To Settlement

Two-Man Steering Committee To Replace Partition Commissioner

LAHORE, June 20 (A.P.I.): The Punjab Party leaders at a meeting held at the Secretariat today are understood to have come to an amicable settlement on the composition of the four Experts Committees which have been set up to work out the details of the Partition of the Punjab, and the appointment of a Two-man Steering Committee to replace the present Partition Commissioner.

It has also been agreed to set up a Leaders' Partition Committee with equal representation for Muslims and non-Muslims.

The Steering Committee it is understood, will serve as a Liaison between the Experts Committee and the Leaders of partition committee.

An official announcement is expected to be made shortly.

JOINT APPEAL

Khan Iftikar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, Leader of the Muslim League Assembly Party, Lala Bhim Sen Sachar, Leader of the Congress Assembly Party, and Sardar Swaran Singh, Leader of the Panthic Assembly party, have issued a joint appeal to the people of Punjab in the course of which they say

"In view of the agreed procedure to be observed at the meeting for deciding the question of the Partition of the Punjab, there will not be any speeches in the two parts of the joint session of the members of the Punjab Legislative Assembly taking place on the 23rd June 1947. It has further been agreed upon by the parties that there will not be any demonstrations or shouting of slogans inside or outside the House. Certain restrictions on traffic and admission to the precincts of the Legislative Assembly have been imposed by the authorities. We earnestly appeal to all Punjabis that these restrictions may be observed and no one should attempt to approach the precincts of the Assembly building on the 21st, 22nd and 23rd June 1947."

100 PASSENGERS KILLED IN CHINESE STEAMER DISASTER

HONGKONG, June 20 (U.P.A.): A raging flood dashed a Chinese steamer against the rocks in south Kwangtung on Friday killing 100 passengers en route from Chungpo to Canton. It is not known whether there are any survivors.

The Government ordered all civilian employees to give one day's pay for relief of flood victims who have lost their homes.

The price of rice shot up 15 per cent because of the flooded rice fields.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (OCTOBER)
New York, June 20

Previous Closing	31.47
Today's Opening	31.36
Difference	—.11
Today's Closing	31.42
Difference	—.05

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, June 20
New York Stock Exchange Opening prices.

Anaconda Copper Mining 34-1/8
General Motors 50-3/8
United States Steel Common 69-3/8
United States Steel Pref. unquoted.

Truman Vetoes Labour Control Bill

"It Contains Seeds Of Discord Which Would Plague Nation For Years"

WASHINGTON, June 20 (UPA).—President Truman today vetoed the Republican Labour Control Bill with the declaration that it contains "seeds of discord which would plague the nation for years and would be a gerous stride in the direction of totally managed economy."

Despite the President's strong words, the Republican-Democratic coalition was confident of enacting the Taft-Hartley Bill over his veto by two-thirds of the votes in both the House and the Senate. The House is scheduled to act at once. The Publicans predicted an overwhelming vote against the President. The closer Senate vote is expected tomorrow or Monday.

The President stressed the measure would discriminate against Labour and, moreover, harass management by opening "immense possibilities" for employee elections which would disrupt plant production.

He said the administratively complicated Bill would be entirely unworkable. He pointed out that contrary to the frequently expressed wishes of both Labour and Managements it would inject the government into fields traditionally occupied by free collective bargaining. The result would be "government dictation," he said.

Tea Imports To Be Controlled

NEW DELHI, June 21 (API).—Tea imports into India are to be controlled with immediate effect, says a press note.

This is in accordance with the Government of India's revised Import Trade Control policy which aims at allowing only essential goods to be brought into the country.

A notification to this effect appears in the Gazette of India dated June 21, 1947.

ral Government for all the East Indies were described as "disobliging, tendentious and false."

The letter said the reply "lacked the necessary desire to co-operate" and showed "one sided and unjustified suspicion of the Dutch standpoint."

"The core of the Dutch proposals those concerning the Interim Federal Government, were passed over in silence," it said.

The Republican proposal for the reform of the Indies Government amounted to an elimination of that Government.

Under the Indonesian proposals, the representative of the Crown would remain outside the Interim Government and would have only "vague authority" to withhold approval from decisions considered to conflict with purely Dutch interests.

3 Kathiawar States To Join Consembly

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, June 20.

A private meeting of Kathiawar bigger States was held in Junagad. Conflicting reports are being circulated about this. One report states that according to instructions from the Resident, Jamnagar, Junagadh and Bhavnagar have decided to join the Constituent Assembly.

The Kathiawar political conference will be held on the 22nd instant.

Market Reaction To Bevin's Speech

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter).—The effect of the Foreign Secretary Mr Bevin's foreign policy statement regarding Europe did much towards relieving the uncompromising attitude the markets have been recently displaying. There was nothing really outstanding in the way of turnover but oils and cocos were ahead sharply on the market in the belief that American aid will include those items.

Base metals sprank into the limelight following the Zinc Corporation tre g dividend but Kaffirs and Coppers eased.

Foreign bonds isplayed animation although Hungarians were slightly easier. Gilt-edged securities hardly moved throughout, while there were a number of good industrial features as well as tobaccos.

Korean Demands

MOSCOW, June 20 (Reuter).—Moscow Radio reported today that a conference of North Korean "Popular Front" political parties has resolved to submit demands for nationalisation of land, industry and banks to the Soviet-American Joint Commission now sitting at Seoul in the United States zone to consider the formation of a Provisional Government for all Korea.

Korea is at present divided in two parts, the North under Soviet occupation, the South under United States occupation.

India Included In I.L.O. Steering Committee

GENEVA, June 20 (Reuter).—The International Labour Conference elected Don Carlos Desmaras of Argentina, Vice-President of the Government Group, Sir John Forbes-Watson (United Kingdom) Vice-President of the employers group and Mr. Robert Watt (United States), Vice-President of the Workers group.

The Conference also elected a Steering Committee composed of the representatives of Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile China, Egypt, France, the United Kingdom, the United States, India, Mexico, the Netherlands, Peru, Poland and Sweden.

DEO AND GHOSH ... CALL ON MAHATMA

NEW DELHI, June 20 (APL) Mr. Shankerrao Deo and Dr. P. C. Ghosh called on Mahatma Gandhi before the prayer meeting today.

50 Killed In Tenants' Clash With Landlords

Troops Rushed To Lucknow Village: 24-Hour Curfew Imposed

LUCKNOW, June 20 (A.P.I.): Fifty persons were killed in a serious clash between Zamindars (landlords) and tenants in the village of Chandot in Budaun District on June 15 and 16 according to an official report reaching here. Cases of murder and arson were also reported from the village of Rudain.

Troops and military police were rushed to the scene. The D. I. G. police and the Commissioner of the Division have also reached there. A 24 hour curfew was imposed in Islamnagar as a precautionary measure and night curfew has been imposed in Budaun.

The District Magistrate, Budaun reports that the situation is now under control.

I.L.O. Charter For World Workers

GENEVA, June 20 (Reuter): The International Labour Office today submitted to the 13th International Labour Conference, meeting for the second day in Geneva, a sweeping resolution calling for the freedom of Association and bargaining for workers and employees throughout the world.

Misra Beaten In London Cup Semi-Finals

LONDON, June 20, (Reuter): Playing in drizzle, which made the court slippery and footwork hazardous, Sumant Misra, the Indian Champion, was beaten in the semi-finals of the Men's Singles in the London Lawn Tennis Championships at Queen's Club in London, today. He lost to Robert Falkenburg of America, who is seeded at Wimbledon, by 6-1, 6-3.

(See Page 2)

COLLECTIVE FINE ON CITY AREA

A collective fine of Rs. 1220 has been levied on the inhabitants of 23 shops and 132 tenements of 12 buildings from 5th Lane Kumbharwada, and Pathan Street, Maharbowr., in connection with the recent disturbances in Bombay

(See Page 7)

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN STERLING TALKS

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter): It was learned today that the discussions at the British Treasury on Egypt's Sterling balances have proceeded intensively in recent days and the Egyptian negotiators have booked their return passages for Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

There has been no indication of any breakdown or impasse in the talks, it was authoritatively stated today and the early return of the Egyptian delegation thus implies an expectation that agreement will be reached within the next few days.

BOMBAY GOVT. PLANS 5,000 VILLAGE PANCHAYATS

15 Per Cent Of Land Revenue To Be Allocated For Development Of Each Unit

The Government of Bombay proposes to establish village panchayats in every village having a population of 1,000 and above so that in the course of the next two or three years, there will be approximately 5,000 villages having their units of self-government.

DEMOCRACY IN ACTION

It is the Government's firm belief that democracy must in the final analysis rest on these village units, which have now come to be looked upon as the very foundations of an enlightened and modern social order and that it is here in the panchayats that one can see actual democracy in action.

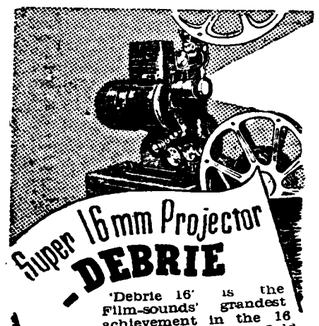
Speaking recently at a public meeting in Kolaba District, the Minister for Local Self-Government to the Government of Bombay, Mr. G. D. Vartak declared the Government's intention to allocate at least 15 per cent of the total land revenue collected from villagers to the gram panchayats with a view to interesting the average village-dweller in the daily conduct of the affairs of his own village.

GENERAL APATHY

It may be recalled in this connection that the Bombay Village Panchayats Act was passed in the year 1963 and later amended in 1939, so as to make the panchayats more popular. One of the amendments passed provided for the establishment of a village panchayat in every revenue village having a population of 2,000 or more. But it was found later on that not many people got interested in the proposition, as may be judged from the fact that there are panchayats today in 1,500 villages only, due to the general apthy of the villager.

The cause of this apathy was traceable to the villager's aversion to the payment of the house-tax which is the main source of the panchayat's income, though it represents a small percentage of the revenues collected.

As a result of a review made recently, the Government has decided to allocate a certain portion of the land revenue collected in village panchayat areas to the panchayats concerned. It is the Government's hope that this will ensure adequate funds to the village panchayats for carrying on their beneficent activities.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PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTIFICATION

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for the information of the Public that the Public Vaccination Station hitherto located in the Municipal School at Premises No. 57 Colaba Road, has been transferred to the Municipal School at Premises No. 53, Colaba Road, PANDURANG NIWAS, where vaccinations will be performed free of charge every Monday from 8 A.M. to 10-30 A.M. (S.T.).

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner.
Bombay, 20-6-1947.

4095

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. TYABALLY CURRIMJEE BARODAWALA, BADRUDDIN TYABALLY BARODAWALA, TAHERBHOY TYABALLY BARODAWALA and NOMANBHOY TYABALLY BARODAWALA, of Bombay Borah Muslims have contracted to sell the properties at Altamont Road in Bombay, hereinafter described, to one of our clients.

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title or interest to or in the said properties or any of them, or any claim of whatsoever kind or nature against the same, are hereby requested to notify the same in writing to us at our office at Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, failing which the sale will be completed without regard to any such right, title, interest or claim, and the same will be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES

FIRST:—All that piece of land with the buildings thereon situate at Cumballa Hill, Altamont Road, in Bombay, admeasuring about 4386 square yards and bearing New Survey No. 2A/7074 (part) and Cadastral Survey number 665, Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division, and Municipal D. Ward No. 3441 (1), Street No. 3, and bounded on the East and the South by the property hereinafter secondly described on the West partly by a passage and partly by Altamont Road, and on the North by the property formerly of H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir and now divided up into plots belonging to various persons.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of land with the buildings thereon situate at Cumballa Hill, Altamont Road, in Bombay, admeasuring about 11,376 square yards, and bearing New Survey No. 2A/7074 (part) and Cadastral Survey No. 1/665, Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division, and Municipal D. Ward Nos. 3441 (1) part, 3440 (2), 3440 (2) and 3440 (3), and Street Nos. 3 (part) and 5, 5A and 7, and bounded, on the East partly by the property of J. R. Patel and partly by the property of Cassamally Jairajbhoy, on the West by the Altamont Road, on the North partly by the property hereinabove first described and partly by the property formerly of H. H. the Mahraja of Kashmir, and on the South partly by the property of Bai Hamabai J. K. Mehta and another, and partly by the property of Bai Dhunbaiji M. Mehta.

PAYNE AND CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1947.

4102

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION
Suit No. 2109 of 1940

The MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY and another ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

HAJI HASSAM VALLAD KASSAM ..... Defendant

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale, dated the 11th day of December, 1942 and the Judge's Order, dated the 23rd day of August, 1946, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd July, 1947, 4 p. m. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS

All that piece of land situate at Nizam Street, Bombay, admeasuring 82 square yards or thereabouts bearing New Survey No. 940 Cadastral Survey No. 3454 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C Ward No. 6446 and Street No. 63.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Mr. Manbhoy B. Maniar Attorney for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Improvement Trust Building, Napier Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 24th day of April, 1947.

(Sd.) A. H. KIRTIKAR,
Commissioner.

(4084)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL COMPANY, LIMITED
NOTICE

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Monday, the 28th July, to Tuesday, the 26th August, 1947, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
TATA INDUSTRIES, LIMITED,
Managing Agents.
A. R. DALAL,
Director.

Bombay, 20th June, 1947.

4098

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. RAMKRISHNA HARI BHADKAMKAR, SADASHIV KESHAV BHAVE and SHIVRAM VISHNU MODAK, all of Poona Hindu Inhabitants have agreed to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned property.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Examiner Press Building, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax Tenure situate, lying and being at Charni Road, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 915 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 3417 and 1|3417, New Survey Nos. D 8043 and 1C 8043 and Cadastral City Survey No. 1462 of Girgaum Division together with the messuages tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon known as Goregaoker Buildings Chawl No. 6 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 1187, 1188 and Old Street Nos. 6 and 7 and New Street Nos. 16 and 7 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Jamshedji Pestonji Mistry, on or towards the West by the property of Khatao Makanji, on or towards the North by the property of Sir Jagmohandas and on or towards the South partly by the common passage and beyond that by the property of Krishnarao Harischandra Goregaoker and another and partly by the property of the Bombay Panjarapole Committee.

Dated this 20th day of June, 1947.

B. G. PANDIT & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.

(4089)

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS of Fabricated rope Ferrous scrap, Wire and Cable scrap, Accumulators scrap, lamps, valves, Glasses, etc., at 305 N.U.R.A.F. Sub Depot, Sion, near Silk Mills about 400 Yds. from Sion Rly. Station at 10 A.M. (S.T.) under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25 per cent deposit, balance in 7 days, delivery in 21 days otherwise money and goods will be forfeited.

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BONA FIDE SALE.

SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), the 22nd June, 1947, at 10-30 a.m. (S. T.) at High Trees, 28 Palli Hill, Bandra.

As previously advertised the sale of furniture and other articles belonging to R.A. Das Esq. will take place as stated above.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Fort.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TOMORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A. M. Property of M. Robertson Esqr. and others at Chawpatty sea face near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture Austrian and other safe, steel almirah, Singer machine, typewriter, Eng. G.E.C. 5 Val A.C. D.C. Radio dining writing and dressing table, chairs show case, chesterfield, Vono mattress bed, almirah, gramophone etc. (sales tax) T. 40213.

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Health, Wealth, Journey etc., Lucky numbers, days, by monthly details 1 year Rs. 5. Weekly Rs. 15 Five questions Rs. 2. V. P. As. 5 States sex age and writing time Hanuman Jothisha Ashrama, Tirutani S. India.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

England To Meet South Africa At Lord's To-day

BY J. C. MAITRA

The Second Test match between England and South Africa will begin at Lord's today. England's selectors have made three changes in the team which did service for them in the first match of the series at Trent Bridge. Wright, Pope and Barnett have replaced Martin, Cook and Dollery. As the new-comers have shown very good form recently, they are expected to render better service than the discarded ones.

It is hardly likely that the visitors would be allowed to repeat any thing like their show in the first innings at Trent Bridge when they not only put on a record total on their own account but compelled the home team to follow-on after a miserable batting performance.

INTERESTING FIGHT AHEAD

The position was completely changed however in the second innings—particularly by the heroic efforts of Norman Yardley, the skipper, Denis Compton and T. G. Evans. And the match ended in a draw. Encouraged by the success they had in their critical venture, the Spring-boks are sure to make a bold bid to win the second match outright. Much depends on the weather and the toss—apart from the ability of the players to do their best. If Yardley beats Melville in the spin of the coin, the chances are that he would manage to beat him and his men in the field also. If it works adversely, he would have to use all his resources most efficiently to gain that result. In any case, the match is bound to create a good deal of interest in England and abroad.

ASSOCIATION OF SOCCER REFEREES

The whistling fraternity are to out to form an association of their own again. They had done it several times before. But the W.I.F.A. Committee saw to it that it never functioned independently. They interfered with their appointments on most important occasions with the result that the referees as a body were dissatisfied. Unfortunately for them they had no solidarity in their ranks. So the authorities could browbeat them into submission. Really speaking the relation between the two bodies should be one of co-operation and co-ordination and not of dictation and compulsion. If the new body and the Cooperage rulers can bring about that consummation the standard of supervision of the game is sure to improve in the future.

WIMBLEDON CHAMPIONSHIPS

All the eyes of the lawn tennis world will be directed towards Wimbledon, from Monday next when the World Championships will commence at the Mecca of the game. The leading stars from most of the tennis playing countries will be assembled there, the notable absentee being Pauline Betz of U.S.A. who won the women's singles last year. India will be represented in the tournament by the five stalwarts who figured in the Davis Cup for her. It will be the height of optimism to expect even Sumant Misra, our Ace, to reach the final stages of any of the events. We will however know from their performances where India stands today in the tennis world.

Plea For Tolerance, Fairness And Sagacity

Mullaji Saheb Hopes Pakistan And Hindustan Together Will Be Invincible Force For Good Of World

BOMBAY, June 20 (O.P.I.): Appealing to both Hindus and Mussalmans of India to make compromise and to give up the idea of warfare, His Holiness Sardar Syedna Tahir Saifuddin the Mullaji Sahib of the Dawoodi Community in a statement to the press says:

"Now that the Indian political deadlock has been happily resolved and the outlines of the two Independent Sovereign States of Pakistan and Hindustan are clearly discernible on the horizon I earnestly hope that the unfortunate period of strife which had disturbed the atmosphere of our country is now finally over and that there will be established once again peace, cordiality and goodwill throughout the country. The New Plan has come as a successful and proud culmination of all that heroic struggle for freedom in which our people have been engaged for several years. It is also a tribute to the statesmanship of our political leaders and liberalism of His Majesty's Government and the present Viceroy H. E. Lord Mountbatten of Burma.

PLEA FOR TOLERANCE

Continuing he says: "It behoves the citizens of both Pakistan and Hindustan to cultivate and maintain the friendliest of relations with each other. Minorities in these areas must shed their fears of majority rule. Government in both the States should follow a sagacious policy of tolerance, fairness and justice towards every section of their population. It is wrong to imagine that there must necessarily arise commercial or cultural barriers between the two States because they are independent. On the contrary in the atmosphere of independence there may be greater impetus to the free flow of trade and a greater eagerness for the multiplication of cultural contacts. One can imagine any number of persons creating for themselves firms and trading centres both in Pakistan and Hindustan and they will certainly serve as strongest bridge of harmony and prosperity.

"The spirit of compromise" His Holiness continued," in which leaders of the great parties holding diametrically opposite views are now reported to be sitting together and working for settling the details of partition is highly commendable and admirable and I wish and pray that the same spirit of accommodation and large-heartedness and wide sympathy pervades the whole body of citizens of both Pakistan and Hindustan.

INDIAN STATES

"Rulers of Indian States and their subjects must try to solve their problems with a sense of historical values and requirements of contemporary times. A spirit of forebearance and fairness is very essential to arrive at a solution that will satisfy all the parties. The subjects of all states should bear in mind that their rulers are Indians and not aliens—rulers also must assimilate the liberal and democratic spirit.

Concluding, His Holiness observed, "I have no doubt that the destiny of Pakistan and Hindustan will be to work and live in mutual co-operation and harmony; as friendly neighbours standing at all times with and by each other they will be an invincible force for the good of the whole world."

POST-WAR GERMANY IS "GIANT DIVORCE MILL"

MUNICH, June 18 (A.P.A.): The war end turned Germany into a giant divorce mill and it seems nothing may stop the skyrocketing rate of breaking marriages.

Munich, a metropolitan city surrounded by lush farmland, is typical of the entire country's disrupted family life situation, officials said recently.

Here before the war the rate of divorce was about 1,800 a year. During the combat, it rose to about 2,000. As soon as civil courts reopened in 1946, the rate jumped to 4,000. So far this year 1,597 marriages have been dissolved and there will be 6,000 or more before year's end.

The most common reasons the Germans give, says Dr. Friedrich Welch, Chief Attorney in Bavaria, is (a) refusal on the part of one mate to cohabit and (b) three years separation.

In cases as simple as this, the divorce goes through in two months. The complicated ones have to wait.

"We can't bother with them now". Dr. Welsch complained. "Maybe in a year or two, it will be different, but now the lack of judges is so bad that we can work only on those cases that can be solved quickly."

An even high rate is anticipated when all German prisoners of war are returned. Dr. Eugene Schmeer, President of the Munich Civil Courts explained:

"During the war, marriage was very easily entered into and the participants did not really know each other well. Maybe they met when he was on furlough then he returned to the front lines. Now he is back and they find they can't live together."

Most of those seeking divorce now are war brides and grooms. In the Germany of wartime, it seemed so much easier to be wed—more Government support for the wife, more leaves for the husband. Now all has changed.

The ex-soldier is lucky if he can get work. More often the wife has to work to support both of them.

These women have found, too, that they were able to get along pretty well without friend husband. With the food and housing shortage now, he's a fiuisance.

The German officials found another side of the story in a number of divorce cases on record.

The husband came home and finds his shoes filled. His wife has a boy friend.

Under new divorce laws passed by the Bavarian legislature, no longer is failure to produce children a reason for absolute divorce. The Nazis used this as an excuse to get rid of a wife for someone younger and that suited Hitler in his demands for more cannon fodder.

Dr. Welsch said he hoped the wave of broken marriages would subside next year as normal living again becomes the mainstay of the nation."

Suit For Injunction

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee)

Filmistan Ltd. .. Plaintiffs.

vs.

Sahadev N. Desai .. Defendant.

The plaintiffs had employed the defendant as an official in the setting department under an agreement of service which contained a covenant against with serving with any other company in the same business during the term of his service. The plaintiffs contended that the defendant wrongfully absented himself from duty from 10th February, 1947, on the pretext that he was will ill but that in reality he was really working in another studio at Worli. The plaintiffs therefore filed this suit for an injunction restraining him from doing so during the period of service.

The defendant denied all these allegations and counterclaimed to have the agreement set aside.

Counsel for the plaintiffs had just opened the case when the court rose for the day.

Mr. M. J. Mistree instructed by Messrs. Merwanji Kola & Co., appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr. H. M. Seervai instructed by Messrs. Dabholkar and Jeshtaram appeared for the defendant.

U. S. CAMPAIGN TO STAGE 1952 OLYMPIC GAMES

By STEVE SNIDER

NEW YORK (U.P.A.): An all-out campaign to bring the 1952 Olympic Games to the United States has gathered force with four major cities in the running.

Representatives from Detroit, Los Angeles Philadelphia, and Minneapolis already have conferred with President Avery Brundage of the American Olympic Association, outlining their plans and capability to handle the vast promotion.

Only Detroit's bid was approved by the Olympic Committee but a spokesman indicated that did not mean detroit had the inside track.

"Several bids could be approved", the spokesman said, "The endorsement merely means that city has the facilities to stage the games."

Mayor Fletcher Bowron of Los Angeles met Brundage at New York and planned to join other Los Angeles' officials overseas in an effort to return the Olympics to the California site of the 1932 Olympiad. The city appropriated $10,000 to send its representatives abroad.

Although the U. S. isn't due to play Olympic host so soon—only the Berlin Games were held since the 1932 Olympics at Los Angeles—chances were considered bright because of the attractiveness of facilities all four cities could offer.

Britain, short of food and housing, already is feeling the strain of preparing for thousands of contestants in 1948.

VIOLATION ON AMATEUR SPIRIT

Brundage, meanwhile, is in London for behind-the-scenes fight against "broken time" payments to provide reimbursements to athletes for time lost from their jobs, a little known issue in the United States but a hot potato overseas.

The United States is "aganst it", as a violation of the true Olympic amateur spirit. So is France. Britain is wavering. The Scandinavian countries, led by Sweden, want broken time payment and Russia hasn't said a thing but was expected to join Sweden.

A session of the International Amateur Athletic Federation at London will settle the issue for all international competition other than the Olympics and the International Olympic Association was expected to decide on it later.

If passed by the Olympic Committee, payments probably would be awarded to contestants in the 1948 games at London.

"If the Scandinavians are successful in their campaign for broken time, I see nothing but disaster for international sports". Brundage said.

"What honour or glory can come to a country represented by paid athletes? The whole structure of amateur sport, on which so much time has been spent, will crash.

"Of course, eventually, the amateurs would get together and reorganise, leaving the paid athletes to compete among themselves.

Plea For Abolition Of Sales Tax

"The consensus of opinion among the commercial community is that both on the grounds of financial needs of the Presidency and of the difficulties inherent in working the scheme the case in favour of abolishing the Sales Tax altogether continues to be overwhelming", observe the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, in a memorandum to the Government of Bombay on the report of the Bombay Sales Tax Inquiry Committee.

In regard to the recommendation that the powers for inspecting accounts for entering and searching business premises and for seizure and retention of account books should be delegated only to highly placed officers above a particular cadre, the Committee point out that this is not a sufficient safeguard for eliminating the abuse of these powers and suggest their total elimination.

Sentenced For Profiteering

Mr. V. K. Muranjan sentenced Ashraf Khan Nawroj Khan, keeper of a hotel at Colaba and Mohomed Ali, his servant, to various terms of imprisonment, when found guilty of charge of profiteering.

It was alleged that the accused sold match boxes valued at 6 annas at higher rates in contravention of control order.

The first accused was sentenced to Rs. 750 fine and 4 months' simple imprisonment and the second accused to Rs. 250 fine and three months' simple imprisonment.

FRONTIER MAIL'S HALT AT BASSEIN STATION

A meeting of the Agriculturists of Bassein was held on Sunday at Holibhat Market, Bassein under the Presidentship of Prof. E. P. Coelho to devise ways and means to move the B.B. & C.I. Railway authorities to restore the halt of the 3Dn Frontier Mail at Bassein Road Station to take the luggage van containing packages of betel leaves. The halt has been cancelled by the railway authorities from 1st July, 1946, and as the result of this the prices of the betel-leaves have fallen by 75% to 80%.

The meeting passed a resolution recording disapproval of the steps taken by the railway authorities and appointed a committee to see the railway authorities concerned in deputation. It must be noted that the Frontier Mail continued to make a halt at the Bassein Road station for the last 25 years and even during the war times when demands on the luggage vans were very heavy the halt was maintained in the interest of the agriculturists.

American Liberals Extol Attlee For Help To Indian Independence

WASHINGTON, June 18 (U.P.A.): The liberal political organization called "Americans for Democratic Action" today announced that 129 prominent persons from many fields of U. S. life have cabled Prime Minister Clement Attlee to praise his Government "for setting a new standard of democratic statesmanship in helping to bring about India's independence".

The announcement said that free men all over the world will carefully watch for centuries the events now being recorde in India.

Through he democratic processes compromise and mutual understanding.....steps are underway toward a solution of the infinitely complex political problems of that great co. nt."

The cable s u that no one in reason could expect Indian freedom to emerge without great difficulty yet the present beginning is a moral victory almost without parallel for the conscience of the democratic world.

The signers of the cable included numerous members of Congress, labour leaders, churchmen, authors, actors, economists, scientists and professors.

Some of the better known signers included Albert Einstein, Franklin Roosevelt Jr., William Green and Philip Murray heads of the two largest labour union combines, Harold Urey, Nobel Prize chemist, Howard Lindsay, playwright and producer, Carl van Doren, author A. M. Schlesinger, Jr., Pulitzer Prize historian, Bishop G. Bromley Oxham of New York, Joseph E. Davis and John Winant, former Ambassadors to Moscow and London, Paul Douglas, Chicago University Economic Senators John Sparkman Harley M. Kilgore and Members of Congress Emily Taft Douglas, Adolf J Sabbath, Walter K. Granger John A. Baltnick, William T Byrne, Herman P Eberharter, John A Carroll and Arthur G Klein.

Old Man Of 60 Marries Girl Of 14

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, June 19

An unusual marriage is reported from Sukkarpur where an old man aged 60 years with a number of sons and daughters-in-law has married a girl of 14 years. This marriage is stated to have been arranged by the 'Buddha Mandal'.

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I'VE SHED MY TEARS
BY
D. F. KARAKA

D. F. Karaka needs no introduction. He has given us in the past, I GO WEST, OUT OF DUST, WE NEVER DIE, THIS INDIA, CHUNGKING DIARY, WITH THE 14th ARMY, NEW YORK WITH ITS PANTS DOWN and many other books which have run into several impressions. With I'VE SHED MY TEARS, Karaka makes his first appearance in the U.S.A. The Virginia Kirkus Bookshop Service, the leading American service of its kind, said about I'VE SHED MY TEARS:—

"A powerful and important book presenting the New India with its new values, new direction and strength. No study in philosophy nor mysticism, this is a hard-hitting, factual story by a newspaperman of the awakening of 400 million people, a story of the unbelievable poverty, of how Gandhi became their voice, and "INDIA FOR THE INDIANS" their cry. As a young journalist, Oxford-trained, Karaka covered Indian politics; during the war he travelled through the Middle East, Europe and the United States. Through the years he has attended meetings of the Congress party, talkes with leaders, and gives revealing sketches of not only Gandhi, but Nehru Bose, Gaffar Khan, Jinnah whom he thinks personally ambitious. Himself a Parsi, he managed to keep an objective viewpoint and reports what he sees and knows. He admits the barriers to freedom because of ignorance, superstition clash between Hindus and Moslems. He describes the choice India was forced to make between helping those oppressed by the Fascists—or helping the hated British, who practised barbarism on the Indians equal to what the Nazis were doing in Germany. The Indians retaliated by putting to use information they picked up over BBC, blowing up bridges, making bombs. Karaka tells the inside story of the tragical Bengal famine of 1943. But not all of his book is diatribe against the British. He writes delightfully of his family, of the emancipation of Indian women the 'lost generation of Indians,' the physical, religious, temperamental differences between Moslems and Hindus, and gives a frank appraisal of the Congress. Fascinating reading and one every informed American should read for better understanding."

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Bevin Blames Russia For European Tangle

Urges Speeding Up Of Marshall Plan For Human Rights

LONDON, JUNE 20.

THAT THE BEGINNING OF ALL THE TROUBLE IN EUROPE WAS RUSSIA, WAS THE VIEW EXPRESSED BY MR. BEVIN IN THE COURSE OF THE DEBATE WHICH THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT HELD OVER THE MARSHALL PLAN

DEEP AND SINCERE APPLAUSE GREETED THE END OF MR. BEVIN'S SPEECH WHEN IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS WINDING THE FOREIGN AFFAIR DEBATE HE DECLARED THAT THE GUIDING PRINCIPLE HE WOULD FOLLOW IN ANY TALKS ON THE MARSHALL PROPOSALS WOULD BE SPEED.

BEGINNING OF TROUBLE.

Mr. D. N. Pritt, Independent Labour Member and Chairman of the Society for Cultural Relations with the USSR defended the withholding or documents affecting events in Hungary.

He asked what would have happened if the British had been prosecuting some dangerous Nazi in the British zone and the Soviet Union, assuming it had the right, asked to see the documents.

The very least the British would have said was: "Well, these documents are in the middle of a trial and we are busy prosecuting on these documents. You are not going to get them until we have completed the trial."

Mr. Peter Thorneycroft, one of the leaders of the group of younger Conservatives known as the Tory Reform Committee, which aims at reforming the Conservative Party, said, "Do not let us have any false illusions that our relations with foreign powers are going to be decided according to what political party happens to be in power in this country.

"There is nothing in common that I can see between the outlook of Communist Party in Russia and the overwhelming majority of the Socialist Party in this country.

"In my view we cannot wait longer upon Russian agreement. Do not let us be deterred from going on in our own way in building as larger a free world as we can."

There was a clash of views between to Labour members who formed part of the British Parliamentary Delegation to Hungary last year. Mr. Stanley Evans said it became clear that the governing element in the Soviet hierarchy had no faith in permanent peace or even prolonged peace. Consequently they were basing their policies on textbooks of Ghengiz Khan. Out of the mountain of misery in Europe, Russia hoped to secure for her "political marionettes" keys of power.

Mr. John Haire who headed the Delegation charged Evans with making a right-wing speech at a time when the Foreign Secretary had invited M. Molotov to join in a second chance. The situation in Hungary had not changed so much as to justify that speech.

Mr. Henry Strauss (Conservative) said it was no use blinding oneself to the fact that continuous Russian and Communist aggression was obliterating freedom in the British sense, in country after country. Communism has to be met by real belief in freedom.

Mr. Phillip Piratin, one of the two Communist members of the House, thought the Marshall plan the most important aspect of foreign affairs just now. Declaring that it seemed that home members had already made up their minds that the Soviet Union would refuse to participate, he asked why should the Soviet Union refuse? The Soviet Union needed help as much as anyone and would only refuse if there were political discriminations and economic provisos.

GO FORWARD.

Mr. Robert Boothby (Conservative) referring to the Marshall plan, declared, "I say to the Government, go forward with courage and determination and prove now, as you proved, I think, in the case of India, that Great Britain can still dare to be great."

Mr. Boothby, who often takes a strongly independent line from his party, regretted the invitation sent at this stage to M. Molotov in the belief that it was premature.

"I believe we shall never come to terms with the Soviet Union until a United States of western Europe has been created. Nothing less than that" he declared. He hoped that if the invitation was accepted the meeting place would not be Munich.

Mr. Bevin, winding up "Foreign Affairs debate, said he had been asked particularly by Communist, Mr. Phillip Piratin about the division of Europe. Would there be political conditions?

"May I remind him with emphasis that beginning of all that trouble is Russia. It was not Great Britain. It was not the United States. The proposal that special arrangement should be made for neighbouring countries in the discussions of the treaties was made by Soviet Russia. I pleaded with them, urged them in the interest of the world that that policy should not be followed

"Therefore might I suggest before they lecture me on the division of Europe why not ask their own friends why they have been dividing Europe.

"No one has accused me since being in office of taking one single step to divide Europe.

"In fact I sat for nearly six weeks in Moscow to try to get economic unity of Germany so that when you produce it you can weave it into the economic unity of Europe. I failed to get satisfactory answer or agreement".

Of the Marshall proposals, Mr. Bevin said: "I grabbed them with both hands"

Replying to suggestions that this business ought to have been organised before, Mr. Bevin asked what could he organise it with. He had neither coal nor goods nor credit. He had not one ton of coal to ship to western Europe to help to rehabilitate it.

So when Mr. Marshall came along at Harvard and said he was willing to consider a European plan he felt it was the first chance they had been given since the end of the war to look at European economy as a whole.

Amid cheers, Mr. Bevin declared that the guiding principle he would follow in any talks on the Marshall proposals would be speed.

To further cheers he declared "I spend six weeks in Moscow trying to get a settlement and I shall not be a party to holding up the economic recovery of Europe by finesse of procedure, terms of reference or all that paraphernalia that may go with it. That is too much involved.'

Popular indignation at the time of the Tolpuddle martyrs and the many other great labour upheavals had established liberty of the individuals in Britain for all time, he declared.

"When you strip all these things which produce differences from political ideologies and you get down to the masses, what do they want? They want to live to be free; to have social justice; individual security, to be able to go home and turn the key in the lock and not to be troubled by a secret police.

"I find no difference in the hopes of fathers and the loves of mothers for their children. Whatever country you may be born in, they croon over the babies in the same old way

"They have the same dreams and aspirations. Why not let them live. Why set them at each others throats. That is the basis of my approach to the problems of a war-scarred Europe and the world."

Mr. Bevin then turned to Hungary. "I do not know whether it is worth while going into great detail on this matter, what I do say is this: "If there is to be a conflict between the ideologies I shall regret it. If it is forced upon us we must face it."

He did not believe the western world would in the long run be the sufferers if it was forced because he was convinced that if there was a desire to interfere with the expression and all the other indefinable things which went to make up the soul of man, it would fail again (cheers).

"I know the theoriticians. I have read all of them." (Laughter). "In the end when I have read them and studied them I rely on the awkward squad who don't obey them".

Mr. Bevin said he had tried honestly and earnestly to get the facts about the situation in Hungary. "I did not adopt an aggressive attitude and I did not know whether Soviet Russia was in it or not except from what I read in the press".

I think it was a perfectly proper thing, as far as the public was concerned, that as the press information was that the actual communications had gone from the Soviet Commander-in-Chief to the Hungarian Government that I should have a copy. Was there anything unreasonable in that? (shouts of "no").

Mr. Bevin added, 'Supposing the position had been revealed and the Soviet Government had come to me and said would you let me have a copy of this communication? I should not have hesitated, and if you are doing right why should you worry?

Therefore it was with great regret to me when our Ambassador saw M. Molotov and he got very annoyed and made counter charges against Great Britain, to which, I may say, I have grown very accustomed.

"I have never, as Foreign Secretary, interfered with the Hungarian Government in a single matter. When that election took place and the Government was set up I think everyone who has been to Hungary will agree with me, we sent one of the best representatives of the Foreign Office there and he has carried out his duties in a perfectly proper manner."

Referring again to Soviet attitude Mr. Bevin said, "I am a little concerned at people who are anxious to defend this action We have lived through all this before—Poland, Hungary, Rumania, Bulgaria. Why blind our eyes? Really, you know, we ought not to make excuses for this because it is better to be frank and honest and when people know that you understand what they are doing, they are less likely to do it next time. I am under no elusion about it all.

"The difficulty in negotiation with this kind of thing is this. When I mee an ambassador I assume he has been sent on the instruction of his Government, or, if I go into conference, I go to discuss the policy of that Government. But when that is coupled underneath with a kind of political ideology which they want to pursue at the same time, then, believe me, agreement is almost impossible. It is really extremely difficult to deal with that kind of mentality".

Mr. Bevin said he was convinced that there was a determination to wipe out the opposition in those countries.

Bernard Shaw, said Mr. Bevin once said "if we all agreed we should all be sane but if we were all sane we would be all mad". Mr. Bevin commented, "If you cannot get criticism expressed then it is a very poor state indeed and I am against a one party state.

"I have always been against it. It is developing over a very wide area in Eastern Europe, not by desire. If it came about by desire or opinion I would say nothing about it but force—then I think it is a wrong approach to the whole problem.

"In Greece we all know, and why disguise it, that a lift of the finger could stop the civil war tomorrow. Communists are carrying on a policy there of disruption that poor little country which it thinks is a tragedy.

"Therefore, if only the tip was given that it had to stop. Greece could settle down and carry out her own political emergency without interference. I am as certain of it as I stand here.

"Why should Mr. Pritt with his great legal ability, conjure up a case as he was done today? He really knows better and he has a better human outlook than his speech represents, that I know".

Mr. Pritt: "I have not said a word about Greece".

Mr. Bevin: "No but you said a great deal about the defence of those tactics that have gone on in those eastern countries and you have made a great case for the defence. I don't believe you mean one word" (applause and laughter).

Mr. Pritt: "I have stood for what I have believed in for years. I have stood for the Labour Party for 30 years. I have suffered for my opinions. But I have never been called a liar before."

Mr. Bevin: "I did not call you a liar. I used perfect court language. I can't believe it of you that you were firmly convinced of what you said this afternoon. Therefore, without going through all the difficult cases of all those countries, I pleaded for the cessation, in the interest of the unity of Europe of this kind of persecution.

"In Spain, I am asked to intervene every day. I think it is right for me to intervene. I hate and detest what is going on there. But political persecution is political persecution wherever it rears its head, either from one side or the other, then I do feel that is the duty of democrats to stand by the persecuted and if people are expressing their views then they ought not to go to prison.

Opinion ought not to be called conspiracy. If I had to go into goal for conspiracy, I would never have been out." (laughter)

"I do not mind criticism at all, I never object to it and people must not object when I answer it (applause). What 'does the world want?. I must confess in this debate today there has been one slight disappointing feature. I have been a little dispirited to find a certain readiness to defend political persecution.

"This defence of political persecution comes strangely to my ears because the party I present today. After all, emerged from days of political oppression and persecution. We have had our Tolpuddle martyrs and they were victims of an unfair trial. They were victims of persecution; they were victims of torture. I am glad, in this country we have long left behind the days when the Minister of Interior or the Home Secretary can interfere with a process of free trial." (Applause).

"I want that to apply to every country in the world That is what I mean by human rights."

ALLIED CONTROL COMMISSION MEETS IN BUDAPEST

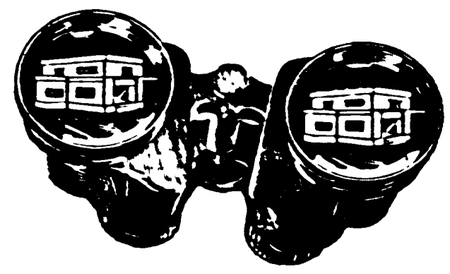
BUDAPEST, June 18 (A.P.A.): The Allied Control Commission will meet in Budapest today in what was expected to be one of the hottest sessions in its two-year history.

Today's meeting is the first since the recent American-Russian exchange of strongly worded notes concerning the political situation in Hungary.

Topics on the agenda were:

1. Depositions which the Russians said they took from Bela Kovacs, former secretary-general of the Smallholders Party, and which the Russians said implicated former Prime Minister Ference Nagy and former Speaker of the House Bela Varga in a plot to overthrow the Hungarian republic.

2. American inspections of the Hungarian army. Colonel John H. Stokes, executive officer of the U. S. military mission, was told by Russian Lt. Gen. V. P. Sviridov, acting chairman of the A.C.C., that he could not inspect a division of the Hungarian army. This led to some speculation in American circles that the Russians were training Hungarian troops.



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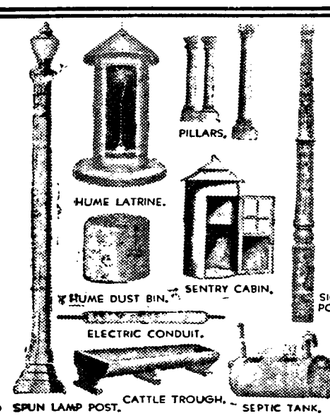

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FUTURE OF INDIAN ARMY

All-Round Improvement In Conditions Of Service Sure To Attract Intelligent And Patriotic Men Into It

BY "BEFRANKE"

The Indian Army is being nationalised at a tremendons speed. Young officers who were commissioned for the emergency and during the fag-end of the war are being promoted to responsible posts by virtue of seniority. These officers have amply justified the dictum that given opportunity anybody can make a good officer and they have thus exploded the superstition that blue-blood is necessary concomitant to leadership and valour. But higher strategy and tactics require a ripe experience which comes after sharing in the vicissitudes of severa operations. Officers in the adminis-trative services also require schooling in adversity. The nation or nations will, therefore, be let down if these young officers, who have occupied superior position, not because they richly deserve it by their experience and merit, but because the British are going and somebody should step into their shoes, should allow them selves to degenerate through excessive indulgence made easy by their unexpected wages and rise in social status. There are signs that this is happening and we hope those senior British officers who have remained with us long and who have lovingly agreed to remain with us would see that efficiency does not fall off.

Complaisant people might cite instances wherein during the Indian war of Independence 1857 our nation produced matchless warriors whose strategy and staff work was unexampled. This is just patting one's back and telling we had 'Pushpakavimana' before the coming of the aeroplane. Desperate times produce a handful of highly successful men, but in normal times ordinary men have to be sharpened into efficiency by a gradual process. All the Great Generals of recent times were insignificant subalterns. It is the method and process of the Army that moulded them to become great.

The future Government or Governments should immediately arrange for special training of officers with the armies of other nations. As future wars will be on the basis of combined operations, any officer wishing to be promoted above the rank of a Lieut-Colonel should have done three years in Air and three years in sea success fully.

Study Of History Essential

It is a regretful fact that most of the officers are not students of History To be frank, many do not speak or write correct English. I am not contending that a high knowledge of English is essential to be a military officer. But this is the only way through which they would be able to learn the war histories of nations for sometime to come. A drive to make them study history in the correct perspective from military, political and economic stand-points would make them abler officers.

Owing to the fact that officers in the peace-time Army were found from aristocracy, there is still some sort of high-browedness lingering in the Army. With all its knowing the men thoroughly there are distinctions of a caste system based on ranks. In spite of the fact the war has picked up eminent officers from several stands of society, the high-browedness of artistocracy might still linger with its walls of 'ranks,' impeding a perfect understanding between officers and men. This aloofness has been the cause of many an avoidable mischief that brews in the lines. The sooner this evil is eliminated the better it would be for the Army.

A soldier is suffering from various disabilities. In this connection Lord Mountbatten's pronoucements that the soldier should be allowed all the civil liberties were welcomed by the other ranks. Enforcing a life-long discipline,—of permitting to leave the lines with a pass even after duty, of reporting into barracks in time, of restricting his movements—is not necessary to make a good Soldier. Once upon a time when recruitment to the Army was made largely from jail-birds these might have been necessary. But not now. This has been amply proved by the winning of a war purely by an army of men who were civilians on 3rd September 1939. A soldier's emotions should be respected if his morals should be preserved intact and if he is to prove a useful citizen.

Improvement In Service Conditions

Before the facts of the Pay Commission's recommendations are out it is too early to state anything on his pay, pension and concessions. But an all-round improvement would invite intelligent men into the army, whom patriotism has been keeping away. The released soldier is spreading his discontent generally in the public. What he has resented but could not express while in service, he is circulating freely, especially when he finds nothing to do after release. The sure way of making Indian Army service popular without resorting to conscription is to ameliorate the conditions of service. I do not contend that a soldier should be allowed to drift into luxury, but he should be allowed the ordinary way of life to which a man is entitled

Let Us Be Proud Of Our Army

Let us be proud of our future Army. Let these young officers whom an emergency has tested and placed in high positions, strive hard for military knowledge instead of finding ways and means of spending money. Their one aim should be to take a march over all the nations, who are now two hundred years ahead of us. They should study histories of nations and campaigns and should fill their heads with minute knowledge of everything in these mobile days. Every moment they walk a street, they travel in a train, they look on a prospect, a sea, a hill, a forest, let them think how they can carry on a defence and an offence with the minimum of resources in that region. The engineer, the doctor and every one will have his own problem and such of those who want to make, the Army their living let them realise that in times of emergency they will be the nucleus out of which disastrous forces may have to be created. This they can do only by striving to place themselves on the pinnacles of knowledge of Military Science. Promotions might come as a routine and let them not be fooled into the idea that promotions bring with them efficiency, on the contrary the reverse may be the case.

Let God bless the Future Army. Invincible should be her name!

HOUSING PROBLEM IN POST-WAR BRITAIN

Reuter (By Air Mail)

Today, more than two years after the final crash of Nazi Germany, Britain's No. 1 social problem is housing. Millions of men, women and children are still living in inadequate, substandard dwellings.

The recent acknowledgement by Mr. Aneurin Bevan, Minister of Health, that the Government had to abandon the 1947 target of 240,000 completed houses was a stinging blow to everyone.

Unofficial observers now believe that another five years will elapse before the first post-war objective of a separate dwelling for every British family is achieved.

After that, at least another 4,000,000 homes will have to be built under a long-range rehousing and slum demolition plan before the whole nation can be described as well housed.

The timber problem is aggravated by a vicious circle established by the fact that until Great Britain can resume substantial coal exports to Sweden, the Swedes have to transfer labour from the production of Sawn timber to the preparation of wood fuel.

Most observers agree that there is little hope of a significant improvement in output until the supply of materials and components is a little ahead, instead of a good way behind, the amount of work in hand.

Private enterprise claims that, if given a higher proportion of the labour and materials, it could produce houses more quickly and cheaply for the public than local authorities. It is true that private enterprise got away to a better start immediately after the war, and that houses were more quickly completed under licence than under local authority schemes.

On the other hand, it is argued that private enterprise is only more popular with builders because it provides greater opportunities for higher profits and would result in a higher proportion of more costly houses for sale when the primary need is for houses to let at low rents.

British home-seekers can find a crumb of comfort in the fact that Government controls have kept the cost of new homes much below the level at which existing homes with immediate right of entry are being sold today. Even so, the cost of new homes has risen by more than 100 per cent, while existing homes are changing hands at prices up to 300 per cent higher than those ruling in 1939.

All controls create their own black market, but the black-market in houses for letting is probably not a grave one in England.

Road-Side Sutta Betting Alleged

Iswardas Rikiram was arrested on Thursday on a charge of road-side sutta betting. The accused was arrested on Borah Bazar Street. It was alleged that as he was approached he threw away certain chits and on search he was found possessing money.

Mr. G. K. Rege Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, ordered the accused to be released on bail.

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* The Indian Tea Market Expansion Board are issuing a number of pamphlets on the subject of Factory Canteens. If you are interested, you may be placed on the free mailing list for Canteen literature by applying to the Commissioner for India, Indian Tea Market Expansion Board, 101, Clive St., Post Box 2172, Calcutta.

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The Playwright of "DEEWAR" Writes An Open Letter To The Film Fans

Dear Patrons,

"RENUKA" in not a fiction it's a true Tragedy of the families.

I venture to expose it on the screen and I feel proud if the exposure helps to eradicate the evils Ramdant in Society.

Yours
RAMESH SAIGAL.

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NOW BECOMES
A Great Motion Picture
BOMBAY TALKIES Prize Presentation

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Direction— NITIN BOSE
Music: ANIL BISWAS
Featuring: RANJANA, DILEEP KUMAR, MIRA MISRA, PAHARI SANYAL

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Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p. m.
Matinee on Sat., Sun. 1 p.m.
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RUNNING TO PACKED HOUSES
IMPERIAL

RESTORING TO THE WOMAN
Her Holiest Mission in Life of which Society Deprives Her for no fault of Hers!

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EMOTIONAL SOCIAL SCREENPLAY

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Tomorrow Morning at 10-30 a. m.
WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE'S
"HENRY V"
In TECHNICOLOR, Starring: LAWRENCE OLIVIER

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An exciting love story that will hold you spellbound!

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KAY FRANCIS, WALTER HUSTON and GLORIA WARREN

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Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p. m.
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PAGDANDI
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Songs: D. N. MADHOK

2 SECOND WEEK 2

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Sun. Matinee at 1-15 p.m.
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
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Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
PUNJAB'S Romantic Picture
GUL BALOCH
(In PUNJABI)
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TODAY (SAT. 21st)
TOMORROW (SUN. 22nd)
Morning At 9-30 A. M.
PRITHVIRAJ Presents
PATHAN
Written By
BISMIL PESHAVARI
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OUT OF THE DESPAIR OF A SCULPTOR'S LOVE

was born the immortal wonder that later became THE SYMBOL OF AN EMPEROR'S LOVE

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SAIGAL, BAGINI & others
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
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Shahjehan شاہجہان

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CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Shud 3, 2003
Muslim: Sabaan 1, 1366
Parsi: Deh 21, 1316
Sunrise: 6-02 a.m. Sunset: 7-19 p.m.
Hightide: 01-13 14-12 Lowtide: 07-17 20-25.

Today's Engagements

CENTRAL P.W.D. STAFF UNION: Urgent general body meeting to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. at Commerce House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION: Religious discourse on 'Vedanta Philosophy' at Bazargate High School, Fort, at 4 p.m. to-day.

WOMEN'S DISTRESS RELIEF COMMITTEE: Final general meeting at the Seva Sadan Hall at 4-30 p.m. to-day.

CHURCH SERVICES: Taylor Memorial Methodist Church, Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay, Sunday, June 22, at 10-15 a.m. Dr. E. Stanley Jones will preach.

SUBURBAN MUSIC CIRCLE: A concert of vocal music by Mr. Sharatchandra Arolkar in Vimalanand Koppikar Hall, Saraswat Colony, Santa Cruz, at 10 p.m. to-day.

CHARUTAR VIDYAMANDAL: Opening of Vithalbhai Patel College and inaugural address by Justice M. C. Chagla at Vallabh Vidyanagar at 6 p.m. to-day.

SHRI TATVADNYAN MANDAL:—Mr. Sadgurudas Kagalkar will speak on "Dharmachintanya" at 9-15 a.m. tomorrow at Shri Vithal Mandir Vaidyawadi, Thakurdwar Road.

MALAYALEE CHRISTIAN CO-OPERATIVE HOUSING SOCIETY: Public meeting of the Malayalee Christians tomorrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m. at Podda: College Hall-Matunga.

THE SOCIALIST PARTY: Public meeting at 8-30 p.m. to-day at Napoo Gardens, Matunga, to support the struggle of the people of Travancore for freedom. Sri Purshottam Trikamdas will preside.

EAST INDIA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE: First Session of the Conference of the Bullion Associations of the Bombay Province at Anand Bhuvan, Vithalbhai Patel Road at 5 p.m. to-day.

PIECEGOODS & YARN MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATIONS:: Annual general meeting at 11-30 a.m. to-day in the hall of the Indian Merchants Chamber, under the presidentship of Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji.

TEACHERS' DEMAND DAY: A meeting of the Assistant Secondary Teachers to observe the Teachers' Demands Day at 5-30 p.m. to-day in the Gujarati Forbes Hall, (near Congress House) Vithalbhai Patel Road.

KERALA YOUTH CONGRESS, BOMBAY: A public meeting will be held at 7 p.m. today (Saturday) at the Khalsa College, Matunga, to accord a reception to Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's Personal Envoy. Mr. Menon will speak on Travancore problem.

KAMALADEVI TO MEET KANNADA WORKERS: Smt. Kamaladevi Chottapadhyaya will meet the representatives of Kannada Associations and workers to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. at Mapia Buildings, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay, to discuss the questions of organisation of constructive activities among Kannada speaking people of Bombay.

GOAN POLITICAL CONFERENCE: Inaugural Session at Sunderbai Hall, Queen's Road at 3 p.m. today. Plenary Session at 9 a.m. tomorrow.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: All the members are requested to be present in full uniform at 1-45 p.m. today (Saturday) at Sunderbai Hall tokeep order in the Goa Congress Political Conference.

THE LATE DR. BAZLUR REHMAN

Principal Ahmed's Tribute

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, June 20.

When the Ismail College of Jogeshwari opened today after the summer vacation, Prof. N. R. Ahmed, the new Principal, addressing the staff and students of the college, feelingly referred to the sad and untimely death of Principal Bazlur Rehman who, he said, wa sa man of high culture, intellectual attainments and of strict discipline. The late Dr. Rehman treated his students as his own children and took the keenest interest in their welfare. Continuing Prof. Ahmed said that he would try his best to emulate Dr. Rehman's example and pleaded for co-operation from the students and the staff. A few professors and students spoke on Dr. Rehman's services to the cause of higher educaotion and for the promotion of Hindu-Muslim unity and offered their fullest co-operation to the new Principal.

A resolution of condolence on the death of Dr. Rehman was also passed.

Jamnadas Mehta Honoured

BOMBAY, Friday.

A silver casket and an address were presented to Mr. Jamnadas Mehta this evening by his admirers and friends to mark the completion of twenty-five years of his membership of the Bombay Municipal Corporation.

Sir Ramuntoola M. Chinoy, who presided over the function which was held in the Corporation Hall praised Mr. Mehta's services to his province and the country and characterised [illegible] as the apostle of Labour.

Other speakers who included Mr. Hall Dean of the L.L.A. Sir S. S. Javle, Mr. A. H. Mirza, Mr. Narayanrao Sadashiv, Mr. M. V. Limaye and Mr. A. Gadre, referred to the part played by Mr. Mehta in shaping the civic affairs of Bombay City.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta made a brief speech in reply and pleaded that Corporators should not be governed by the "edicts of any party" but, instead, "govern themselves."

DEAD BODY FOUND AT CHOWPATTY

BOMBAY, Friday.

The body of a schoolboy aged 12 years, Pandurang Bhikoo Chavan, was found on the beaches near Chowpatty, yesterday afternoon by the Police. It is believed that the cause of death is drowning.

His cousin in a statement to the Police said that the deceased had been in the habit of going to the sea every morning for the last eight days, for the purpose of throwing faded flowers into sea. Yesterday at 10-45 a.m. he went as usual, but failed to return.

RAILWAY & AIR TIMINGS

G.I.P. RAILWAY.

Arrivals at V. T.: Madras Mail 7-25, Allahabad Exp. 8-15, Peshawar Exp 7-45, Calcutta Mail via Nagpur 9-20 Deccan Queen 10-55, Poona Mail 11-45, Madras Exp 13-00, Calcutta Mail via Allahabad 14-45, Punjab Mail 16-00, Nagpur Exp 17-30, Poona Exp 19-30, Poona Fast Pass. 21 55.

Departures: Poona Exp. 8-20, Poona Past Pass. 11-00, Madras Exp. 13-30, Punjab Mail 14-45, Deccan Queen 17-00, Poona Mail 17-10, Calcutta Mail via Nagpur 17-30, Calcutta Mail via Allahabad 20-30, Peshawar Exp. 22-15, Madras Mail 21-45, Nagpur Exp. 22-15, Allahabad Exp 22-45

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY.

Arrivals at B. Central: Ahmedabad Pass. 6-00, Delhi Exp. 7-00, Gujarat Mail 7-45, Rajputana Sind Mail 8-20 Kathiawar Mail 10-00, Frontier Mail 11-30, Ahmedabad Pass. 15-45, Baroda Pass. 19-55 Kathiawar Exp 20-20.

Departures: Kathiawar Exp. 7-35 Baroda Pass. 8-30, Ahmedabad Pass 12-10, Frontier Mail 18-25, Kathiawar Mail 18-50, Rajputana Sind Mail 20-00, Gujerat Mail 20-30, Delhi Exp. 20-45, Ahmedabad Pass. 21-05.

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Departures: Delhi 07-30, 12-45, Ahmedabad 08-00, 12-45, Karachi 08-00, 15-00, Nagpur-Calcutta (Mon., Wed., Fri., Sun.) 07-00, Calcutta, Viking Service (Tue., Thurs., Sat) 07-00, Hyderabad-Madras-Colombo 08-30, Madras Non-stop Service (Sun., Tue., Thurs., Fri., Sat.) 13-15.

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MISTRY AIRWAYS.

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For Baroda and Ahmedabad (Tuesdays and Fridays) 15-00 hrs.

For Rajkot and Morvi (Mondays Thursdays and Saturdays) 06-00 hrs.

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA

Arrivals from Delhi and Gwalior (Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays) 12-30 hrs.

From Lucknow, Cawnpore and Bhopal (Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays) 13-30 hrs.

From Bhuj, Jamnagar and Porbandar (Tuesdays and Thursdays) 15-30 hrs.

From Karachi, Bhuj, Jamnagar and Junagadh (Daily) 18-15 hrs.

Departures for Gwalior & Delhi (Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays) 06-45 hrs.

For Junagadh, Jamnagar Bhuj and Karachi (Daily) 07-00 hrs.

For Porbandar, Jamnagar & Bhuj (Tuesdays & Thursdays) 07-30 hrs.

For Bhopal, Cawnpore & Lucknow (Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays) 07-45 hrs

TO-DAY ON RADIO

June 21, (Saturday)
BOMBAY—1

244 m. (1,231 kc s) 7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Vilayat Khan (Sitar) 8-45 G. N. Joshi 9-0 Jyotsna Bhole (Aswari) 12-0 p.m. Variety Programme (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Goda Gani 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 You asked for it 4-20 R. G. Joshi (Dhanashri) 4-45 M. Siddiq (Jhanasi Malr) 5-0 Asim Khan (Sitar) 5-15 Ba-Huroopi (G) 5-45 Topic of day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 M. Siddiq: Lagdra 6-30 Sushama Divetia (Gujrati Geet (Kolak) 6-45 Bhavgeeten (Kusumagraj) 7-0 R. G. Joshi (Pancham vari kalyan) 7-15 Balashankar Krut Ghazalo 7-30 Replies to listeners' letters (G) 7-40 Raag Marwa on violin 7-45 Filmi Gane 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Sher Khani Recitation of poems from works of Hasrat Mohani by Habib Tanvir 8-45 Five Universities If Socrates were among us: Spirit of Greek Philosophy today: Talk by Prof. J. C. P. D'Andrade 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Vilayat Khan (Sitar) 10-15 Jyotsna Bhole (Shudh Bhatiyan)

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till the morning of 22-6-47: A few light thunder-showers are likely in Telungana and central Hyderabad. Days will continue much hotter than usual over the whole of Hyderabad State.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days:—Rainfall will increase in the Konkanpatti and the Bombay Karnatak.

FIRST LL. B. EXAM. RESULTS

The following candidates have passed the First LL.B. Examination held by the Bombay University in last April, 1947:—

FIRST CLASS (In Order of Merit) NOS.:—914 345 816 708 82 715 21 53 56 665 62 66 81.

SECOND CLASS NOS.:—6 10 14 15 16 18 20 22 25 27 31 38 44 46 48 51 58 59 61 63 64 65 68 70 71 78 79 85 86 89 92 94 97 102 108 110 117 118 119 120 123 126 127 129 131 143 136 274 285 286 287 290 297 299 300 301 309 310 313 316 318 328 340 332 336 340 343 349 351 352 354 364 364 369 378 379 468 476 484 494 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 507 512 519 520 522 613 615 617 620 623 624 643 656 656 658 662 667 668 670 671 677 680 681 682 683 686 689 693 699 703 706 710 713 714 719 726 862 863 865 866 868 871 873 876 881 884 886 886 887 892 893 896 900 902 903 905 912 916 918 920 922 923 929 930 943 944 926 941 943 944 945 951.

PASS NOS.:—121 137 139 142 143 150 151 153 155 157 163 166 168 170 173 174 177 179 183 184 186 187 190 193 195 197 198 199 200 202 204 206 213 214 217 220 221 225 226 230 231 234 241 242 243 244 249 251 252 253 254 255 261 265 266 267 270 271 272 273 390 391 392 393 394 402 406 408 409 410 416 417 430 433 434 439 440 441 443 445 446 447 449 451 452 459 460 461 462 465 467 525 528 532 573 534 535 536 538 540 546 549 552 554 555 556 557 559 561 563 564 565 566 568 573 576 582 583 586 589 592 600 596 601 602 605 609 611 731 733 736 737 738 745 749 755 759 763 766 773 780 785 786 791 794 800 802 804 806 814 818 819 824 835 837 846 848 849 852 853 854 856 866 955 957 959 960 963 966 971 973 974 979 981 983 986 987 990 992.

The following unsuccessful candidates are allowed to keep terms for the Second LL.B Examination:—

NOS.:—245 292 308 428 467 494 142.

The Scholarships Medal and Prize have been awarded as under:—

1. The Kinloch Forbes Gold Medal and Prize to No 845
2. The Nandashankar Parvatishankar Dave Scholarship to No. 726
3. The Sohrab Khorshed Dastur Scholarship to No. 32.

Two Women Arrested

BOMBAY, Friday.

Two women were arrested at the Victoria Terminus Station at 17-30 p.m. on Thursday for alleged theft of a gold bracelet valued at Rs. 350 from a lady passenger.

One of the accused removed it from the arm of the passenger during the rush on a local train, and passed it on to her friend. Both of them, however, were caught by the police and produced before Mr. G. A. Sapre, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, today. They were released on bail.

Jailed For Hitting With Stone

BOMBAY, Friday.

For striking a man on the forehead with a stone and for carrying the stone in contravention of the order issued by the Police Commissioner of Bombay against the carrying of an article capable of being used as a weapon of offence, Gulam Eyder Ambabux a 40 years old Muslim was sentenced to 4 months R.I. today by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court.

Driver And Six Passengers Injured

BOMBAY, Friday.

The driver and six other passengers were injured when a local train on the G. I. P. Railway collided with an engine between Sandhurst Road and Byculla stations last evening.

The first two coaches of the train were thrown out of the track.

Traffic was dislocated on the line for many hours following the accident.

The cause of the accident is not known.

Fatal Accident

BOMBAY, Friday.

A passenger in a tram-car one H. E. Damania, aged 36 years, was fatally injured at 10-15 a.m. yesterday when he leant out of it, while proceeding along Mahatma Gandhi Road towards Dhobi Talao and was hit by a tram coming from the opposite direction. He incurred compound fracture, of which he died at the G. T. Hospital to-day.

Fatal Fall From Third Floor

BOMBAY, Friday.

Last night at 8-30 p.m. in a room on the 3rd floor of Fatechand Ravaldas Building in Bibijan Street a little girl aged eight years, Sudesh Kumari, was playing happily with a large coloured balloon. Her father who had brought the balloon for her, on his way home from office was watching his girl at play. Suddenly the balloon slipped from her hand, and flew out into the verandah. In spite of her father's warning Sudesh, in her childish eagerness to retrieve her toy, scrambled on to the bedstead which was lying on the verandah, and reached out for the disappearing balloon. She toppled over the railings, and fell headlong on to the footpath, about 30 feet below.

She died on the spot, and the Police took charge of her crushed body, which was found in a pool of blood. At the inquest held to-day, the jury gave a verdict of accidental death.

ARRESTED ON RASH DRIVING CHARGE

BOMBAY, Friday.

Abdul Gani Jamaluddin was arrested by the Police on Thursday on a charge of rash driving an causing hurt.

It was stated that the accused was driving his lorry BMT 882 along Perre Road from North to South and when he came opposite to Blue gate he turned his lorry towards the right and as he was driving at a rash speed dashed against another lorry coming from the opposite direction. His lorry turned turtle and three persons in the other lorry were severely injured.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail by Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court.

GREAT LOSS TO INDIAN COMMERCE

East India Cotton Association Mourns Death Of Mr. Haridas Madhavdas

The following resolution which was moved from the Chair by Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas, was unanimously passed by the Board of Directors of the East India Cotton Association Ltd.:—

"That the Board have learnt with extreme regret of the sad death of their Vice-President Mr. Haridas Madhavdas, senior partner of the firm of Messrs. Ameshey Damodar, and confirm the action taken by the President in closing the cotton market on last Monday entirely and on Tuesday after 1-30 p.m. anticipating the wishes of the Board. The Board are convinced that the loss of Mr. Haridas Madhavdas by death is a loss not only to the commercial community of Bombay but to all-India trade and Commerce for they feel that Mr Haridas's extraordinarily clear and quick grasp of commercial and currency problems, his proved integrity all through his career and his burning enthusiasm to serve the economic interests of the country are a great loss to the country at this juncture. As a token appreciation of the sterling services of Mr Haridas to the cotton trade the Board resolve that arrangements should be made to get two portraits prepared of the late Mr. Haridas Madhavdas, one to be put up in the Board Room of the Exchange and the other in a suitable place in the survey room at Sewri.

The Board tends their heartfelt condolences to Messrs. Ameshey Damodar, Messrs. Madhavdas Ameshey & Co., and Messrs. Ameshey & Sons, of which three firms Mr Haridas Madhavdas was the senior partner, and they further assure the brothers and sons of Mr Haridas Madhavdas that their loss is shared by the whole of the cotton trade".

Squatters Deputation Meets Labour Minister

A deputation of the squatters of G.I.P. Railway Military Unit Camp at Parel called on the acting Labour Minister, Shri More, and apprised him of their difficulties due to the Railway Administration's attitude towards the 112 families of the railway employees who have occupied the vacant barracks of the camp since 5th instant. The Minister gave a patient hearing and assured the deputationists that he would do all within his power to help the stranded workers by approaching the Railway Administration.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, June 20 (API.) Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June (8-30 departure from normal recorded at 8-0 hours I S T on 20th June 1947:

Ahmedabad 103 83 0 0 minus 2.2
Ahmednagar 97 [illegible]
Akola 101 [illegible]
Allahabad 112 88 0 0.3 minus 1.4
Bangalore 87 68 0.7 2.3 0 Baroda 102 84 0 0 7 Belgaum 84 68 0 2.8 minus 2.6 Bhuj 96 81 0 0 minus 0.6 BOMBAY 93 83 0 2.2 minus 9.3 Calcutta 97 84 0 [illegible] 8.3 plus 1.1
Chanda minus 5.4 Dehra Dun 103 75 0 1.5
[illegible]
Gwalior 112 93 0 0.4 7 Honavar—76 0.1 18.3 7 Hyderabad (Dn.) 99 79 [illegible] 2.4 minus 0.7 [illegible] 0 0 minus 0.2 Indore 91 72 0 0.3 minus 2.8 Karachi 88 80 0 0 minus 0.1 Lahore 113 78 0 0 minus 0.7 Lucknow 111 82 0 1.7 minus 0.1 Mangalore 81 74 1.4 1.8 minus 8.5 Marmagao 82 80 0 18.4 minus 2.3 Multan 104 85 0 0 minus 0.3 Mussoorie 82 65 0 4.2 minus 0.9 Patna 107 65 0 2.8 minus 0.3 Peshawar 104 76 0 0 minus 0.2 Poona 92 75 0 0 minus 3.2 Shillong 76 63 0.1 9.9 minus 2.4 Surat 94 83 0 0.4 minus 3.9 Udaipur — — — 0 minus 1.8

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, June 20 (API.) Following is the daily weather summary for Friday, the 20th June 1947:

Rainfall has been widespread in Malabar and Mysore. Thunderstorms have occurred locally in Madras Deccan and at a few stations in North Bengal, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad and the rest of the Madras Presidency. Day temperatures have been markedly above normal in Bihar, Chota Nagpur, the United Provinces, Orissa Berar and the Central Provinces.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 21ST EVENING: Rainfall will be widespread in Malabar Thunderstorms will be nearly general along the Orissa Circars Coast and local in South Bengal, Kanara, Mysore and the South Deccan. A few thunder storms are possible in the Central Provinces, Southeast Rajputana and Bihar. Scattered duststroms are also likely along the North-West Frontier.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"American was promises — to whom?
Jefferson knew:
Declared it before God and before history;
Declares it still in the remembering tomb.
The promises were Man's; the land was his—
Man endowed by his Creator;
Earnest in love: perfectible by reason;
Just and perceiving justice: his natural nature
Clear and sweet at the source as springs in trees are".

—Archibald MacLeish.

The Bombay Chronicle

SIND UNIVERSITY

Pir Illahi Baksh, the Education Minister of Sind, has neither enhanced his own reputation nor advanced the cause of his university by raising an unseemly controversy over Mr. Justice Chagla's recent candid criticism. The statement of Mr. Chagla made last week at the Senate meeting was a clarification of the Bombay University's stand "vis-a-vis" the new Sind University Act and was coupled with a generous assurance that the Bombay University would not be unresponsive, if Sind approached it for a settlement of the unhappy controversy. Instead of reciprocating to this handsome gesture, Pir Illahi Baksh says that he can settle domestic differences in Sind without outside help or interference. This is tall talk in view of the fact that his negotiations with Hindu dissentients have proved abortive and that the latter are raising the cry for a separate Hindu university in Sind. It is well-known that Mr. Chagla exercised the proverbial patience of Job in a trying situation, especially when the Sind Hindu deputation made repeated appeals to him, the Governor and the Bombay Premier and demanded the intervention of the Bombay University in its behalf. His statement was a model of moderation and sweet reasonableness and he could not have remained silent, as the Bombay University owed a duty to the colleges in Sind which were affiliated to it. Few pieces of legislation in recent times had such a heated passage or had raised such a heart-burning controversy as the Sind University Act. If the Sind Government had enlisted the support of the Bombay Government and the Bombay University, a happy solution would have been found which would have satisfied all the legitimate claims of Sind, including those of the Sind Hindus. When common courtesy demanded consultation with Bombay, the Sind Government considered the former as a rank outsider. Needless to say that this was a most lamentable attitude, especially because Sind was indebted to the Bombay University for its education since its separation from Bombay and the Sind Government has not made any contribution towards the education of its children, while the Bombay University cheerfully bore the cost. Pir Illahi Baksh has chosen to flaunt the excuse that neither the Government of India Act nor any convention compelled the Sind Government to consult Bombay prior to or during the passage of the Sind University Bill. Legalistically, this argument looks plausible, but separation cannot be a one-sided affair, as the new Sind University Act has vital repercussions on the administration of the Bombay University. In fact, the Bombay University Act will have to be amended if the separation between the Bombay and Sind Universities becomes complete. What about the Fellows from Sind who have been elected or nominated to the Bombay University and whose terms have not yet expired? Also, what about the B. E. students who appeared for one part of the examination in April last and who have to sit for another examination in October to complete their course? Many of these complications would have been avoided had there been mutual consultation. Though neither law nor convention required consultation, it did not ban it also, and the Sind Government could have chosen the more feasible course.

The Sind Education Minister has chosen to slur over one categorical declaration of Mr. Chagla, which has a vital bearing on the inter-university relations. In his statement to the Senate Mr. Chagla declared: "So long as our colleges in Sind do not break away from us, and so long as the necessary legislation has not been passed severing the connection, the colleges in Sind continue to remain affiliated to us. I might add that my attention has not been drawn to any legislation which severs this connection." Though the above statement of Mr. Chagla looks intriguing, a close study of the Sind University Act, especially the clauses on the termination of privileges granted by other universities, reveals that there is no total legal separation between the Bombay and Sind Universities. Even now under the Act, if the colleges in Sind are prepared to forego the Sind Government's grants and recognition or registration of the degree by the Sind University, they can continue their affiliation with Bombay. The legal severence is not complete as in the case of the Andhra, Patna and Dacca universities. All these flaws and loopholes in the Sind University Act are due to non-consultation and rush-through policy.

Pir Illahi Baksh charged Mr. Chagla with violation of canons of university practice and conventions for asserting that schools and colleges in Sind can continue their affiliations with the Bombay University. He declares that it will mean that the Sind University can affiliate institutions situated in Bombay or other provinces. What is surprising is that Pir Illahi Baksh is positive that this has never been the practice throughout India. This is an amazing statement in view of the provision in the Sind University Act itself. The first section of the first chapter of the Sind University Act, of which Pir Illahi Baksh is the father, unequivocally states that the Sind University Act "extends to the province of Sind, but any educational institution in an **Indian State or in any part of British India** may apply to the Senate for being admitted to its privileges, and the Senate may in its discretion admit such institutions." We wonder if the Sind Education Minister forgot his own Act when he made an unwarranted charge against Mr. Chagla.

Happy Choice

A Patna message to the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" indicates that the name of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has been suggested as the first President of the Indian Union. A happier choice, in our view, cannot be made. The Maulana Saheb is the senior most Congress President alive, with Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mahatma Gandhi following close. He was first elected President of the Delhi session of the Congress in 1923—a quarter century ago being then the youngest person to get that great honour. That, however, is not the most important part of his claim to the Presidentship of the Union. In the Congress hierarchy to-day, the Maulana Saheb is the most profound and versatile scholar and the most moving and delightful orator. In one sense, perhaps, he is more at home in the halls of learning than at political hustings. But, born into a restless era of striving for freedom, he has naturally devoted his talents to the one cause which attracted to itself all that is best in Indian humanity. All the same, his nature is alien to petty politics and backstairs intrigue. His mind moves in the Olympian heights of principles—impersonal and detached. A man of deep culture, his bearing and conduct towards friends and foes alike is dignified without being overpowering and courteous without being cheap or familiar. His manners alone would fit him to be a president **par excellence**. Of course, we are conscious that even the Maulana must yield place to the Mahatma. If only Gandhiji could be induced to become the first President of the Indian Union, the story would be perfect. But we doubt very much if he could be persuaded to leave his humble hut at Sevagram. And if he will not, who but the Maulana Saheb could possibly take his place?

Frankly Speaking

Freedom Of Press

Freedom of the press has come to be accepted as axiomatic in most democratic countries of the world, although in actual practice few countries have been able to resist the temptation to restrict that freedom in one way or the other, for longer or shorter periods. But the idea of the freedom of the press and of information is not finding such ready acceptance as it really should in the international field. The reason for this is really and basically the same that to-day stands in the way of world union the notion of national sovereignty. As long as one agrees that a country is absolutely free in its collective and corporate capacity to do anything it pleases within its own frontier, it follows that questions of censorship, of freedom of access to news, of the right of the State to regulate the entry, residence and movements of foreign correspondents and similar other matters fall within the "domestic jurisdiction" of each country. But the simple fact is that national sovereignty is inconsistent with world union; and no union and therefore, no real peace, can be achieved unless each country agrees to surrender a part of its sovereignty. Pending that devoutly-to-be-wished-for consummation, however, the General Assembly of the United Nations passed a resolution in December last declaring that "freedom of information is a fundamental human right and is a touchstone of all the freedoms to which the United Nations Organization is consecrated." A sub-commission was appointed and the usual battle of proposals against counter-proposals are on. The sub-commission has proposed to call a conference in Europe next year in time to report to the autumn session of the General Assembly. We cannot speak for the fifty-four other members of the United Nations. But as far as India is concerned, we are sick of censorship and restraints of every conceivable kind on news and its circulation and publication. Free India, democratic india, we trust, will be both a champion and exemplar in the matter of freedom of press and of information.

Jamal Husseini's Warning

Jamal el Husseini, who is acting for His Eminence the Grand Mufti as the Chairman of the Arab Higher Committee of Palestine, has in a statement to the United Press of America explained the position of the Arabs in one sentence which should be sufficiently conclusive not only as a justification of that position but also as an exposure of the outrageous stand which has been taken by so many Americans led by their Government and their President himself. "We are," he told the American correspondent, "only fighting for independence for which you fought in 1776." But principles and mentality have become so completely perverted that the logic and justice of Jemal el-Husseini's statement will not appeal to the American and European friends of Zionism who are, in this particular matter, so lost to honour and decency that they even ignore the fact that they are perpetrating an unconscionable aggression against an Arab country for the crimes of their own peoples and while they themselves do not open their doors to the "persecuted, homeless" Jews. But they are heading towards a disastrous development. The Arabs are, of course, poor and without great material resources. But they have patriotism, the support of the entire Arab world and the will and determination to fight for their rights at any cost to themselves. And whatever the cost to them the British and particularly the Americans will be wise in heeding Jemal el-Husseini's warning as to the cost that they, in their turn, will have to pay if they persist in partitioning or zionising a country that is Arab.

Duty Of Nationalist Muslims

(By S. HASAN)

After the declaration of June 2nd Nationalist Muslims in the provinces with a non-Muslim majority are again—and perhaps for the last time—face to face with a question of life and death. This time the question is not confined to their own minority as opposed by the Muslim League majority, but it now becomes a vital question for all Muslim populations in all minority provinces where they must share with non-Muslim compatriots their social economic and political interests. The Muslim League leaders have, with their eyes open, sacrificed the interests of more than 40 millions of their co-religionists in the minority provinces just for the sake of a truncated Pakistan where they hope to enjoy the luxury of high offices and political power. This is a callous betrayal of own co-religionists unprecedented in the hisory of any country. This political turpitude is as cruel as it is dangerous not only to the victims but also to the perpetrators. After all the bloodshed which the fight for Pakistan involved the one basic question—the question of minorities—which the demand for Pakistan sought to solve, remains exactly where it was. Inspite of many protests never once did the League leaders stop to think of the Muslims in the minority provinces, who must now if they wish to live and to acquire and enjoy even the elementary rights of citizenship in Hindustan claim those rights as nationalists and not as Muslim Leaguers or communalists. All the consolation the League could offer to these unfortunate Muslims was a half-hearted assurance that arrangements will be made with the Hindustan provinces on a reciprocal basis to safeguard the rights of minorities both in Hindustan and Pakistan. But realism is the one virtue which the Muslim League never possessed. The first specimen of the promised reciprocal arrangement is the action taken by the Sind Ministry by fixing population ratio in the services and its inevitable repercussion in U.P. A recent speech of the speaker of the U.P.Assembly who talked of warlike preparations is a clear enough indication of how the minds of even the top men in the ranks of the two major political parties are functioning. The Quaid-e-Azam may be very happy to think that he has scored a political victory over his opponents but I am afraid his happiness is not going to last long. If he does not realise now he will realise soon—and perhaps too late—that this victory not shared by the Congress is really a defeat shared by both!

BRITISH MASTER STROKE

From the view point of a Nationalist Muslim the partition is a master stroke of British diplomacy which makes both the Hindustan and Pakistan completely dependent, for at least another decade, on their friendly relations with the British Empire. Where is the complete independence of which the Congress dreamed and the League talked so loud and so long? Even if the Congress refuses to accept Dominion status and choses to remain independent what is that independence worth with a British force and British prestige dominating the Pakistan just across the frontier? And not only that. Let us not forget that this bloc of British influence will now extend from the banks of the Ravi right through to Cairo. That is what the British now envisage—the "Eastern Block"! Here is the key to the cross communal puzzle created by the Attlee-Churchill coalition. India is, after all, the one point of contact on which the two poles (Attlee and Churchill) meet! I wish all the happiness to Qaid-e-Azam as also to the Congress leaders but I know that in the near future they will need all the best wishes and prayers we can offer! This tragic camouflage of the so-called Indian Independence is yet another manifestation of British Imperialism and British Diplomacy.

But, apart from the whittling down which the "Quit India" slogan has suffered, and taking things as they are and are likely to be in the near future, where do the Muslim Nationalists stand? What is going to happen to them and to the 40 millions of their re-religionists in Hindustan if they do not immediately organize and do not function as an organized party? Cohesion and team work have always been the weak points of Muslim Nationalists. Due to divided counsels they have suffered many defeats. But this time if they still remain indifferent they will be simply annihilated. I quite believe that, even after the partition, the Muslim League would like to keep its colours flying in the Hindustan provinces as a champion of Muslim minorities. But this will only mean more trouble and more bitterness. Let us stop a moment and think what we have really achieved Wading through the blood of thousands of slaughtered innocents we have only achieved the political ruin of 40 millions! What a heavy price for a cheap farce!

ORGANISE

It is now the duty of Muslim Nationalists to give a lead to the Muslims of minority provinces, in fact to assume forthwith the leadership of these Muslims. If they fail to do so, they are doomed, and with them the best interests of Muslims in the minority provinces. No Nationalist or Congress Government is likely to tolerate any aggressive communal movement inside its province. Therefore, the only Muslim organization capable of leading the Muslims of minority Provinces can only be a strong and central organization of Nationalist Muslims provided such an organization comes into being without the least delay. For many years Muslim Nationalists have been wandering like so many unclaimed orphans being treated by Congress leaders as a mere appendage more a liability than an asset. Not a few of us have felt sore on finding ourselves in such a humiliating position. But it was certainly our own fault. The time has now come when not only for the sake of our party and all that it stands for but also in the best interests of Muslims in minority provinces we should assert our right to live as a distinct party subservient to neither the Congress nor the League. I appeal to the one man who can lead us—Maulana Abul Kalam Azad—also to all leaders of the Muslim Majlis, the Jamiat-i-Ulema, the Ahrar, the Momins and the Khaksars to form a strong central organization with branches in all Hindustan provinces in order to safeguard the position of the minority community. But if Muslim Nationalists still persist in moving through the old grooves and stick to their habit of taking it easy or remain entangled in petty party prejudices and fail to take seriously into account the consequences of their apathy, they will deserve nothing better than the ignominy of political death.

REFORM LONG OVERDUE

Separation Of Judiciary From Executive

BOMBAY, Friday.

The principle of separation of Judiciary from the Executive has been unanimously accepted by the twelve-man committee set up by the Government of Bombay with Justice Lokur as chairman, it is learnt. The committee is now engaged in discussing and making necessary changes in the draft report, presented by the chairman. The final report is expected to be ready by the end of this month.

The committee yesterday heard the evidence of Sir Chumanlal Setalvad and Mr. K. F. Nariman. They were of the emphatic view that the contemplated judicial reform was long overdue and congratulated the Government on taking up the issue in right earnest.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The British forces are quitting the country in the near future and consequently the responsibility of defending the hearths, homes and lives has fallen on the people of this country though there is no doubt the responsibility for the safety of the people rests with the Government. Yet people can defend themselves only with their own strength, resources and organisation. Hired soldier will hardly serve the purpose. With this aim in view I intend to organise a country-wide military organisation whose branches will extend to every village and mohalla."

—Babu Purshottamdas Tandon, again at Jhansi.

* * *

"I have" says Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, "read Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai's statement and accept the challenge offered by him on behalf of the Travancore State Congress."

Naturally, naturally. In fact, the challenge was accepted by the alert and efficient Dewan even before it was offered. District Magistrates had already received orders and enforced them, too.

* * *

Sir C. P. points out with great satisfaction that "Mr. Savarkar and Dr. Moonje have expressed the views of impartial Hindus and enthusiastically support Travancore's stand."

What could be a more convincing proof of Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar's patriotic and desirable stand than support to it by "impartial Hindus" like Mr. Savarkar and Dr. Moonje and impartial Muslims like Mr. Jinnah?

By the way, how do Mr. Savarkar and Dr. Moonje react to Hyderabad's stand and how does Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar react to Messrs. Savarkar's and Moonje's reaction?

* * *

"I make bold to say", asserts Sir C. P. in a slight modification of an immediately previous claim, "that a vast majority of the people of Travancore including Hindus, Christians and Muslims, will be with the Maharaja and his Government in this matter of independence of Travancore."

The vast majority of the people had, therefore, better beware, lest they make bold to say "no" and have Sir C. P.'s 8000 convincing them that their real opinion is not what they think it is.

* * *

"Let the Pathans have their own constitution", appeals Mahatma Gandhi.

They will; as formulated for them at Karachi.

* * *

Mr. Abdul Raouf, President of the Direct Action Committee of the Anjumani Ittehadul Muslemeen, has declared that Hyderabad has always been independent and was never a subject country of British India.

After which whoever had dared to think otherwise must revise his history or consult a psychiatrist about the claim.

* * *

The "Americans for Democratic Action" organisation has cabled Mr. Attlee praising the British Government "for setting a new standard of democratic statesmanship in granting independence to India."

Certain other organisations are reported to have asked Messrs. Truman and Attlee to set another and a really "new standard of democratic statesmanship" by partitioning Palestine between the people of that country and the Jews of other countries and continents.

* * *

In a statement to an American Agency, Jamal Hussein, acting chairman of the Arab Higher Committee of Palestine, says: "we are only fighting for independence for which you fought in 1776."

Nonsense. There is a world of difference. The Arabs are fighting for independence of Palestine from those to whom Palestine belongs by virtue of their not belonging to Palestine.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Brats Gambling

Sir,—Some time back I happened to read in Mr. D. F. Karaka's "OFF MY CHEST" a description of gambling by our "ill-clad smelly little brats", and this reminded me of one or two similar scenes witnessed at Bangalore, a couple of years back, during my short sojourn to that city.

Bangalore is one on the biggest military stations, and during war, Americans, Burma evacuees and Hindustan Aircraft Ltd. have contributed much the increase of its population.

Along the South Parade, there are up-to-date restaurants and coffee bars, which were mostly frequented by military personnel. Little fellows would offer their services to look after cycles of these customers thus getting good remuneration, which, at the end of the day, sometimes, would amount to Rs. 10. And what do you think these little chaps, who never played races at the Royal Western India Turf Club, would do with these monies jingling in their pockets? .....Why? They certainly gamble, too!

Two of these fellows would get together and one of them would throw an anna bit in the sky shouting "Head or Tail", and ..... we know the rest.

In another open place, one of these brats would throw at a distance a coin and the other would follow suit. The condition to get the first was, that the second coin should fall within a span failing which, the first would walk off with both.

So we know that gambling has not been "imported" by Britishers or foreigners in India, but as Mr. Karaka rightly puts it "it is in the blood of this people and no Congress resolutions can burn it out of the people."

Of course, I am not at all in favour of gambling, but it would be better, if, instead of closing down the R.W.I.T. Club, our Ministers think seriously of starting an anti-gambling Campaign by means of "classes free film-shows etc., thus giving a chance to our illiterate children to know and realise the evil consequences of vices including drinking. Drastic measures will not pay in the long run and will never be able to up-root the vices.

FELIX VARELLA RODRIQUES.

Seth Dalmia's "One World"

Sir,—I have for reference Seth Dalmia's statement announced in "Times of India" of 13th June, 1947. Is Seth Dalmia going to devote himself to the ideal of one world or build a Hindu State based on Hindu culture through newspapers after retiring from active business life? The sentiments he has expressed are most irresponsible, revolting and stinking. A little thinking on the part of readers will prove in them that statements of this type in the past have been responsible for the Muslims to become suspicious and demand a separate State for themselves from the caste Hindu domination. Responsible newspapers are doing a distinct disservice to the public by publicising such irresponsible statements. When Seth Dalmia says, "we should build a **pure** Hindu State based on Hindu culture and tradition", he forgets the Parsis, the Christians, the Jews and Anglo-Indians who are Indians who want to live in this country, maintaining their religion and culture.

Is Seth Dalmia's one supreme religion and one world Government, Hinduism and the Hindu State? He feels that partition is beneficial to Hindus, because the Muslims will not be benefited by the Hindu capital. I like to know to what extent the Hindu masses have been benefited by Hindu capital.

Under the circumstances, I suggest to Seth Dalmia with the millions he has acquired through industries to buy land somewhere in the Himalayas or the Poles, and establish a Hindu State and preach his one world through his newspapers, and leave alone the rest of India, to stand united as a republic without any more partition.

I wish Seth Dalmia would read Mr. Gandhi's post-prayer statement of June 12, before he comes out again with statements of this kind.—Yours etc,

"O. J. K."

Pakistan And India

Sir,—Mr. Dawood Hajee Nasser in his interview granted to the "Chronicle" appears to me to have correctly opined that "it will be a disaster of first magnitude for our countrymen (in East Africa) if the Interim Government of India fail to help the Indian community at this critical juncture owing to its pre-occupation at home."

Ought not the Indians—both Pakistanists and non-Pakistanists—to have an Indian Centre of both Hindustan and Pakistan centre in case of the country's division to co-ordinate the efforts of both the "stans" for external affairs?—Yours, etc.

AZIZ H. MERCHANT.

Indian Bank Employees

Sir,—The employees of Indian Bank Ltd. Bombay, have not accepted their salaries for the month of May as a protest against the action of the management in cutting their dearness allowance by Rs. 12/- without any proper reason.

The employees were paid dearness allowance of Rs. 42 and when the award of Hon. Mr. Divatia of the Industrial Court came, the management, under its cover, cut the dearness allowance by Rs. 12, at the same time not making any adjustments in the salaries as recommended in the award, which itself is quite unsatisfactory.

The employees demanded the immediate restoration of the full D. A. to which the management has not so far replied though more than six weeks are past. Great dissatisfaction is brewing among the employees owing to this uncompromising attitude of the management.—Yours, etc.

J. N. SARMA,
General Secretary,
Indian Bank Employees.

Goa Will Resist

Sir,—Some time back an American news magazine gave out for the first time the news that the Nizam was negotiating for the "purchase" of Goa. However this was denied at the time as fantastic. Since then similar reports have emanated from London and elsewhere Now the Nizam is about to proclaim his independence and demand a corridor to Goa. Of late more than one claimant has cast his eyes on little Goa more because it possesses the great natural harbour of Marmagoa which if properly developed has the potentialities of a first class port and a strategic naval base.

It is possible that the Portuguese themselves seeing the writing on the wall in their last desperate attempt may try to "sell" it to the Nizam. But they are living in a fool's paradise. Goa is determined to get rid of Portuguese rule and the Goan people are getting ready for the day of reckoning when they will have to wrest power from the Portuguese and also to defend their liberty from any other Power. Resurgent Goa will not tolerate any threat to its liberty and integrity.

MASSILLON ALMEIDA.

Labour Govt. Prepared To Take Up Lords' Challenge

Show-Down Inevitable On Bill To Nationalise Inland Transport

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter).—Conservative-dominated House of Lords, which has defeated the Labour Government ten times this week on details of the Bill to nationalise all inland transport, may yet force the Government into a showdown on the issue of Peers versus People, political observers said last night, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's Political Correspondent.

The Government was understood to be unwilling to provoke the Lords unnecessarily at present, but if the Peers desired a fight, it was believed the Labour Cabinet was prepared to take up the challenge.

Labour has expressed determination that the Bill to nationalise transport —including Railway, Canals, long-distance road haulage and so forth—shall be law before Parliament takes its summer recess early in August. If the Peers rendered this difficult or impossible, swift Government action was regarded as likely."

"ABOLISH LORDS"

Abolition of the House of Lords has not officially been part of Labour Party's policy, but there is a feeling among Government's supporters and among certain of its leaders also that calculated obstruction from the Upper House of Parliament must not be tolerated. Government was understood to have a plan ready to meet any situation that may arise.

However, many felt that the fight, if it must come, will be on the Iron and Steel Nationalisation Bill to be introduced in the next session of Parliament beginning next October rather than on transport.

From the Conservative point of view, nationalisation of steel and iron is the most repugnant of all Government nationalisation proposals and it will be more bitterly resisted than any items of socialist legislation introduced so far.

PLANNED RESISTANCE

By carefully planned resistance, the House of Lords might delay the Steel Nationalisation Bill almost to the end of the Government's normal tenure of office in 1950. If they did so, they would have scored a moral victory in the cause of private enterprise but at the same time observers believed, they would give Labour first class justification for seeking an electoral mandate to make it impossible for hereditary legislators to resist the will of the elected House of Commons.

Many labour supporters expressed the belief that at the right moment, a "Lords against People" empaign would produce a heavy success for their party.

MORRISON ON LABOUR GOVT.'S CONSTITUTIONAL POLICY

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter).—Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, made it clear in a speech here last night that the future constitutional policy of the Labour Government would depend on the reaction of the House of Lords to its nationalisation schemes.

Socialization, he said, had already won the approval of a big majority in the House of Commons. He added: "We shall see what is to be done about it by the House of Lords."—in which the Conservative majority has already dealt the Government a series of defeats on the Bill to nationalize inland transport.

Franco Must Go, Says Templewood

LONDON, June 20. (Reuter): Lord Templewood, wartime British Ambassador to Spain last night called for more decisive Anglo-American action to depose General Franco and suggested that an economic embargo would bring his regime topping down within months or even weeks.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

"A Sufferer" draws attention to the anomalous position of the clerical staff in the IAMC. He says that while clerks enrolled in 1940-41 are placed in Grade III, many clerks enrolled later in 1942-43 are in Grade I. A general seniority register on an All India basis has been long promised so far nothing has been done.

*

Mr. B. S. Sriwastava draws attention to the fact that the policy of imposing long curfew hours and collective fines on various localities only leads to needless harassment and victimisation of innocent men, while the real culprits escape, and calls for a reconsideration and thorough revision of the policy.

*

Dr. R. R. Thakar, endorses the views expressed by Mr. D. F. Karaka, in the course of his dispatch headed "New leadership for Congress—Best Brains of India being rallied" in the issue of the 'Chronicle' of June 14 and points out that at this hour of India's greatest need, it would be wrong to allow all offices to be occupied by Gandhi-Cap wearing "sycophants".

MAN CAN TRAVEL 3,600 MILES PER HOUR AND LIVE

WASHINGTON, June 19 (U.P.A.): An Army Ordnance expert said it would be possible for man to travel 3,600 miles hourly in a V-2 pocket and live—if there was some way of getting back to earth safely.

Lt. Colonel J. G. Bain, Chief of the Guided Missiles Branch, Army Ordnance said the speed of the German rockets being fired periodically at the White Sands, New Mexico proving ground would not kill a man. He said the chances are that with proper protection a human also could survive the 114-mile altitude which the rockets achieve. But the problem would be for the man to escape from the rocket before it struck the earth he said. A V-2 falls at a speed of 2,000 miles per hour exploding in the earth and destroying itself.

Bain said fruit and flies enclosed in the warheads of projectiles have lived through the experience.

A Chicago scientist was presently experimenting with a batch of flies who made such a trip to see if it had any ill effects on them.

If a man was discharged from a rocket at an altitude of 14 miles he would be killed instantly by lack of oxygen and extreme pressure.

One possible solution would be to enclose him a capsule with an attached parachute which would open when the capsule was released from the rocket.

Bain said Army Ordnance already had received several offers from volunteers eager to be the first passenger aboard a V-2. A New York city man told Bain he would hold himself in readiness but was advised the Army had no immediate plan to send a man up in a rocket.

Among those offering to ride in a V-2 were two Canadian Air Force pilots.

Bengal To Be Partitioned

Momentous Decision Of Non-Muslim Areas

Bengal is to be partitioned. Members of the Bengal Legislative Assembly representing non Muslim majority areas decided by 58 votes to 21 today that "the Province should be partitioned". The meeting was held in pursuance of H.M.G.'s declaration of June 3.

The motion was put from the Chair. Muslim members, numbering 21, opposed it enbloc. Four Anglo-Indian members voted with the Congress.

JT. MEETING OF TWO SECTIONS

CALCUTTA, June 20 (A.P.I.): Members of the Bengal Legislative Assembly from Muslim majority areas and non-Muslim majority areas met separately at 11 this morning in the Legislative Chamber to decide the question of partition.

Mr. Kiran Shankar Roy, the leader of the Congress Parliamentary Party, asked in the Muslim majority section for a joint sitting, and the Chief Whip of the Party, Mr. Dhirendra Nath Mukherji, made a similar motion in the non-Muslim majority meeting.

Paragraph seven of H.M.G.'s statement, it will be recalled, provides for such a joint sitting. It says that "if any member of either legislative assembly so demands, there shall be held a meeting of all members of the legislative assembly other than Europeans which a decision will be taken on the issue as to which Constituent Assembly the provinces as a whole would join if it were decided by the two parts to remain united."

As provided in H.M.G.'s plan European members of the House numbering 25, were not present. Visitors were not allowed but the press was admitted.

Mr. Nurul Amin Speaker of the House, presided over the Muslim majority section, which has a strength of 145 members. The non-Muslim majority section of 80 was presided over by the Maharaja of Burdwan Attendance in both sections was almost full.

Mr. Nurul Amin in a brief speech sought the co-operation of the members in deciding the momentous issue before the House. They had assembled, he said to give their verdict on an all-important question. The decision they were going to make would go down in history as a land-mark in the freedom movement of this subcontinent.

The meeting started in an atmosphere of courtesy. Some members from the Muslim League bloc were humorously inviting the Congress members to take their seats with them. Members from the Congress side also were returning the invitation. Actually when the meeting commenced a few members from each side had taken their seats with the opposing groups.

Mr. Kiran Shankar Roy, the leader of the Congress Parliamentary Party, told the Associated Press of India today in an interview: "We are accepting the partition of Bengal which is forced on us, but I have every hope and faith that it will be only for a short time. We shall work for a united Bengal with an United India."

The meeting of the other section of the House was of a more formal nature, and the sitting did not last more than five minutes. The President, the Maharaja of Burdwan enquired if any of the members demanded a joint sitting of all the members to decide the issue as to which Constituent Assembly the province as a whole would join if it were decided by the two parts to remain united.

Mr. Dhirendra Nath Mukherjee Chief Whip of the Congress Party, having risen in his seat with such a demand, the President adjourned the meeting till 3-15 p.m.

Seventy-nine members out of the 80 in this bloc were present. Some of the prominent League leaders, including the Chief Minister, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy and Mr. Abul Hashim Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League, are members of the bloc.

As no visitors were allowed within the Assembly compound, small crowds of people gathered in front of the main entrance as members came to attend the meeting. Elaborate police arrangements were made both inside and outside the Assembly premises and armed policemen guarded the main entrance.

JOINT SESSION DISCUSSES CONSEMBLY QUESTION

CALCUTTA, June 20, (A.P.I.): The joint sitting of members of the Bengal Legislative Assemoly representing Muslim and non-Muslim majority areas voted this afternoon on the question whether the province of Bengal as a whole would join the existing Constituent Assembly or a new and separate Constituent Assembly if it was decided by the two parts to remain united.

Ninety members voted for joining the existing Constituent Assembly and 126 for a new and separate Constituent Assembly.

By 58 to 21 votes the members of the non-Muslim majority areas also decided that "the constitution of the separated province consisting of the non-Muslim majority areas should be framed in the existing Constituent Assembly".

All the 21 Muslim members voted against the motion.

Members of the Muslim majority areas gave their verdict against partition by 106 votes to 35.

The decision of the other section of the House for partition was then communicated to them. They then resolved not to join the present Constituent Assembly but a new one. This decision was taken by 107 votes to 74.

AMALGAMATION OF SYLHET

The Muslim majority section also decided by 105 votes to 34 that the new province of East Bengal should agree to amalgamation of Sylhet district with it if the referendum to be held there resulted in favour of such amalgamation.

STAB IN THE BACK, SAYS SUHRAWARDY

CALCUTTA, June 20, (A.P.I.): Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Chief Minister of Bengal in a statement, following the Bengal partition decision, said:

The agony is over. Independent sovereign Bengal has been stabbed in the back and Bengal will soon be partitioned. Muslim Bengal has little to grieve for. We would have preferred to have had a homogenous unity, where left to our resources, we could have fashioned one of the most progressive and prosperous nations of the world. But we were not destined to march together.

As a part of Pakistan its food supply will be ample. As a grower of jute, it can have the world at its feet and its industrial future is secure we can now give a tremendous impetus to the various nation-building departments and work single-mindedly for the development of the Muslim provinces.

25 MILLION DOLLAR LOAN TO IRAN

WASHINGTON, June 20 (APA):—The Iranian Embassy announced today that the United States had granted Iran a dol. 25,000,000 loan for the purchase of American surplus property for the Iranian Army.

Negotiations were completed by the Ambassador, Hussein Ala, and General Conolly, U. S. Foreign Liquidation Commissioner, after nine months of discussion.

The grant was provided for in a letter of agreement signed to-day by Hussein Ala and General Conolly. The agreement is now subject to approval by the Iranian Parliament.

American officials said that the Loan would cover a period of 15 years and would bear interest at the rate of 2.3/8 per cent.

Arrested Assam Leaguers Released

GAUHATI, June 20 (API). Eight members of the Assam Provincial Muslim League, who were detained in the Gauhati District jail under the Assam Public Safety Act in connection with the League agitation against the Government's eviction policy, were released this afternoon.

The releases were in pursuance of the Government's decision to cancel all detention orders to create a proper atmosphere for the fulfilment of the British Government's statement of June 3.

LONDON, June 20 (Reuter): The British United Aid to China Fund launching a special appeal to the British people to give generously to help the 500,000 victims of the disastrous floods in Kwangtung Province in South China, Officials of the Fund point out that many Kwangtung residents gave freely to the Hong Kong Relief Fund to help British flood victims early this year. As a result the colony was able to remit a substantial sum to Lord Mayor of London's Fund.

KHAN SAHEB DEFINES PATHANISTAN

PESHAWAR, June 20 (UPI): Dr. Khan Saheb, Premier of the Frontier Province, addressing a well-attended public meeting at Risalpur Cantonment yesterday, defined Pathanistan as an Independent Socialist State in which every Pathan, whether Muslim, Hindu, Sikh or Christian, will be his own master, having equal rights and opportunities, in which all children whether of the rich or the poor should have equal facilities for education and where all land would be primarily state-owned and distributed to those who were the tillers of the land and did not exist on the labours of others.

"I am a revolutionary and have no interest in election, etc. Nevertheless I am not afraid of the referendum. My partymen to-day are in power solely due to our people's unbigoted confidence in us. We are always ready to go to the people to show them our achievements and abide by their verdict."

Proceeding, Dr. Khan Saheb expressed the doubt whether the Pakistan State would be bereft of all British influence and whether it would not be a Dominion in the British Commonwealth, as being a deficit area it could not retain its complete independence.

Lucky Jordan Wins Workingham Stakes

LONDON, June 20, (Reuter): Ascot's Royal four-day meeting concluded in dreary weather this afternoon with exchanges again favouring the bookmakers and the big event of the afternoon, the Workingham Stakes, a handicap over six furlongs falling to the unconsidered outsider Lucky Jordan, cables Vernon Morgan Reuter's sports editor.

Mr. M. Sundaresan, Reporter of Reuters and The Associated Press of India, Karachi, son of Mr. M. S. M. Sharma, Editor of "The Daily Gazette", Karachi, and his bride Smti. G. Saraswati, daughter of Mr. V. Guruswami of Pudukottai. They were married at Pudukottai recently.

FREE HAND FOR AMERICA IN GREECE

Agreement To Carry Out Sweeping Recovery Programme

WASHINGTON, June 20 (A.P.A.): Greece today formally guaranteed the United States a free hand in supervising the 300,000,000 dollar assistance programme. She also agreed to full publicity on the use of the money.

The gurantees were contained in an agreement announced in Washington and Athens after the signing by the American Ambassador to Greece, Lincoln McVeagh, and the Greek Foreign Minister, Constantin Tsaldaris.

The agreement, committing the Greek Government to carry out a sweeping programme of economic, financial, industrial and Governmental reforms, was disclosed on Wednesday with the publication of a Note from Athens to Washington outlining what the Greeks themselves proposed to do for their own recovery.

The agreement made no reference to one of the principal American aims in giving aid—the blocking of communism in Greece.

American officials stated that this aim will best be served by bringing about the recovery of Greece.

The agreement contains extraordinary precautions to assure full publicity.

'Eclipse' Crash Fatalities

Indian Passengers Among Victims

DAMASCUS, June 20, (APA): Injured survivors of the Pan-American Airways Clipper "Eclipse" which crashed killing 15 persons at Dhiban near Mayadeen, Syria, have been removed by plane to the American University's hospital at Beirut.

Seven of the American crew and eight of the 26 passengers, all Britons and Indians were killed, 16 were injured and 3 unhurt as the Constellation piloted by Captain Joseph Heart of New York crashed apparently owing to an uncontrollable engine fire.

The dead were buried near the crash.

News of the crash came to Diredzor, 30 miles to the west, when student pilots on their first test flights raced to the scene in 13 small training planes for rescue operations.

The newly-formed Syrian Airways Company immediately sent two 27-seater planes to the scene carrying the Company's President, Jean Bey Sehnroui, the United States Legation's third Secretary, a Canadian surgeon, Doctor Cruickshank serving the Syrian Government, and the Syrian Ministry of Justice delegate, Hanna Bey Malek.

FATALITY LIST

NEW YORK, June 19, (UPA): Pan-American Airways officials today listed the following British and Indian dead in the Meydane, Syria, aircrash:

Mrs. Joyce E. Abbott and Maurice Arthur Abbott, 16 Murzban Road, Bombay; Noel W. Porteous, Fairnuse Highland, Taunton, England; Desmond Vernon, Vernon and Company, Madras; H. A. Bhattia, McLeod Road Karachi; Rukmani Goenka, 145, Muktaramaboo Street, Calcutta; Mrs. Hughes, address and nationality unknown.

List Of Survivors

NEW YORK, June 20 (A.P.A.): The Pan-American New York Office identified the surviving passengers of the Clipper "Eslipse" which crashed in Syria yesterday as:

Mr. R. Nimbalkar, Rajkumar of Manik Villa, Soonapur; Her Highness Rani of Phalton, same address; Mr. William Shaw; Mr. Syed Mohammed Raza of Sher Garh, District Montgomery, Punjab; Mr. Syed Mohammed Haider, same address; Mr. Ghulam Nabi Bajwa of Albert Victor Hospital Lahore; Captain Michael Graham Polygon Mews, Porchester Place London; Mr. Huggi, c/o. Amooramal Durgadas, Mcloed Road, Karachi; Mr. Charles Shahan, State Department, Washington; Mr. Buddha Bose, Ram Mohan Roy Road, Calcutta; Mr. Gestathio Varsamis, c/o. Ralli Bros Karachi; Doctor Narendra Nath Bery, 15, Curzon Road, New Delhi; Mr. Bulakidas Bhatter, 145, Muktaram Baboo Street, Calcutta; Mr. Rafiden Ahmed, 12-1, Esplanade East, Calcutta; Mr. Krishan Mehta, c/o. K. L. Mehta Director of Horticulture, Bikaner; Captain Mackenzie, c/o. Grindlays, London; Captain Dennys, c/o. Lloyds Bank, London; Mr. Richard Nunn National Bank of India, London and Mr. Keshava Goenka, 145, Muktaram Baboo Street, Calcutta.

The New York Office also announced that another Pan-American plane now at Brussels will be re-routed to Istanbul to bring home the surviving crew and passengers who are able to travel.

RESCUE PLANES RUSHED TO SYRIA

DAMASCUS, June 20, (Reuter): Villagers at Dibane, near the Euphrates in Syria close to where the United States Clipper "Eclipse" crashed yesterday killing 15 people and injuring the other 22 aboard, saw the aircraft "falling in flames" Syrian security authorities reported here.

An S.O.S. was immediately sent and two rescue aircraft from Damascus and Beirut sighted the wreckage.

It is presumed the aircraft went off the course while flying from Karachi to London.

Another Clipper is now on its way to Damascus to pick up survivors.

HIS FIRST MEETING WITH URMILA DEVI

Husband Answers Questions In Film Star Adultery Case

BOMBAY, Friday: Lt. Col. M. K. Shariff of the Indian Army narrated today before Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, how he came to know Mona Talwar alias Urmila Devi, a Bombay film star whom he later married. He stated that it was Jahur Raja, a film producer, who introduced him to Urmila Devi at Santa Cruz when he was invited to witness the shooting of the picture 'Badal' in which Urmila Devi had acted. It was there that he first met her.

Colonel Shariff was replying to questions put to him in the course of a cross examination by Barrister Ghaswala on behalf of Mr. L. V. Malkani, a Bombay businessman whom Colonel Shariff had accused of committing adultery with Urmila Devi.

Replying to questions, Colonel Shariff said that he was 37 years old. Since 1931 he was in the military and was stationed at different places during different years. From Febuary 1940 to July 1941 he was stationed at Bombay and it was here early in 1941 that he first came to know Urmila Devi.

The Colonel replying to a question stated that his headquarters were near the Metro Cinema (Dhobi Talao), but he stayed at the Taj Mahal Hotel. He had no friends among the film actresses.

Replying to a further question the Colonel said that he was never warned by any military official against moving about with persons of 'questionable character'.

While the Colonel was stationed in Bombay, he had occasion to meet Urmila Devi nearly a dozen times.

After about a fortnight of their introduction at Santa Cruz one day the Colonel visited the office of Jahoor Raja at Dadar where he saw Urmila Devi for a second time.

The third time the Colonel met Urmila Devi was at Santa Cruz where she had gone for shooting. He invited her and Jahoor Raja for lunch at his place. Urmila Devi did not accept the invitation immediately but stated that she would let him know her decision through Jahoor Raja. After two days the Colonel was informed that Urmila Devi had accepted his invitation, and she came. This was the first occasion when the Colonel had the opportunity to talk with Urmila Devi. But it was not 'love at first sight' in any way. They had some interesting talk. The Colonel felt like meeting her again and suggested to her that they should meet again. After that the Colonel was invited to her place at Mahim. By the time I left Bombay in July 1941, the Colonel said 'I began liking her, but did not communicate this to her in any way' He could not make out whether she also had the same feeling for him.

The Colonel was then stationed in Ambala where from, he said, he never wrote any letter to Urmila Devi nor did he come down to Bombay.

At this stage the case was adjourned till to-morrow.

PAKISTAN WILL BE FOREIGN POWER FOR PATHANS

Afghan Noblemen Recall Past Betrayals In Times Of Stress And Suffering

Sardar Hafizullah Khan, Sardar Enayatullah Khan, Sardar Habibullah Khan and Mohomad Yakub Khan the four Afghan detenus in India in a statement fully support the result of the meeting of June 14, held at Mardan, under the presidentship of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan they said Pathans have understood their national privileges and liberties for the sake of which they have been fighting for years together and have faced terrible calamities. This history of Pathans is known to the world. They fought several times in order to achieve independence.

Now that the world has advanced and any man can understand his privilege and especially in India when independence is approaching Pathans should also get full independence and should establish a free Pathanistan which alone can protect the rights and privilege of every Pathan. When they will establish Pathanistan, they will have some importance in the world; they then will have to control their Home Policy and their Foreign Policy and would try to advance in the world.

For the sake of independence they have faced many terrible calamities. When they were suffering, there was no Pakistani Muslim to help them. In 1930, they had faced British guns and tanks in Peshawar. No Pakistani even spoke a word for them. In 1935 the English bombed Hajee Turung Zai of Mohmendistan; no one cared for him. In 1936, the English began bombing the Fakir of Ipi. In Waziristan, there was no Pakistani to help them. In 1939, when we came to Afridistan in order to protect the rights of Pathans, there was no Pakistani to help them. The area was being bombed then.

Now when all the calamities are over and they are going to get independence, they ask the Pathans to join Pakistan. When peace-time came for Pathans, they began disturbances.

Pathans can never be satisfied with Pakistan. They have fought for years together for the sake of independence. They suffered under the English and cannot suffer any more under Pakistan which will be a foreign power to the Pathans. They can never be satisfied with Pakistan until they get Pathanistan. So it is every Pathan's duty to help Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan so that under his leadership we can easily achieve our free Pathanistan and every Pathan should join and help the new party 'Now Jawanane Sarhed" formed under Abdul Gani Khan.

Pathans should create an Independent State. If they do not want to create it, then instead of joining Pakistan they can join with Afghanistan, which has got the same National and linguistic affinities with the Pathans. Their lands are the same; their habits are the same and, therefore, they can join with Afghanistan".

EXPLOSIONS ROCK LAHORE CITY

Situation Tense; Arson Cases Mount Up

LAHORE, June 20 (API): The peace of the town was disturbed during the early hours of Friday morning when a country-made bomb was thrown in a place of worship inside Masti Gate. The missle exploded with a loud report. The incumbent of the place of worship who received injuries was removed to hospital. The police appeared on the scene and are investigating.

Another explosion shook the walled city early this morning when a country-made incendiary bomb was thrown in Kucha Moolomata near the water works. The explosion caused a fire.

Immediately after the relaxation of curfew one person was fatally stabbed on Fleming Road near Qila Gujjarsingh. Another knife attack took place near Lohari Mandi. The victim was removed to hospital in a precarious condition.

Military and police pickets on strategic points have been strengthened and armed police was patrolling different localities.

With the deterioration in the communal situation in Lahore since yesterday, the atmosphere is tense and there is less activity noticeable on the roads, writes an 'Associated Press of India' correspondent who went round the city this morning. There is thin attendance in commercial houses and private offices.

A small number of tongas are plying the roadsides.

By 2 p.m. twenty-five cases of arson, the highest number during the disturbances had been reported from different sectors.

A mob appeared in Dabri Bazar this afternoon and attempted to set fire to a place of worship and an adjoining house. Challenged by a military patrol the fire-raisers ran away, two of whom were, however, captured. The fires were soon brought under control.

A country-made bomb was thrown near a shop outside Shanalmi Gate in the afternoon resulting in injuries to one man.

CONSTABLE SHOT AT

AMRITSAR, June 19 (API): The communal trouble again flared up in Amritsar this morning when country-made bombs were exchanged between two rival mobs in Katra Khazana.

The trouble started when a bomb was thrown on a police constable in Kucha Jattan who rushed into a house for shelter but he was fired at and injured. The trouble spread to Kucha Khairwala, Longanwali Khui, Kucha Sattowala and Katra Karamsingh. Shots and brickbats were also exchanged. Police and military soon arrived on the spot and opened fires several times. About a dozen casualties including one corpse have so far (twelve noon) been brought to the Civil hospital.

Some cases of arson have also been reported from different parts of the town.

FREEZING ORDER ON PINDI ARMS AND AMMUNITION

RAWALPINDI, June 20 (API):—Entire stock of arms and ammunition lying for sale with three arms dealers in Rawalpindi Cantonment has been ordered to be frozen by the Punjab Government. Pindi police has taken possession of the entire stock of the dealers. Their licences have been suspended for the present.

ONE KILLED AND 7 INJURED IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, June 20 (API): Reports of three stray assaults were received to-day from Taltola, Hare Street and Bowbazar Police Stations, says a press note issued by the Government of Bengal to-night.

Fifteen arrests were made in these areas. Muchipara P S reported a case of shooting involving a policeman who was seriously injured. Several persons were arrested on the spot in connection with this incidents.

To-day's casualty figures are: One dead and seven injured.

CRICKET MATCH STARTS TROUBLE IN DABHOI

DABHOI (Baroda State), June 20 (API): One boy is reported to have died and nine other persons sustained injuries in a communal affray yesterday in Dabhoi about 20 miles from Baroda.

According to official information reaching Baroda, the trouble was a sequel to a petty quarrel started by some boys on a cricket ground.

A police party has been dispatched to Dabhoi from Baroda and the situation is now reported to be normal.

FORGET FALSE DREAMS

Jaiprakash Urges People To Work For Kisan-Mazdoor Raj

RANCHI, June 19 (API).—We have come to the door of independence, but the independence which we are about to get is not that for which so many sons and daughters of India made innumerable sacrifices," said Mr Jaiprakash Narain, Socialist leader, addressing a public meeting here this evening.

He added: "We are getting incomplete and divided independence and the possibility that portions of India might remain under foreign subjugation."

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain said that he was always opposed to a compromise on the subject, but he had no power to resist and those who had the power had put their seal of acceptance on the compromise. Their leaders had taken backward steps instead of utilising the power and strength of the people. The only course now left open was to establish a Government of the people and ensure that none remained unfed, unclothed and without proper medical treatment. If such conditions can be brought about in the Indian Union, it would have its effects on Pakistan also and the people and this must lead to a reunion.

Mr. Jaiprakash Narain said that Britishers were definitely quitting. The first round was, therefore, over the second round must be against the Zemindari system and Capitalism. "Hindu Raj" and "Muslim Raj" were all false dreams. There were so many Hindus Rajas, but their Hindu subjects were in bad condition.

Similarly the Muslim masses under the Muslim Rajas were in bad condition. "We must forget these false dreams and have friendly relations with all communities and establish Kisan Mazdoor Raj", he said.

Iraqi Rebel Leader Flees To Russia

TEHERAN, June 20 (Reuter). The Iraqi rebel leader of the Kurds, Mullah Mustafa Barzani fled to Russia on Wednesday night unobserved by the Persian army, it was officially announced here.

Mullah Mustafa entered Persia with about 150 armed followers according to a report from military quarters in Teheran. He requested asylum from the Persian authorities but they demanded his unconditional surrender.

On June 16 it was stated in Teheran that the Barzanis had killed 80 Persian soldiers and one officer in fighting at the village of Shuit, 18 miles south of the Russian border.

U. S.-Pakistan Diplomatic Relations

KARACHI June 20 (APA.) The question of establishing an American Embassy at Karachi, which is expected to be the capital of Pakistan, is being discussed by the U. S. State department, the American Consul said today.

27 Nations To Participate In Olympics

LONDON, June 20, (Reuter): Twenty-seven nations have now accepted the invitation to participate in olympic games in London next year (July 29 to August 14.)

Acceptances are accompanied by expression of enthusiasm for the games and heavy entries for individual sports are being received.

Olympic Committee

STOCKHOLM, June 20 (Reuter): Raja Bhalinder Singh of India was elected to the international Olympic Committee during the meeting of the Olympic Congress here.

Mr. S. Y. Tung of China was also elected to the Committee.

Drainage Scheme For Surat

SURAT, June 20 (API.) The Surat Municipal Board at its meeting yesterday has approved a drainage scheme for Surat town costing nearly 113 lakhs of Rupees.

Details of the scheme, it is learnt, will be shortly completed.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

According to a press report from Benares, Dr. Mortimer E. Wheeler, Director-General of Archaeology in India, agreed at the possibility of Viceroy's House in New Delhi being converted into a national museum of art, archaeology and anthropology!

Why "converted"?

It has been a museum for many years at which some of the best Indian fossils were seen.

In any case why write off this Lutyens monstrosity? Let the Indian taxpayer's money at long last be utilised for some better purpose. In these days of bad housing let it be used by the living instead of being devoted to art and archaeology. Let the President of the Union stay there.

Or, since the Mahatma wanted a Harijan girl of 13 to become the first President of India, let the Big House be turned into a Girls' School for residents of the Bhangi Colony.

Why not? If you want one idea, why not push it to its logical conclusion.

Alternately, let the house be converted into a block of modern apartment houses, the rent of which could be utilised for promoting goodwill between Britain and India.

Or if that isn't a popular idea, let us give it as a goodwill gift to Pakistan, who can use it as an Embassy.

And if that isn't popular either, we can always sell it to the Americans. It will at least ease the dollar situation.

* * *

I am quite a bit surprised at Mahatma Gandhi's latest prayer meeting statement on Pathanistan. I doubt whether the same sentiments would have been expressed by the Mahatma had India been handed over in one unit. If we are against the creation of little units why do we want a Pathanistan?

TRAVANCORE ISSUES

Sri. T. M. Verguese of the Travancore State Congress and General Secretary of the All-India States Peoples Conference, will meet the members [illegible] at the Conference to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the Khalsa College, Matunga.

Sri. Verguese will explain the recent Resolutions passed at the Standing Committee of the A.I.S.P. Conference and give an outline of the impending struggle that is to be launched in [illegible]

CONFE[illegible] OF BOMBAY SOCIAL WORKERS

The Hon. Secretary of the Social Uplift Association, writes: A move is being taken by my Association with a view to bring about closer contact among social workers and co-ordination of the social service activities of the various social service institutions in the city and suburbs of Bombay. A preliminary [illegible] of a few social workers was recently held with a view to ascertain how far it would be advisable to go ahead in this direction. I am happy to say that all present were unanimous in their view that it was high time that a move for such closer contact and co-ordination was taken in the interest of the well-being of the Society as the Nation as a whole.

It was accordingly decided in the said meeting that a much larger meeting be convened by inviting as many social workers in the city and suburbs of Bombay as possible to associate themselves with this move. A meeting of all social workers in the city and suburbs of Bombay, will be held in the Forbes Gujarathi Hall, 365, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay 4, at 10 a.m. on Sunday, 22nd June.

Scenario of Stalingrad

Excerpts from part one of the screen play of the film "Battle of Stalingrad" which is now being produced in the Soviet Union, in the new "Bombay Chronicle Weekly."

OTHER OUTSTANDING FEATURES

"Riggers Ride High" — the tough men who build America's dams and skyscrapers. Their pay is high but they work on the edge of eternity.

"Girls Club On Which Sun Never Sets" —the cosy corner in London's cold wilderness where colour bar is barred!

"My Prisons" by Vincent Auriol—The President of the French Republic relates the story of his imprisonment during the painful convulsions of the Third Republic under the Vichy regime.

BOMBAY CHRONICLE Weekly

Sunday, June 22.

Prosecution Refutes Charges Against Police

Arguments In Kalbadevi Shooting Case: Defence Puts Up Novel Theory

BOMBAY, Friday.

Serious allegations were levelled against some of the police officers by Gulam Ahmed Alias Akhtar Husein Ghulam Mohmed, the second accused in the Kalbadevi Shooting Case in the course of a statement by him in the court today. The accused pleaded not-guilty and his statement was on similar lines to that of the first accused. After the accused had completed his statement, arguments in the case began.

The accused alleged that his identification by some of the witnesses was mainly due to the help offered by the Police who had made common cause with the punchas and the witnesses.

Inspector Umarkhan, said the accused, had prejudiced the witnesses by pointing him out to them as the man who was found driving the taxi on the day of the Kalbadevi shooting. The accused said "These officers have often stood so low as to turn day into night and night into day."

The accused at the outset said that the case against him was absolutely false and baseless, and that all the witnesses had given false evidence against him. He did not know anything about the Kalbadevi shooting and was in no way involved in it.

Asked about his whereabouts after leaving the Tollygunj Camp the accused said, that he had gone to Ahmedabad and had joined an American hosiery mart, where on the night of November 21 he was arrested by some Police officers who had come there with revolvers.

In reply to a question about the theft of arms and ammunitions from the Tollygunj armoury the accused said that he know nothing about it.

The accused pleaded complete ignorance about Fakir Mohmed in whose house he was alleged to have stayed with the first accused prior to the day of firing at Kalbadevi. He said "I do not know who Fakir Mohmed is and I have never stayed with that fellow."

Counsel for the defence wanted to ask the accused whether he knew driving, but the judge would not allow that question.

ARGUMENTS

Commencing his arguments on behalf of the p[illegible]ion Mr. Purshottamdas Tricumdas said that the prosecution had established beyond doubt that both the accused were in the Tollygunj Camp at Calcutta till September 8. There was sufficient evidence from Calcutta witnesses in that behalf. It was also established, and the accused themselves had admitted though for different reason, that they had deserted the Camp on the night of September 8. There was no denying the fact that both the accused had driven away in the truck belonging to their unit.

Nair, the truck driver, had stated in his evidence, said Counsel, that he had heard the truck start and before he could come out he saw it disappear. The same night both the accused were found missing. The same night the armoury was broken open, and several arms and ammunition were found to be missing. All this established beyond doubt the fact of desertion.

The fact that the accused had driven away in a truck, said Counsel, indicated that one of them atleast knew driving. The prosecution further submitted that it was the second accused who had driven the taxi during the alleged shooting drive at Kalbadevi. Walidad, a witness in the case had deposed that he had seen the accused drive a car, and there was no reason to disbelieve that witness. There was also the evidence to show that both the accused were trained in the art of using arms.

Counsel went on to say that there was ample evidence to indicate that both the accused were in Bombay a day before the shooting. There was the evidence of Abdul Rashid who said he had known the accused very well for a number of years and had seen them in Bombay. There was also the evidence of Fakir Mohmed to the effect that the accused had stayed in his house for a day or two prior to the Kalbadevi outrage.

HE KNEW FAKIR

The second accused had said, continued Counsel, that he did not know Fakir Mohmed but the fact that a letter by Fakir's sister was found from him was quite significant and indicated that he was well acquainted with Fakir Mohmed.

Proceeding Counsel said that there was ample evidence to establish the identity of the two accused as the persons who were involved in the shooting incidents at Kalbadevi. Owing to the panic created by the shooting outrage it was natural that the witnesses in the case might not have seen the accused properly. The taxi driver had seen the first accused alight from the car and indulge in firing. Witness Amritlal had also seen the first accused fire indiscriminately. Other witnesses had also admitted having seen and later identified the accused.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST POLICE

Counsel further submitted that the allegations against the police were unfounded. It was monstrous to suggest that they had helped the witnesses in identifying the accused. There were some witnesses who could not identify the accused at all. This proved beyond the shadow of a doubt that the police were far from adopting doubtful methods in managing the identification parades.

Counsel said that the prosecution had amply proved that the revolver that was surrendered to the police by the father of the second accused was the same as was stolen from the armoury at Tollignj. The reasonable inference was that after being used at Kalbadevi it had travelled on from the son to the father who stayed in Ludhiana.

Defence Arguments

Arguing on behalf of the accused Mr. K. A. Somji said that the disturbances in the city during the last nine months had created an unfortunate position for the witnesses who were imbibed with a spirit of "hate for hate" and "life for life", and this "wreak revenge mentality" was a great obstacle in the way of his proving the innocence of the accused.

Another obstacle, said the Counsel, was the difficult position of the police. Their's was not an easy task. A Muslim officer was selected to carry on investigations. The accused were assumed to be Muslims, and if the Muslim officer did not succeed in getting hold of the Muslim accused he was doomed. Khan Saheb Umarkhan, the Officer-in-charge of the investigations, had in the course of his evidence showed an extraordinary anxiety to get the conviction of the accused any how. This was really unfortunate.

Coming to the evidence in the case Counsel said that though the fact of desertion had been admitted there was no evidence to show at what time the second accused had deserted. There was no evidence to indicate that the accused had conspired to desert together, or that they had driven away in the truck together. There was also no evidence to show that they were the persons who had stolen arms and ammunition from the armoury.

Defence Counsel had not concluded when the Court rose for the day.

Driver Arrested On Charge Of Negligence

BOMBAY, Friday.

Manzoor Niaz Faruk (23) was arrested by the Colaba Police on a charge of rash driving causing death of a child.

It was stated at about 9 p. m. on Wednesday the accused drove in a private car along Colaba Road in a rash and negligent manner causing the death of a five-year old boy.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court ordered the accused to be released on bail.

Arrested On Charge Of House Theft

BOMBAY, Friday.

The Police arrested on Friday C. S. Fernandez on a charge of house-breaking and theft.

The accused is working in the Stock Room of Godak Co., Hornby Road. On Saturday last, it was alleged, the stock was checked and it was found to be correct. The stock was again checked on Monday and a quality of film paper worth Rs. 1,306 was found missing.

The accused was suspected to have taken the stuff. Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, ordered the accused to be released on bail.

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HAMARA SCREEN • CURRENT • PHOTOPLAYS

"MILAN"
BOMBAY TALKIES' LATEST

"Milan", the Bombay Talkies latest creation, released at the Imperial on 14th June, 1947, has fulfilled the high expectations raised in the minds of the cinegoers. The characters depicted by Gurudev Rabindranath Tagore in the novel "The Wreck", of which this picture is an adaptation, present a true picture gallery and are reproduced on the screen in such a way as to make almost as many portraits, hung from the wall all hanging on the line—Kamla, Hemnalini, Ramesh and the rest.

The newcomer Mira Misra and well-known artiste Ranjana are supported in the cast by debonnair Dileep Kumar, popular Pahari Sanyal and famous Moni Chatterji together with artistes like Jagannath, S. Nazeer and Sunalini Devi. By their skill and dexterity all these artistes have put life into the parts they play. That is why the characters in this picture are reported to be free from cold abstractions or frozen symbolism.

Kamala, for instance, around whom the story is focussed, is the most vigorous of Tagore's creation who lives less by her appearance than the immense intensity of struggle she has to face when she comes to know that the man she loved was not her husband. As she acts, she seems to be magnified before our eyes, to overflow the exact boundaries which the portrait set to her personality.

It would have been a dry and bitter reproduction of the original but for the successful direction of Nitin Bose.

*

"PAGDANDI"
DALSUKH PANCHOLI PRODUCTION

Dalsukh Pancholi scores as a purveyor of entertainment off the beaten track variety in his latest presentation "Pagdandi" that is running at Lamington in its second week.

In "Pagdandi" we have a tale of a king's worry to find out the heir-apparent to the throne. He had already spotted the right boy, whom he began to like in spite of his wishes to the contrary. When everything seemed to be plain sailing, a woman cropped up saying that her son was the real heir-apparent. The king was dumb-founded, but the wits of his Prime Minister saved the king from the fix and the rightful boy was installed as the heir-apparent.

Gyani and Sudershan in the roles of the whimsical King and suave innocent prince both draw sympathy from the audience. G. N. Bhatt as Prime Minister is impressive. Padma as the mother of the boy-prince is appealing while Kalavathi has given a fine per-

Kanwar as Emperor Shahjehan.

formance as the usurper boy's mother. Durga Mota furnishes some good laughs.

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"SAMAJ KO BADAL DALO"
PRAKASH PICTURE'S
3RD WEEK AT OPERA HOUSE

In India woman has suffered much at the hands of society, which has inflicted so many restrictions on her. The Society looks askance at a woman, who just wants to assert her rights. If she meekly bears all the iniquities that are heaped on her, well she becomes a darling. The fact that she has sniffled and killed all feelings and sentiments, is not at all given heed to. In "Samaj Ko Badal Dalo" Director Vijay Bhatt has tried to plead the cause of this type of women who are to be found in hundreds in Hindu society, Manorama is one of this type. She cannot marry the boy she loves, because her father cannot afford to pay the big amount demanded as dowry. She is married to a man, who thinks women to be more or less a chattel in his house. She must obey his orders, must be always at his beck and call. Even when opportunity comes her to leave her husband, she refuses to do so, who is more of a God to her.

Director Vijay Bhatt has very imaginatively directed these scenes, Mridula has given a very fine performance as Manorama. The realistic acting helps to make the picture a big document of our social evils. Aroon and Yakub have also given fine performances. Music is contributed by Khemchand Prakash.

"SINDOOR"
FILM ATTACKS SOCIAL EVIL

Entering the third week of its run at the Roxy, Filmistan's beautiful screenplay "Sindoor" has successfully opened a new phase in the production of social films by its able and bold handling of a delicate social problem While the right of a woman to marry again after the death of her husband has been clearly accepted both by the Hindu Scriptures and the laws of the State, in actual practice it is yet difficult to find Hindu youths who would make bold to choose young widows as their life partners the orthodox society still has the notion that the marriage of a widow is 'sinful.' While widow-marriage has been preached and advocated in several pictures, "Sindoor" for the first time deals with the pro-

Paro in "Sindoor."

blem straightaway without any ado and fuss about it and thus establishes it as a fait accompli.

Charming performances by the versatile Shamim and handsome Kishore Sahu along with the provoking coquetry of Paro make the picture a sumptuous treat for the audience.

*

"SHAHJEHAN"
SUCCESS OF SPECTACULAR FILM

Directed by A. R. Kardar, "Shahjehan" brings to the screen the magnificence and glory of the Moghul Empire. The film continues to draw record crowds at the Novelty.

"One of the most ambitious pictures productions of the Indian motion picture industry, "Shahjehan" contributes very nearly all the aspects that go to make a great historical. The contribution which the music of immortal Saigal makes to this picture is of a most unique nature. The authenticity and beauty of the gorgeous sets and period costumes are matched only by the fine performances of the characters.

*

"ANMOL GHADI"
MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA SCORES

The Mehboob Productions picture "Anmol Ghadi" continues to collect tremendous crowds simultaneously at Majestic and Super since the last nine weeks, testifying to the immence popularity of the picture.

Naushad is responsible for the unique musical score which contains a number of unusual tunes which provide joy, thrill and sorrow in the hearts of the audience.

The creative craftsmanship of Director Mehboob, the sparkling dialogues of Aga Jani Kashmiri, the sweet song-compositions of Tanvir Naqvi and Anjum, excellent camera handling by Faredoon Irani and the fine acting and singing score contributed by Nurjehan, Surendra and Suraiya, with Zahur Raja and Lila Misra in the supporting roles, have gone to render this film an outstanding production.

*

"DESHBHAGAT"
I.P.T.A. Play At Sunderbai Hall

After a lapse of two years, People's Theatre is staging a play in Hindustani, for the first time since "Zuebeda". Entitled 'Deshbhagat", this new play is written by three well-known IPTA artistes, viz., Mohan Saigal, Hamid Butt and Rashid Ahmad and stars such accomplished stage and screen artistes as Uzra Mumtaz, Mohmed Safdar, Mohan Saigal, Bhatia, Hamid Butt, Rashid Ahmad, Mani Rasadi, Mohommad Hosan and others.

The play accounts a fictitious but significant story of a patriot whose influential followers and admirers, assuming him to be dead, exploit his fame and popularity for their personal gains. In other words, it is drama of political intrigues and manoeuvres and a scathing exposure of such leaders as profiteer on the name of a gallant patriot.

The play is being staged at Sunderbai Hall on Sunday 22nd, Friday 27th, Saturday 28th and Sunday 29th at 6-15 p.m.

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"PATHAN" AT OPERA HOUSE

Prithvi Theatres "Pathan" is noteworthy for its noble theme, its stirring story of sublime sacrifice and above all for the gallant portrait of the sturdy people of the Frontier. This is a play of which Prithviraj, producer-director, can justly feel proud.

"RENUKA"
JAYANT DESAI TAKES A LEAD

Jayant Desai Productions Ltd. have secured striking story from the pen of Ramesh Saigal, the reputed playwright of "Deewar." The story seeks to expose some glaring society evils in their true colours. The story makes a departure from the old love triangle and is said to introduce a new technique in presentation.

Mubarak plays the best role of his career. Hemavati, Vijaya Das, Afzal and Shashi Kapoor form the supporting cast. It is directed by Ramesh Saigal. Renuka runs on fast tempo, with the homely back-ground and produced by Jayant Desai, a name quite familiar to the public. Such a picture is bound to get a warm reception when it is released at the New West End this Saturday.

*

"BEETE DIN"
AN EZRA MIR PRODUCTION

Music constitutes a highlight of "Beete Din", the maiden venture of Avas Film Corporation produced and directed by Ezra Mir, now awaiting its double premiere at Excelsior and Minerva on June 27th.

Music-minded audiences who have all along craved for Indian folk rhymes which are sung by village belles and highland lasses will find in "Beete Din" the heart of Hindustan strung to the lyre in the form of famous folk songs composed by Mir Khusroo.

The producers of the picture have run considerable risk in trying to set up new vogues in film music, yet their game would undoubtedly be worth the candle, since those who have seen its private show feel very much optimistic about the musical contents of the picture.

Apart from the vocal compositions which have an impressive originality and a lot of emotional cadence about them, are the beautiful background compositions of Rave Shankar who has excelled himself in inventing tunes which not only bring out the atmosphere of the story, but very much heighten the consummate dramatic value of the picture.

*

"PARWANA"
SAIGAL-SURAIYA PICTURE

In its 6th week, at Swastik Jeet Productions' "Parwana", is assured of a long run in the city. It presents the psychological conflicts between man and woman in daring manner.

The success of the picture can rightly be attributed to the scintillating songs of Saigal and Suraiya. The latter incidentaliy also gives a most sparkling performance. The music of Khurshid Anwar, the screenplay of Madhok and the able direction of J. K. Nanda go to make the picture an outstanding one.

Ranjana and Dileep Kumar in Bombay Talkies "Milan."

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Co-operative Farming In Palestine

INDIAN DELEGATION REPORTS ON APPLICABILITY OF PRINCIPLE TO THIS COUNTRY

"It is obvious that collective and co-operative farming as developed in Palestine exhibits a new way of living and working, bringing together people who very largely share the same economic, political, social and religious views. The extent of mutual goodwill and co-operation practised is almost Utopian. Many people believe that co-operation is carried to the extreme in the collective settlements. At the same time, there is not the least doubt that it is a unique experiment in the world in that it has been successfully executed on purely voluntary efforts", states the Report of the Indian Delegation on Co-operative Farming in Palestine which has been released to the Press.

A delegation of officials and non-officials led by Dr. T. G. Shirname, Deputy Agricultural Marketing Adviser, Government of India, was sent last year by the Government of India to Palestine to study the methods of co-operative farming in that country. The Report deals with the organisation and working of co-operate farms as developed by the Jews in Palestine. The conditions under which co-operative farming has been developed amongst the Jews have been almost entirely lacking in Arab villages. Therefore, co-operation in farming has not developed amongst the Arabs to the same extent as amongst the Jews.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF CO-OPERATIVE FARMING

Discussing the achievements of co-operative farming as it has developed in Palestine, the Report states that the greatest difficulty in adopting mixed farming was the absence of irrigation water which was practically unavailable until 1930. Since then irrigation has progressively advanced, and three water companies have been set up by the Jewish organisations to tap underground water, build reservoirs and lay out irrigation systems to serve a number of settlements at the same time. Today wells, pumps, water towers, pipelines, hydrants and tanks are characteristic features of the largest number of co-operative farms in Palesine. Electric power is available at a cheap rate practically over the whole of Palestine and is freely used in the irrigation system of the co-operative farms.

Among other improvements in agricultural practices of the co-operative farms are: (1) Soil fertility maintenance by a careful conservation and application of manure from the farm dairy and poultry. In addition, green manuring and growing of leguminous crops is followed.

(2) Soil erosion control by contour cultivation, terracing and planting of trees.

(3) Drainage of swampy lands by digging trenches, and the reclamation of salty lands.

(4) Under the system of mixed farming followed by the Jews, the best lands are under fruits, vegetables and green fodder where irrigation is available and foodgrains are grown on the poorer grades of soil.

(5) From the agricultural point of view, the greatest progress has been made in dairy farming, where the average annual milk yield is amongst the highest in the world. Similar has been the progress in poultry keeping.

As compared to collective farming in Russia, the Report states that the collective settlements in Palestine are more advanced; while the Russian system is compulsory and enforced by the State, Co-operative farming in Palestine is voluntary and exhibits the "most advanced type of socialist life in the world".

EXTENT OF APPLICABILITY TO INDIA

The Report states that an average Indian farmer would never agree to live and work collectively, but the problems of optimum exploitation of land and conservation of soil fertility, increasing output and the prevention of "erosion of best men and women from the villages" and building up a sound rural society, are of fundamental importance. In the opinion of the members of the Delegation, it must be made worthwhile for the Indian farmer to continue to live in villages.

Although co-operative or joint effort in regard to a particular line of farm activity is not unknown to Indian agriculture, comments the Report, these efforts have not had wider applicability of co-operation in farming, mainly because the number of societies organised is small, and in most cases they aim at co-operation only in one or two lines of farming activity. It is, therefore, suggested that experiments on co-operative farming should be taken up on a wider, and intensive scale, where the members can form a commune of their own not only for joint agricultural production but also for marketing and undertaking other social and economic activities.

The Report recommends the establishment of small demonstration units, perhaps one in each province to make a start.

It is also recommended that the feasibility of settling landless labourers on stage or other available and cultivable land might be examined. To make the scheme practicable from the economic and organisation points of view the Report recommends a whole district as a good economic unit.

PUBLIC ZEAL AND HONEST EFFORT REQUIRED

Emphasising the importance of the human factor, the Report states "apart from the farmer and his land and capital resources, the most important factor which would determine the extent of success or failure in co-operative farming and marketing would be the public or Government agency entrusted with this work. No amount of expenditure would assist if officers and others in charge of this task act in a mercenary manner. Every one of them must make this as their life's mission to be performed for the good of the country with the greatest possible zeal and honest effort. The members of the public in general and the social and political leaders in particular must also adopt the same attitude and encourage at every possible opportunity the work of extending co-operation in every possible field of the social and economic activities of the Indian farmers".

SENATE PASSES WOOL BILL

WASHINGTON, June 19 (U.P.A.): The Senate to-day passed the Wool Bill as adopted in the Senate and House Conference by 48 to 38 votes, which now goes to the White House.

Indications are that the President will veto the Bill, and to-day's vote in the Senate shows that the Bill lacks a two-thirds majority which is necessary to override a Presidential veto.

In the debate preceeding the vote, Republican leader Robert Taft, retorting to opponents arguments, maintained there was no reason why any other nation should fear that the United States would upset the reciprocal trade policy. He said most objections to the Bill were "utterly unfounded. I see no reason why the Australians or anybody else should think we are changing our policy." Assistant Secretary of State William Clayton, (for Economic Affairs), to the Geneva negotiations, had said that Australia particularly was affected by the Bill because 90 per cent of her trade with the United States is in wool. Democratic leader Alben Barkley repeated the warning of Secretary of State George Marshall that the "provisions of this Bill will materially interfere with the economic phases of our foreign policy."

Earlier, Democratic Senator Francis Myers (Pennsylvania) called the Bill a retreat from international responsibilities—in which this Bill is the first step—the United Nation of the world may well be driven into the arms of Communism if they go down in a sea of despair which invites expanding Communism, then I say God help America." Myers statement challenged New Mexican Senator Carl Hatch (Democrat) who said that the President "would not unduly and unreasonably use the tariff provision to destroy international relations."

Informed quarters said that the political implications of the Presidential veto of the Wool legislation would seriously be considered by Truman, but the majority of opinion at this time appeared inclined to predict a veto because of the measures importance in basic foreign trade policy.

There is large body feeling that the President would send Congress a veto message pointing out that he had no objection to a price-support programme for domestic wool growers, but could not countenance such a sharp divergence from the foreign economic policy. The political considerations arise, however, because of the possibility that Congress might not have time to pass the price-support legislation before it adjourns in July and a failure to act would probably cause strong reverberations in the Western States.

Desire For War Lacking In U. S. S. R.

BY RUSSELL BARNES

ISTANBUL.

Viewed from Moscow, much of the apparent fear in the United States of war with Russia, either now or in the foreseeable future, seems groundless and a little hysterical.

All available evidence indicates, first, that the Soviets genuinely want and need world peace, and, second, that they will be too weak for a long time to do more than fight a defensive war.

Those are not merely personal opinions—they are the considered appraisals of practical American military men on the ground. Naturally the military experts do not see everything that the Russians have, but in these days of total war, when every person and every machine must play its part, it is virtually impossible to hide a big war potential. The American military experts do not figure the Soviets could mount a big offensive war for many years.

According to American military appraisals, top Russian military leaders are excellent, the Red Army soldier is a first class fighting man, Soviet manpower sources are unsurpassed, and Russian tanks and artillery are good. But Russia lacks a proper Air-force and Navy. Furthermore, the evidence indicates that the Soviet industrial machine could not sustain offensive global warfare, even though it should escape heavy bombing, which it wouldn't.

ATOM BOMB

The Americans figure top Russian scientists are just as good "and possibly better" than those of any other country. They, therefore, seem fully capable of devising atomic bombs and other such weapons of mass destruction. But the experts figure the Soviets lack sufficient minor technicians, practical production men, and skilled labour to devote to atomic-bomb production, without wrecking the already overstrained Russian industrial machine.

"For the Russians, the whole job of modern, practical, scientific warfare is like trying to catch up with an express train", declared one leading American authority.

Such speculations about possible war with Russia are advanced only because the subject seems to be hot in America. Actually the Russians are apparently sincere in their protestations of desire for permanent world peace.

War does not suit the Soviet book any more than it does the American. The Russians would undoubtedly fight—and as desperately as they did before Stalingrad—if they were attacked. But the last thing the Kremlin presumably wants is another exhasting war—the Soviet experiment of Socialism in one country might not survive it.

MAKING SOCIALISM WORK

The Russians are still trying to make Socialism work—they haven't even tackled Communism yet—and they are finding the job heavy going. Possibly for good reasons, which may have nothing to do with merits or demerits of Socialism, the Russians have so far failed to give their people living standard comparable to that which has long prevailed in the West.

To carry through its programme, the Kremlin needs, above all, time and opportunity to try to solve its vital internal problems. The core of Soviet difficulties is the necessity to build up enough industrial production, under the limitations of political controls, to provide the masses with adequate supplies of food, clothes, housing and general consumer goods. So far the Kremlin has failed, but that does not necessarily mean that the Russians may not eventually produce sufficient supplies to meet the needs of the population comfortably. It appears doubtful, however, because of political restrictions and excessive bureaucracy, that the Soviets can ever match the industrial efficiency of the United States. But they might come close enough to it to solve their own particular problems. The Russians, never having had much, will probably be satisfied for a long time with less than Americans demand. Copyright by the North American Newspaper Alliance.

Roosevelt Promised Independence To Morocco?

WASHINGTON, June 19 (U.P.A.): Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary General of the Middle East Arab League, said President Roosevelt had promised the Sultan of Morocco his independence from France.

Azzam Pasha said Roosevelt's commitment was made verbally at the Casablanca Conference in 1943. He said the late President had told Sultan Mohammed Yussef that "we cannot allow this state of affairs to continue after the war."

Azzam Pasha said that from his own conversations he assumed this meant the United States would guarantee Moroccan freedom. He said furthermore he assumed this meant all French administration in North Africa would be liquidated.

Azzam Pasha told a press conference: "The rising East in Asia and North Africa will no longer tolerate a dominating West. The Arab world forms part of this great East and stands for its own ideology which is neither Communism, Imperialism nor Capitalism."

Azzam Pasha said, "The Arab League stands for the national freedom of all peoples against any discrimination in race, religion or colour. The League's views on many problems natural clash with the temporary interests of various powers or ideologies. However, we want the world to understand that we mean well to every one. We know we cannot live prosperous and strong in a weak and miserable world. If we quarrel with British, French or Spanish imperialism it is not with the object of impoverishing these powers. Rather, it is to find out a more reasonable and human basis for co-operation.....

"We are opposed to Italy coming to dominate in one form or another Libya which resisted Italian colonisation by force for more than twenty years both before and after the Fascist regime. It drained the resources of Italy in both money and manpower. In consequence we cannot see how theories such as those of Sumner Welles of having Italy back in Libya can help in that country's reconstruction or in the maintenance of stability in the Mediterranean.

"I want you to realise that the Arab League in opposing world Zionism does not in any way intend to clash with Jewish people anywhere. It is with aggressive Zionism that we differ. Although America at the moment is giving the most effective financial support to this aggressive Zionism in Palestine my experience, during my short stay here, has confirmed my opinion that the American public regards the whole thing from a different angle—an angle of pure sentiment and humane feeling towards a persecuted displaced people."

REORGANISATION OF INDIAN CLOTH INDUSTRY

(CONTRIBUTED.)

In spite of our country having more than ten million spindles and more than two lacs looms, cloth production during the war and after has not been able to keep pace with demands. There is acute shortage of cloth in India.

From the figures given it would appear that Indian mills at present produce about forty-eight hundred million yards of cloth and hand-loom another fifteen hundred million yards. Out of this, export and the Government requirements account for about twelve hundred million yards. A large mass of people is daily crying for more cloth at cheaper rates. Obviously efforts should seriously start from the production and to release the situation.

The Indian Textile Industry in its spinning and weaving section is an unbalanced one according to foreign cloth standard and balanced cloth standard. Balanced cloth according to experts' definition is a cloth that contains the maximum number of ends and picks per inch of equal counts. A majority of our mills are unbalanced according to these standards and so we have got many extra spindles whose yarn production is being consumed in the mills by using higher reeds and widths than necessary and so there is this much extra wastage of yarn.

If scientific ways and means to increase production are followed, it is claimed that there will be substantial increase amounting to 20 per cent and odd in the cloth production and the present supply to the hand-looms can be increased by 50 per cent and odd. Yarn counts can be reduced and made coarse by about 10 per cent. Waste in the shape of unnecessarily heavy reeds can be reduced. Elimination of unnecessarily wide cloth; and weft count, if made coarser than warp, can also substantially help in the process of increased production. Incidentally, the structure of cloth is also strengthened, thus giving to the people more durable cloth.

Schemes In The Field

This is not merely an academic affair. There are some schemes already before the Government and the Control Board. Past schemes of standard cloth received a bad name because of some defects of the same and the indifferent attitude evinced by the industry, Government and the people. The public requires balanced and stronger quality of cloth. The need is abundance and not fineness. Mr. K.M.D. Thackersey, Chairman of the Textile Board, has also sponsored one scheme which claims the increase of production by 10 per cent. Then there is another scheme by Mr. Vadilal Lallubhai representative of the Mill-owners in the Central Legislature. This scheme has been partially implemented in the Textile Mill under his management. The results are very encouraging and are embodied in his book "Towards Increased Cloth Productions". This book is now published and is an interesting contribution on the subject.

If the methods suggested are followed, there will be no need for distribution and price control. However, rigid control on production will have to be enforced and tightened. This will give to the public considerably more quantities of cloth and that too of balanced and stronger qualities eliminating all waste. People will have to put a check on their demands for wearing fine varieties. The author says. "The country must decide between abundance of cloth supply and fine varieties. I have no doubt in my mind about the country's decision which is bound to be in favour of quality and quantity and against luxuries in this period of great scarcity verging on famine".

The present scheme envisages a production equal to, or a little more than, the period January to June 1946, which figure comes to 360 million yards per month when the working period was 9 hours a day. According to the figures of the past three years, the average production was about 400 million yards per month. Thus the textile industry should be asked to produce 400 million yards per month and not 360 as envisaged, by taking the figures of January-June 1946.

Some Suggestions

For a proper re-organisation of textile industry with a view to increasing production of cloth and yarn, the following principles should be kept in mind:—

(1) Standardisation of counts both for spinning mills and composite (spinning and weaving) mills.

(2) Standardisation of sorts reducing them to a minimum.

(3) Spinning of coarser counts.

(4) Standardisation of widths in such a way that there is no unnecessary wide cloth manufactured.

(5) The weft yarn should be coarser than the warp yarn.

(6) The difference between reed and pick should be as little as possible and should be scientifically kept low.

(7) The yarn strength and the cloth strength should be scientifically tested and standardised.

There is a keen controversy about the respective merits of different schemes. However, it cannot be gainsaid that if production is for utility and to serve national needs and not to serve the profit motive, then this or a similar scheme should be enforced by the State. The sands of time are running out and it is for the people concerned to take action and not wait in futile controversies.

International Financial Storm Ahead

NEW YORK, June 18, (A. P. A.): American Government officials and leaders of private business seem agreed that an international financial storm is coming within the next six months, but predictions on its intensity range from light gale to typhoon.

Most forecasters base their predictions on the same evidence:

1. Reserves of American dollars and gold in foreign countries are rapidly evaporting. They will disappear or become dangerously low within a matter of months.

2. American visible exports in the first four months of this year were at an all-time high, while imports continued low. If the same disparity continues through the rest of the year, exports would exceed imports by about $10,000,000,000.

3. Sharply higher prices foreign countries must pay for imports are eating up the British loan and loans to other countries at a faster rate than anticipated. (One source estimated the British loan would be exhausted by mid-1948).

4. The British sterling bloc is due to be broken up in the coming months. (A start must be made by July 15, under the British loan agreement).

The only difference in interpretation of these facts by American authorities, both Government and private, is in the severity of the storm which is brewing.

There are some indications the wide gap between American exports and imports may narrow as the year progresses. Statistic for the month of April, the latest authoritative figures available, disclose that exports declined slightly from the record post-war high of March, while imports increased.

D. W. Michener, Associate Director of research of the Chase National Bank, who quoted a "well-informed British visitor" as saying the British loan would be expended by the middle of next year, said "additional loans and gifts from this country must be largely relied upon to balance accounts."

Among the most commonly suggested measures to weather the storm ahead are these:

1. Still further large loans or gifts to foreign Governments, through international agencies (Word Bank), United States Government agencies, and private interests.

2. Sharp increases in American imports. The American State Department has this in mind in its current efforts at Geneva to lower world trade barriers.

3. Reduction in American prices. This would enable foreign countries to get more for their dollar.

4. European recovery. The continent is slowly but surely recovering from the effects of war, and its supply of dollars will increase as production for export grows. The tremendous gap to be closed is indicated, however, by the fact that American exports to Europe in March nearly 10 times the imports from the continent.

5. Restrictions on dollar transactions by foreign Governments. Nearly all European countries already are rigidly controlling expenditures of dollars, limiting them to purchase of capital goods such as heavy industrial equipment for basic reconstruction.

6. The scaling down of sterling balances owed by Britain or the controlled release of these credits over a long period of time.

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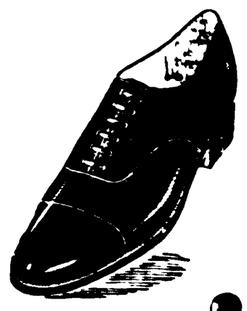

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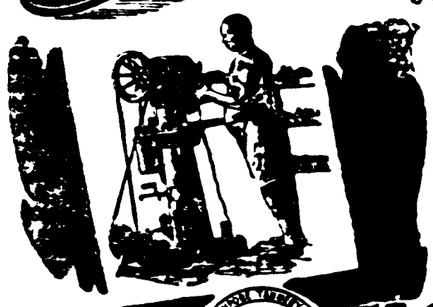

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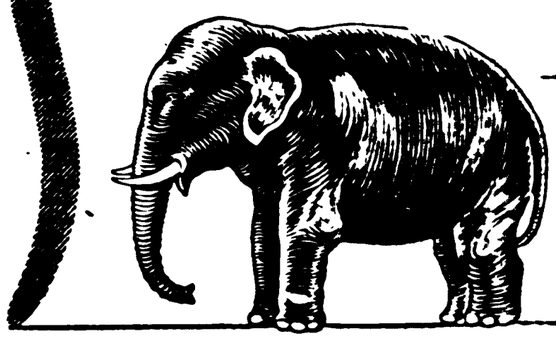

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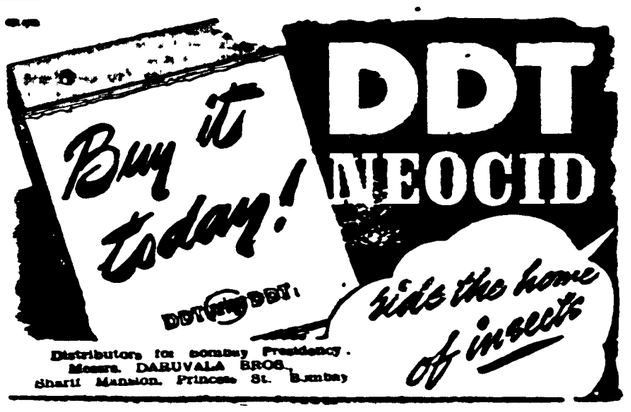

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Servants Of India Society

Admirable Record Of Patriotic Activities In Many Fields

(By P. S. Dravid)

The Servants of India Society founded by the late Mr. G. K. Gokhale in 1905 celebrated its forty-second anniversary in the last week. That the Society had been carrying on very useful work touching almost every aspect of social, political and economic life of the people in India is sufficiently evidenced by its report for the year 1946 47. Pundit Kunzru, easily the albest and foremost member of the Society, has been the President for three years successively. He occupies a high rank among the politicians of the day and his fearless and learned exposition of the public interest on the floor of the Council of State has deservedly earned for him the gratitude of the public. He is a member of the Constituent Assembly and his work as the Chairman of the National Cadet Corps has been quite commendable. In recognition of his masterly studies in the intricate problems relating to the Indian Army he has been appointed a member on the Committee for the Nationalisation of the Army, the first instalment of the report of which has already been published. He made an extensive tour of the riot-affected villages in the districts of Noakhali and Tippera and published an elaborate statement containing the account of the outrages that were committed on the minorities there.

Indefatigable Thakkar Bapa

Mr. Amrutlal Thakkar, The Vice-President of the Society, affectionately known as 'Thakkar Bappa', has completely identified himself with the work of upliftment of the Harijans and the aboriginal and criminal tribes. Under his able guidance welfare work among the aboriginals is being carried on in C. P., Orissa and Behar. His persistent and tireless efforts in this behalf have latterly attracted the attention both of the public and the Government to this important social and humanitarian work which had been so far ignored. In grateful consideration of his yeoman's services in this field the Constituent Assembly, of which he is a member, appointed him the Chairman of the Sub-committee for considering the problem of the aboriginal and other neglected tribes. Thakkar Bappa has also served on the Minorities Committee and the Fundamental Rights Committee with distinction.

Labour Organisation

In the sphere of Labour organisation, Messrs. Bakhale and Dinkar Desai, in Bombay, and Messrs. S. R. Venkatraman and S. S. Misra, in Madras and Orissa respectively, have been doing useful work. The U. P. Government have appointed Mr. Bakhale to work as Chairman of the Committee for reporting on the conditions of the labour in the province. Mr. Bakhale is also a member of the Bombay Legislative Council and has taken a prominent part in the discussions on the Bills like the Shop Assistants' Bill and Tenancy Act. Mr. Dinkar Desai has been the Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress for seven years. He attended the International Maritime Labour Conference at Seattle in U.S.A. and toured that country to study the labour conditions.

Village Uplift

Besides Mr. Thakkar Bappa, who is also one of the members of Kasturba Memorial Trust, several members of the Society have dedicated themselves to the work among the Harijans and the tribes. Messrs. Shyam Sunder Misra, Ramashankar Misra and S. R. Venkatraman have in their respective provinces rendered considerable work in the cause of the Harijans. Several rural upliftment centres have been functioning under the aegis of the Society. Mr. Ramashankar Shukla has been conducting two centres,—Sarsa and Khiri--in the district of Allahabad and Mr. L. N. Rao has established some centres in the Malabar under the late Devdhar Memorial Trust Fund.

In regard to Famine Relief work Mr. Thakar, at the instance of the Bombay Famine Relief Committee toured the Southern Maratha Districts, severely affected by famine, and rendered succour wherever necessary. Mr. Ambekar in like manner performed this work in about 75 villages. Last year at the request of the Government of India Mr. Sharangpani had visited Malaya to examine the conditions of the Indians confined there. Many of the suggestions contained in his report in this behalf have been adopted by the Govern, ment. In the field of Journalism, too the Society has been making valuable contribution. Mr. A. D. Mani edits Hitawad,' an English daily, at Nagpur. He has been actively participating in the proceedings of the All India Journalists Association and is, moreover, a member of the various sub-committees entrusted with the work of watching and safeguarding the rights and privileges of the Indian journalists. Members of the Society have been actively associated with activities in the spheres of Scouting, peasants organisation and spread of education.

True To Ideal Set By Gokhale

It will be observed that the Society's work has been valuable though unostentatious. There has been no bluff about the work. The late Gokhale had set the ideal of Selfless devotion to the public for the members of the Society. That ideal has been steadily and unassumingly followed by the members of the Society. We, therefore, feel it a pleasure to pay our warm tribute to the members of the Society for their earnest and many sided contribution to the betterment of our people and hope that in the years to come the Society will continue to live up to the same noble ideal of selfless dedication to the public work.

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CALL FOR A UNITED INDIA

(By N. H. PANDIA).

To some Congressmen, the giving of consent, by Congress Ministers on the Interim Government, to a partition of the country, may appear to be an act of scuttle, an act of abject surrender to others, the act may seem disproportionate to the situation and as one inevitably leading to loss of prestige of the Indian National Congress; to yet others, the act may appear as likely to cause di may, particularly, among non-Muslims residen in the Pakistan area. All those will be inclined to blame the Congress Ministers in the Interim Government, for giving their consent.

Fairness, however, requires that we should consider the position in which these leaders as responsible statesmen, responsible for the welfare of the masses, found themselves at this juncture.

The facts are that the Muslim League had for some considerable time past been carrying on a raging and tearing progpaganda for Pakistan It had adopted a catching slogan; the slogan was kept intensely repetitive, it was given a varied and colourful presentation and it was broadcast through letters, speeches, meetings and in innumerable other ways. The Muslim mas mind was thereby steeped in Pakistanism. This campaign for Pakistan was not met by Congress by any vigorous counter-propaganda. Such propaganda as there was, was half-hearted sporadic and too weak to touch th mass-mind.

DIFFERING IDEOLOGIES

There were totally different ideologies in the field, viz., that of the Indian National Congress, that of the Muslim League and that of the Indian States, ach pulling i different directions. The Muslim League throughout displayed its inability to rise above purely communal considerations. This was preventing th country from progressing steadily in a straight line. The Chamber of Princes itself, was divided and became a partisan body torn by factions. There was lit le pro pect of any agreement being reached among these three major elements in Indian politics.

Britain had gone back on its undertaking that a minority would not be suffered indefinitely to impede the progress of a majority. The conditions in the country were steadily and rapidly deteriorating. Communal tension was increasing. It was reffected in rioting and bad feeling throughout the country.

COMMENDABLE EFFORTS

Such a situation could not be left to deteriorate any further. If not tackled without loss of time, it was bound to get worse leading to further destruction and disruption. Moreover, the solution of problems with high priority such as food and clothing, were demanding concentrated attention. The various post-war reconstruction plans were in jeopardy.

Congress Ministers in the Interim Government were naturally worried about the country; and their anxiety deepened and grew, as hopes were falsified and economic and other difficulties of the after math of war accumulated and lay still more on a divided nation, cutting doubly over lives and feelings.

Congress' protracted endeavours to discover a plan which would command support from the leaders of all communities were highly commendable, but the Congress Ministers would have been to blame if they had persisted in their attempt after failure had been obvious to all. The Ministers entertained rightly a deep sense of the urgency of finding a solution and a settlement and when none better was forthcoming, they accepted the latest proposals emanating from the British Government.

It would be wrong, therefore, to blame the Congress Ministers in the Interim Government for what they did. The communal situation in the country is not of their making. If any one is to blame, the past proceedings and acts of the Indian National Congress, are to blame for what has occurred and is occurring today. The present Ministers cannot be made the scapegoats for that. The peoples' vote sent them to the Ministry and in the honest and best exercise of their discretion they acted in a manner they considered to be in the best interest of the country. Those who quarrel with their action should consider first whether they would have acted otherwise, if placed in the circumstances in which the Ministers were placed, and secondly, whether they have a better and more practical and realistic alternative to suggest, which will bring speedily much needed peace and progress to the country.

Taking all things into consideration, the best course appears to be to get on in a business like manner with the programme outlined on June 3rd, so that at the earliest possible moment India may get into its own and may start building according to its own ideology. All controversy on the merits or demerits of Pakistan should cease. Pakistanists like all others, are entitled to learn by trial and error. In the meanwhile let us sink petty differences and mutual suspicions and bring out the qualities of unity, organisation resourcefulness, discipline and fore sight. Much has to be done in these directions. Let us, Indians all with out raising unnecessary controversies, profiting by our own past errors, and working in good fellow ship, bend unitedly to the most urgent task of making India fit, by virtue of its attainments, to take its premier place in the hegemony of great natoons.

Future Of Goan People

Problem Touches Lakhs Of Lives

By: OBSERVATEUR

The propaganda published in the rigidly-controlled and precensored papers in Goa shows that an organized attempt is being made to confuse and mislead the people o Goa over their future in Free India.

PORTUGUESE PROPAGANDA

To cite two recent nd typical statements, the head of the Roman Catholic Church, D. Jose de Nunes Patriarch, asserts:

The Catholics (of Goa) are westernized. They are as much Portuguese as the Portuguese of Portugal. They have nothing to do with the ancient civilization of India and therefore they are opposed to Goa' incorporation in India. If Portugal does not succeed in capturing the friendship of Catholics, Goa is lost for us.

'*O Bharat,*" edited by a Hindu, Hegde Desai, writes:

In Goa, there is no conflict between these two lasses (landlords and agriculturists or *bhatcars* and *mundcars* in Concani). Never has the *bhatcar* put obstacles in the way of the *mundcar* when he wanted to emigrate at his will, when he wanted to buy property and build houses.

Under the Goan press law, every single line published has to be approved by the official censor and it is claimed that no violent personal attacks are permitted. But as the editorial in the *Bharat* from which I'm quoting contains an attack on a prominent political worker in Bombay, the readers of the Goa press interpret it as part of official propaganda.

GOA MEANS EMIGRANTS

It is a well-known fact that every able-bodied Goan, both Hindu and Roman Catholic, is forced to emigrate out of economic necessity. The Goan poverty is something appalling and makes a tragic contrast to the beauty of the landscape, a certain amount of natural opulence and unutilized wealth and untapped resources. The Goan people are the most industrious and personally loveable. They mass-emigrate and the fine houses you see in Pangim, Margao, Mapuca and throughout Goa represent the hard work and enterprize of the emigrant. It is not Goa's feudal landlords but the mass of emigrants who have made and maintain Goa. Other classes live parasitically n these toilers condemned to exile.

Sometime ago, a writer in the *Journal de Geneva*, analyzing the problem of India's future constitution, had suggested that even if India became free, there would remain pockets of foreign dominat on—the French and Portuguese settlements. The fascist foothold in the latter would constitute a perpetual danger, he had suggested. The words of the reverend Portuguese gentleman I hav quoted above appear to confirm this view.

NO RESISTANCE—WHY?

But some of us who have known and loved the Goan people and have always chrished sentiments of friendship and interest in their affairs are concerned with the problem that affects lakhs of human lives The mass of the emigrants is like the mass of our people. In fact, the Goan people are our people—racially, culturally and in every respect. They have lived for centuries under the economic empire of foreign rulers allied with the *bhartcar* and small *safaidposh* class that lives parasitically and have been systematically exploited.

On present information and testimony obtained from various sources, it has to be admitted that there is no strong political movement of resistance in Goa. The *satyagraha* movement flared up for a time under superficial stimuli and has died out inevitably after Purshottam Kakodkar, the one leader who knew the psychology of his people and possessed extraordinary vision, was arrested and deported. But there is no reason to assume that the Goan people lack in patriotism. The simple fact remains that they are held in the powerful vice-like grip of their foreign rule and the agencies that have always worked hand-in-gove with that rule.

CHOOSE YOUR FUTURE

The irony of the situation is that long before the Indian National Congress was born, a Goan, Francisco Luis Gomes, had lighted the flame of Indian nationalism. He proclaimed the inspiring message of Indian Nationalism in Europe and was warmly greeted by the *esprits de libre* who imbibed their inspiration from the French Revolution. Luis de Menezes Brganza, who trained an entire generation in the liberal thought and rationalism, followed him. Both these men were Roman Catholics by birth and training although they raised a standard of revolt against the exploitation of their people in the name of religion.

What is now the future of Goans? My contention is that they have every right to live in complete freedom wherever they like in this country and share common Indian prosperity. Their rulers and their parasites might want to isolate and employ them in the designs of maintaining foreign or native hegemony. This is exactly what they are trying to do. But that need hardly affect our view of the Goan people's problem—a problem, I cannot too often stress, that touches lives of lakhs of people living in Greater India. They have a right to live peacefully and should not be made to accept responsibility, or statements of foreign agencies of any and every kind. Their Patriarch wants them--or the Roman Catholics amongst them—to fight for Portuguese rule. They are welcome to do it if they choose. But if they choose, it they cannot live, work and share common Indian prosperity and progress. Let them choose.

CEYLON'S CONSTITUTIONAL STATUS

GLASGOW, June 19. (Reuter): There was naturally some surprise at the announcement that the constitution of Ceylon is to be amended since it was only drafted two years ago, and can hardly be said to be functioning at the present time, says the independent Scottish daily, "The Glasgow Herald", in an editorial to-day.

"The Glasgow Herald" adds: "It is known that there has been considerable political and economic agitation in the island recently, but while the economic argument has been mainly concerned with tea prices and fiscal duties on imports and exports, political unrest has naturally been influenced by events in India, and more particularly by the surprising changes since Lord Mountbatten's arrival in Delhi three months ago.

"There is no question of partition as in India, and political differences have been less envenomed on the island than the mainland; but the Sinhalese have nevertheless watched the changing scene across the water with close attention and the prospect of India emerging as two dominions of the Empire appears to have concentrated the issue on that particular point.

"The Balfour definition of 1926 and the Statute of Westminster in 1931 leave no doubt that dominion status ranks higher in the constitutional category than colonial Government of the representative or even quasi-responsible type and now that Mr. Nehru and Mr. Jinnah have both declared for dominion status, Ceylon will be satisfied with nothing less".

Film Of Mozart's Life

HOLLYWOOD, (Reuter)

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer has revived its project for producing a picture dealing with the career of Mozart, the famous 18th century composer.

Robert Walker will play Mozart in the film and Kathryn Grayson will appear opposite him in the role of a blind pianist.

Sonja Levien has been assigned to work on the scenario and is visiting Europe to obtain background material for the script.

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LAHORE Sir P. M. ROAD

Pre-Settlement Realising On Stock Exchange

COTTON MARKET DECLINES AFTER FIRM OPENING

Bullion Prices Quietly Steady

BOMBAY, June 20.

The Bombay Stock Exchange during one hour session was firm at the start but later quietened on moderate realising. It being the last day of the fortnightly settlement there was some evening up of open interest and moderate realising resulted in general losses from the opening improvement. The undertone of the market was good and the market was steady at the decline

Tata Steel Dfd shares opened at Rs. 2065 and improved at Rs 2075 but reacted at Rs. 2040. Ordinary shares opened at Rs 403 and declined at Rs. 398. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1130 and declined at Rs. 1105, Kohinoors opened at Rs. 656 and improved at Rs 660 but reacted at Rs 652 Simplex shares opened at Rs. 361 and came down at Rs. 356 while Swadeshi after opening at Rs. 662 declined at Rs. 653 Scindia shares opened at Rs. 32/8 and quietened at Rs. 32 2.

	Range Rs.	Diff Rs.
Tata Steel Dfd	37 8	+7/8
Tata Steel Ord.	6	+1/2
Dyeing	30	—5
Kohinoor	17	1
Swadeshi	10	—2
Nagpur	9	—7
Simplex	6	—2
New Great	2	—1
Gokak	7	—2
Indore	5	—10

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1105 Kohinoor 652 Swadeshi 653 Nagpur 312 Simplex 356 New Great 388 Gokak 336 Indore 577/8 Century 985 Colaba 250 I Bleaching 154 Swan 357/8 Finlay 313 Morarji 597/8 Edward 685 Meyer 233/12 Apollo 4/6 I U Ord 16/10 I U Dfd 3 2 Madhusudan 305 Poddar 347 8 Khatau 315

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 398 Tata Steel Dfd 2040 Second Pref 186

CEMENT

Associated Merger 174/4

INDUSTRIES

Burma 487/8 Bellapur 273 Shivrajpur 39 Scindia 32/2 Construction 205/8 Tata Chemical 15 Tata Oil 76 Indian Iron 36/6 Bengal Steel 29/10

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 115 Tata Hydro 175/8 Andhra 1610 Tata Power 1695

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 91 Phoenix 1177/8 India Manufacturing 3700 Koorla 290 Dawn 1602/8 David 147/8 New City 223/12 Minerva 210 Bradbury 630 Bharucha (Defd) 8 Bharat 52 8 Mysore 300 Madhavji 17 Model 196/4 Laxmi 160/8 Vishnu 620 Western 3600 Standard 562/8 Sholapur 6185 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 3600 Tata 79/8 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 80 New Union 18 Madhusudan B 60 Shrinivas 350 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 71/8

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 161/4 (New) 108/12 Surat 243/12 New Prem 160 Karachi 132/8 Broach 12/1 Almer 13/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Jaigaon 14/12 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 202/8 Bombay Suburban 160 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem 90

BANK SHARES

Reserve 120/8 Imperial 2275 P P 575 Central X R 99/8 Coupon 22 8 India 241 Union 10/12 Baroda 170 Habib 139 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 80/8 Jaipur 62 Hindustan Com. 48 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ord) 55 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental X D 5600 Empire 810 New India 82/2 Jupiter 34 Vulcan 16 Indian Mercantile 57/8 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22 British India General 22 Industrial Prudential 40 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 31.

RAILWAYS.

O. P. 110 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 101

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X D 585 Steamer 547/8 Burma New 168/12 Burma Petrol 4/3 Mackenzie 185 Port Canning 78 Kemp 470 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 104/8 Wimco 282/8 Dharamsey Chemical 36 Mukund Iron 11/4 Dena Trust 24 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 65 A C C New 55/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 825

PREFERENCE SHARES

Tata Steel (1st Pref) 208/12 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1375 Tata Power 1425 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 685 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 805 Laxmi 302/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 121/4 Bradbury 550 Surat Elec 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref) 128 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/9 B I C 10/5 Burma Corporation 4/11 New Victoria 5/6 New Victoria Preference 7/4 Raja 32 Phalton 110 Gold Mohur 370 Kaiser-I-Hind 400 Sajjan 290 Osmanshahi 280 Adamshahi 250 Air Services 18 Air India 180 Birla Motor 8/6 Marshal 7/8

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES

MILLS

Apollo 4 8 4/7 4/8 4/6
B. Dyeing 1135 20 25 2/8 5
C. India 321 22 18 20 12
Colaba 250 51/4 50
E. Textiles 680 85
Elphinstone Pref. 121/14 21/4
Finlay 317 18 16 18 11 13
Gokak 342 35 36
I. U. Defd 3/4 3/2
I. U. Ord 17/4 16/14 16/15 16/14
Indore 677/8 75 73/12 80 77/8
Khatau 315
Kohinoor 668 58 59 58 61 53 56 52
[illegible]
Model 196 4
[illegible]
New Union 17/10 18
Model 347 8
Simplex 359 62 58 64 54 56
[illegible]
Swadeshi 663 58 62 53
Tata Mills 79/8

BANKS

Baroda 170
Central 99 8 99 100 99/8
Imperial Old 2275 85 80 85 75
Imperial New 575
India 241 42 41
Reserve 120/8
Union 10/12

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 161/4 60
B. Tram Ord. 115 15/4 15 15/8 14 8 15
B. Tram Pref. 50
Hydro 175/8
Power 1690 95
New India Ass. 83/8 82/8
Scindia Steam 32 4 32/8 32/8 32/4 32/1

STEEL

B. Steel 30 29 9 29/10
I. Iron 36/12 36/14 36/8 36/11 36/7
Tata Defd 2070 57/8 70 65 77/8 60 65 40
Tata Ord. 403 4 1 3/8 398/8 99 98
Tata 2nd Pref. 166/8 66

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 582/8 85
A. C. C. Old 175/8 74 8 75 74
A. C. C. New 56/8 55/4 56 55 55 8
Belapur 274 75 72 73 72 73
B B. Old 485 90 87/8
B. B Petrol 4/2/3 4/3
Port Canning 76/8 78
P. Construction 211 7 205/8
Shivraipur 39/4 39
Tata Chemical 15/4 15/8 15
Tata Oil 77 75/8 76
Wimco 280 82/8

SPECIAL

Kohinoor Coupon 72 71/8
Central Bank Coupon 22 92/8
Poona Elec. 197/8 202/8

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, June 20.

B C. Rates T T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. B. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. B. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying D. B. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. B. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Months

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1 6 3/16 7th and 9th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES.

B.C Rate T. T R 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T T. D D. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D N. Y. Rs. 329.

Montreal Rs 328 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D D. N Y Rs 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2 not under L/C

Paris Banks selling T. T. Fcs. 3550

Paris Banks Buying T. T Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fl 79.

Java Banks Selling T T D D nil.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 157

Burma Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 100 1/2

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 11/16 to 4.02 13/16.

London Discts. 3 mos 17/32%.

London Discts 6 mos. 9/16-5/8%.

Reserve Bank Rate 3% Bank of England Rate 2%.

Money:—Call 1/4 p c, 3 Months 1/2 p c, 6 Months 3/4 p c. 12 Months 1-1/4 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

LONDON SILVER PRICES UNCHANGED.

LONDON, June 19, (U. P. A.): Trading remained extremely idle during today's session of the London silver market. Prices were unchanged. Both spot and two months forward were quoted at 42 pence per ounce.

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, June 20.

In view of the recent rapid rise the Bombay Bullion Market after firm opening reacted on moderate realising. As pointed out before the supply position is very strong in the absence of fresh arrivals as the Government has stopped imports. Thus the market is likely to be pushed up to any new high level. Under such a state short sales remain dangerous.

Ready Silver opened today at Rs. 180 and improved at Rs. 180/8 under moderate buying At this level there was heavy realising and the market declined at Rs. 179.

Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 116/8 Ashad delivery Gold opened today at Rs. 117/4 and declined at Rs. 116/4 on profit-taking. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 74/8.

Final quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	179	2	0
Ready Gold	116	8	0
Ashad Gold	116	4	0
Sovereigns	74	8	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, June 20.

The local cotton market opened very steady but reacted on scattered realising. There was no fresh development and with routine business the market slowly but steadily improving.

September delivery opened at Rs. 449/4 and declined at Rs. 448 on scattered realising. July was quoted at Rs 437. So far there is no rain but hopes of rains in the near future is inducing buyers to become cautious and some holders are clearing profits with a view to enter again.

Later on there was increased selling and the market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I. C. C. July	434	14	0
I. C. C. September	446	6	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1459 cent points below New York September at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
July	437	434	436
Sept.	448-1/4	444	447-3/8
Karachi 4F July	48-5-9	47-9-6	48-1-0

TRADING AFTER CLOSE

After the official close there were unfounded bearish rumours which brought down Tata Steel Dfds. at Rs 2.015/- but improved at Rs. 2,025/-

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, June 20.

The produce market was fairly steady with moderate speculative support. The general feeling is moderately bullish owing to absence of rains.

Castorseeds September delivery opened to-day at Rs 142/12 and advanced at Rs. 143/8 under active speculative buying and short covering. At the rise there was some realising and Castorseeds September delivery quietened at Rs. 143/2.

Linseed July opened at Rs. 28/6 but reacted at Rs. 28/3 September was also quoted at Rs. 28/3 and ready linseed was placed at Rs. 28/6.

Groundnut Khandesn quality were quoted at Rs. 33 8 while Coromandal and Bold stood at Rs. 32/4.

Later on there was renewed buying and Castorseeds improved at Rs. 143/4 while Linseed was quoted at Rs. 28/4.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, June 20

Tata Ordinary 398 Tata Deferred 2040 Indian Iron 36/7 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 29/10 Bombay Dyeing 1105 Central India 311/14 Gokak 336/4 Kohinoor 651/14 Simplex 356 Swadeshi 653/2 Tata Power 1695 Associated Cement 174 Belapur 273/2 Bombay Burma (Old) 487/8 Scindia 32/1 Central Bank 99/6 New India 82/8 Tata 2nd Pref. 166/4

CHICAGO GRAINS ACTIVE AND FIRM

CHICAGO, June 19, (U.P.A.): Active trading and firm prices featured today's session of the Chicago Commodity Exchange.

Corn touched a new 27 year high, reflecting a strong cash situation and the persistency of wet weather which is hampering the completion of planting and increasing the risk of early frost damage later in the season. Mills bought wheat against flour sales to Belgium.

NEW YORK SEED PRICES

NEW YORK, June 19 (UPA.)

The following were closing prices of seeds on the New York Market to-day:

Black pepper 32 to 38 cents nom.
White pepper 47 asked.
Castorseeds 170
Cottonseeds 90 to 110.
Flaxseed 6.20
Others Unchanged.

In the pepper futures market, the tightening spot situation imparted a firmer tone to black pepper. Buyers raised their bids round two cents without dislodging offerings. At the close, the 1st ruled general 200 higher. Spot dealers bought jobbing lots of around 50 bags black at 32. Grinder interest remained slow.

Closing prices included: July 32 bid September 30 bid; October December January, March 46 [illegible] 47 nom.

Fancy Price For Pet Lamb's Wool

SYDNEY, June 19 (Reuter): A miniature bale of black wool shorn from "Sambo" a pet lamb belonging to Prince William of Gloucester, realised £350 at Sydney wool actions today.

The bale was submitted under the instruction of His Royal Highness Prince William of Gloucester.

The proceeds will go to a legacy club which looks after the welfare of ex-servicemen's children.

Prince William aged five, is the eldest son of the Duke of Gloucester, former Governor-General of Australia.

WALL STREET RECORDS TWO POINTS RISE

NEW YORK, June 19.

Stocks: The news that an agreement has been reached in the East and Gulf coast shipping strike boosted the market and resulted in gains of fractions to two points in relatively modest dealings. The best support was for leading motors, foods, rails, shippings, oils, steels, meat packings and papers Some stocks lagged, however notably. American Telephone which was under steady pressure with misgivings regarding the maintenance of the 9 dollar annual dividend because of the recent cuts in payments by operating subsidiaries. The averages were industrials 176.04 and rails 45.41. Buying enthusiasm waned in the afternoon but pressure continued light and the market held around the highest levels. Numerous traders became cautious whilst awaiting President Truman's decision the labour bill Since the elimination of the Tax Bill Wall Street sentiment regarding a Truman action on labour legislation has undergone a steady change. The consensus of opinion today foresaw another Presidential veto but it is believed that this time the Congress might not sustain it—an occurrence which could signal for renewed stock accumulation. Stocks finished around the best day's levels with gains of two points and the market was at best levels since this recovery started.

American Telephone and Telegraph	151-1/2
Amerex Holding Co.	27-1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	34-1/4
Chase National Bank	34-1/8
Sinclair Oil	15-3/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	46
General Electric Co.	35-1/2
General Motors	59-1/4
Ingersole Rand	112
International Nickel	31-1/8
National City Bank of New York	39-1/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	14
Socony Vacuum Corporation	15
Texas Corporation	68-5/8
Union Caborn and Carbide	106
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	47
U. S. Steel Corporation (Common)	68
Western Union Telegraph	19-7/8

NEW YORK SILVER DOWN 3-5/8 CENTS

NEW YORK, June 19 (UPA.)

The price of silver was down 3-5/8 cents per fine ounce to 64-3 4 cents, the lowest price since September 21, 1945 when silver was quoted at 44-3 4 cents per ounce.

Lack of dollar exchange which sharply reduced foreign interests coupled with the slackening of the demand from domestic consumers resulted in a further lowering of the price by Handy and Harman in the market here.

The volume of business transacted today was probably less than 100,000 ounces.

Another minor factor in the weakening of the market was the recent ban on imports, including bullion. Since the ban, the New York Market has been filling licenses which remained outstanding and these helped slightly in sustaining a weak market, but all outstanding Indian licenses have now been filled

PEPPER PRICES EASIER IN LONDON

LONDON, June 19, (U.P.A.): Easier pepper prices prevailed during today's session of the London market.

White pepper was quoted at 2/2-1/2 and black at 1/6-1/4.

Short Covering Meets Realising In N. Y. Cotton

FUTURES 6 TO 10 POINTS HIGHER

NEW YORK, June 19, (U. P. A.): Moderately active trading featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. Prices turned reactionary following the mid-session rise to the highest since last October. Technical realizing and hedge selling swamped trade demand after five days of steadily rising prices. The setback was orderly but recent buyers were more cautious pending Washington developments on the Labour Bill. July climbed up to 37.24 before the reaction. the highest since the disastrous collapse last October.

COVERING IN JULY.

Today's session opened one to 15 higher. Prices scored maximum gains of 41 to 51 points and then closed a net six to 10 higher The forenoon strength was due to persistent covering in July before the notice day plus aggressive New Orleans, Wall Street, commission house and foreign buying which met with a limited scale up of hedging and realising. The nervousness in the July situation increased the fears that of a rail embargo, resulting from the shipping tie-up, may interfere with the shipments of cotton from the interior intended for contract delivery. The [illegible] aspect of the spot situation emphasized the news that the Army was requesting offerings of 20 000 bales of cotton for acceptance by June 24th based on October futures. While the amount was smaller than expected it is believed the Army may accept heavier amounts.

SCARCE SUPPLY.

Moreover, the request is for High grade cotton which is in scarce supply The Army cotton. it is presumed will be earmarked for shipment to Japan. A leading spot interest was again the leading seller in July. Offering 500 bales at each point advance, this interest put an estimated amount of 10.000 bales into the ring. Meanwhile, purchases of 15,000 bales in October and December positions were attributed to short covering by a speculative clique. Purchases of 3,000 bales of the far forwards October delivery was credited to European interests and investors who believe that the October delivery is underpriced in relation to other position and expect a higher Government loan rate.

INFLATIONARY SENTIMENT.

The underlying sentiment was becoming more inflationary-minded. Evan Clague, Commissioner of Labour and Statistics, announced that business activity was levelling off on a "high plateau" with no signs of a general downturn. Clague asserted that that "there was nothing" in the available employment and earning data to support the claims that business activity was heading into a general recession. In addition, the argument is raised that the Government's foreign economic programme would stimulate the export of American cotton. It is felt that if the demand for cotton holds itself near current levels there will be little opportunity to rebuild the current low stocks even with the expected large increase in production next season.

DEMAND FOR EARLY COTTON.

William Gerrard, General Manager of the Staple Cotton Co-operative Association, believes that early receipts of the new crop will be eagerly sought by the mills. He said that the mills, in many instances, have sold out all of their surplus stocks beyond their requirements to mid-October. He further added that the position of the mills will be "very serious" if they do not secure early cotton at the anticipated time of delivery.

The situation in July was still the dominant market influence While further technical adjustments are possible, usually shrewd observers favour sales on sharp advances

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 19.

July	36.20+08
October	31.87+07
October highest	32.20+48
October lowest	31.80+02
December	30.89+08
January	30 24+08
March	29.88+08
May	29 [illegible]+10
Middling Spot	36.0[illegible]—00

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 19.

July	36.00+23
October	31.26+20
December	30 77+17
March	30.06+16
May	29 80+16
Middling Spot	37.30+08

MEXICAN MONEY MARKET QUIET.

MEXICO CITY, June 18, (U. P. A.): Quietness prevailed during today's session of the Mexican Money Market. Gold remained steady at 4.06 and silver was quoted at 1.01.

U. S. GOLD STOCK RISES $97 000,000.

WASHINGTON June 19, (U. P. A.): The Federal Reserve Board today revealed that gold stocks rose $97,000 000 to $21.123,000,000 during the week ended June 18 as foreign countries continued to buy dollars with gold. Money in circulation declined $58 000,000 to 28,195.000 dollars.

INTEREST QUICKENS ON WORTH STREET

NEW YORK, June 19, (U. P. A.): The ascent of raw cotton prices to the highest level in nearly two months served to quicken buyer interest in practically all directions during today's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market.

Language Is Politics In Europe

Equality Of Tongues Seen In Federation

By H. Fehlinger, Worldover Press Correspondent

LUXEMBURG CITY.

Europe is only a small fraction of the land surface of the globe, but today it does business, educates its children, worships and seeks recreation in over 40 spoken and written languages.

Europe has always had such diversity of tongues, hindering intercourse between one group and another and often setting them at odds. But only with the rank growth of nationalism in the 20th century, did this Babel become a main cause of international strife. This has been particularly true in the frequent cases where people divided by language and culture have lived together in the same political community.

The root cause of quarrels between states, and finally wars, has usually been economic or strategic need. But the language problem can aggravate existing difficulties and become a contributory cause of war Indeed it can appeal more to the sentiment and emotions of ordinary people than prosaic questions of economics. Language has come to assume the function of a nation's "uniform", which a citizen of that nation can hardly take off or even disguise. Little wonder, then, that these "uniforms" have been exploited by the political leaders of Europe.

NO "MINORITY LANGUAGE"

Attempts to make a unified community of people speaking different tongues, have succeeded only when no favour has been shown any of those tongues. The Swiss, for example, speak four languages: German, French, Italian, and Romansch—together with its kindred dialect Ladin But though more than 70 per cent of the Swiss speak German (a majority in 19 of the 25 cantons), 21 per cent French, six per cent Italian and about one per cent Romansch and Ladin, none of the four is regarded as a minority language. In 1937 Romansch was added to the others as a "national" and official language, as in the debates of the Federal Parliament and the promulgation of laws.

In Belgium, both French and Flemish are official languages. In Finland equal rights are granted to Finnish and Swedish, although Swedes constitute only about 12 per cent of the population. But all other states of Europe, even those where linguistic minorities form a large part of the population, recognise one official language only, and not often do the majority and the minorities work together in harmony.

Minorities have hitherto been regarded as political entities needing special protection. This idea is now generally being abandoned. A provision in its Charter prohibits the United Nations from intervening in matters essentially domestic.

Europe's medley of tongues will long continue to aggravate her troubles, both national and international. How much would the situation improve in a European Federation? There would be unity among the states in things economic and material, but individuality in things cultural For our economic and political union, we would need an auxiliary language, but we would encourage the natural languages in homely and cultural pursuits. Boundaries would matter much less, and with them the question of minorities.

Every European knows how nationalism feeds upon differences of languages. He knows, too that nationalism is the worst obstacle to Europe's solidarity, yet without that solidarity he may lose everything he knows as civilization.

PRESS REPORTS CONTRADICTED.

A "communique" says. A news agency report appearing in the press yesterday stated that a poll was recently taken by the Defence authorities in all the three Commands on the issue of the division of the army and that 97 per cent. of the men opposed the division of the army The same report further states that certain senior Indian Army officers took part in the discussions carried on informally by the Congress High Command at the Defence Member's residence on June 17 Both these reports are entirely without foundation.

No poll on the question of the division of the forces has been taken in any of the three Commands nor has such a step even been contemplated. No Indian Army officer took part in any conference of the type referred to. Any suggestion that the army is seeking either directly or indirectly, to influence the political future of the country is entirely contrary to its training and traditions

Another report appear. today in a certain section of the press, alleges that a non-Muslim brigadier has been trying to lead a deputation to the Viceroy against the division of the forces. This report is equally without foundation.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, June 19

July 2.17-3/4 to 2.17.3/4.
September 2.14-1/2 to 2.15
December 2.13-3/4 to 2.13-3/4.
May 2.11 to 2.11

LONDON WHEAT

London, June 19

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 June-July quoted.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, June 19

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 44-1/4 cents.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 19.

Consols 2-1/2 pc	30-3/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc	0
1961	113
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	103-3/32
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	1[illegible]
Victory Bonds 4 pc	120-1/16
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	18-3/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	113-1/2
National Bank of India	36 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

London, June 19

Silver Spot 42 d. Silver Forward 42 d. Gold 168.12-6.

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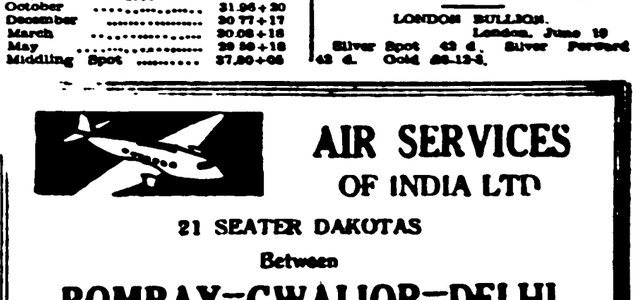
Why the wise use *Wisdom*

Widely spaced tufts clean teeth where teeth decay


Ordinary toothbrush cleans only the exposed surfaces, cannot reach the crevices between the teeth.
Wisdom tufts penetrate between the teeth and "search out" food particles which breed infection and cause decay.

THE Wisdom toothbrush has other correct-shape features. The short head fits the inner curve of the teeth and cleans the back of every tooth as thoroughly as the front. The cranked handle ensures easy and efficient brush-control at all angles.

The Wisdom toothbrush lasts longer too. Its nylon tufts stay springy *three times as long as animal bristles* and they won't come out. Don't merely ask for a "toothbrush": insist on a Wisdom.

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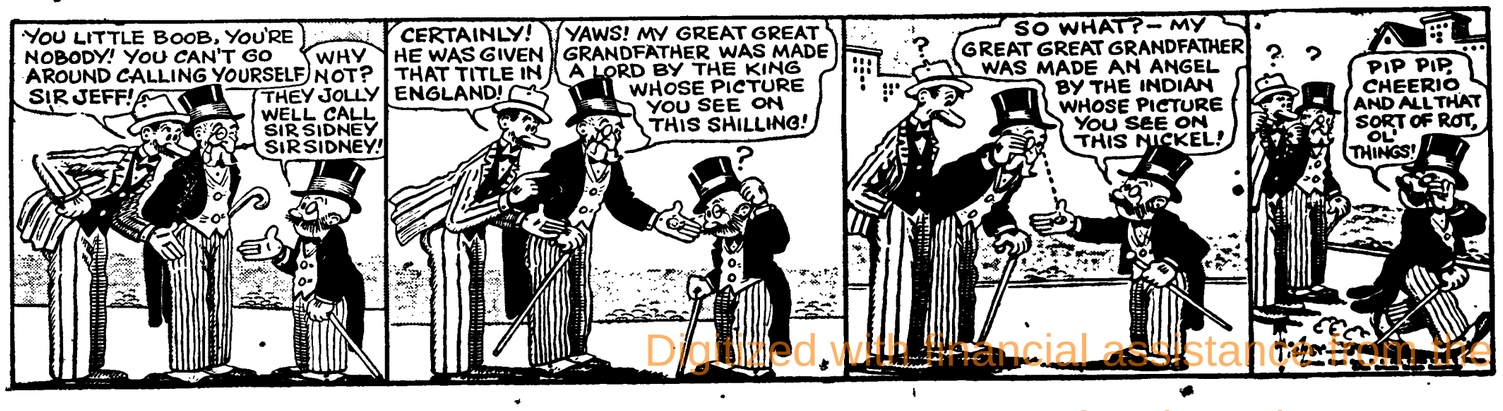
MUTT AND JEFF—Come To Think Of It The Indians Did Get Here First

By BUD FISHER


YOU LITTLE BOOB, YOU'RE NOBODY! YOU CAN'T GO AROUND CALLING YOURSELF SIR JEFF!
WHY NOT? THEY JOLLY WELL CALL SIR SIDNEY SIR SIDNEY!
CERTAINLY! HE WAS GIVEN THAT TITLE IN ENGLAND!
YAWS! MY GREAT GREAT GRANDFATHER WAS MADE A LORD BY THE KING WHOSE PICTURE YOU SEE ON THIS SHILLING!
SO WHAT?—MY GREAT GREAT GRANDFATHER WAS MADE AN ANGEL BY THE INDIAN WHOSE PICTURE YOU SEE ON THIS NICKEL!
PIP PIP, CHEERIO AND ALL THAT SORT OF ROT, OL' THINGS!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL.

Virgin, Maharashtrian, Graduate, 27, invites correspondence from Maharashtra any caste. View Matrimony, Post Box 3505, Bombay 4. (6270)

Wanted for a Punjabi Hindu young man, aged 28, owning a prospering business in Bombay, a cultured, good looking Punjabi young girl of suitable age. Dowry and caste no consideration. P. Singh, P. O. Box 225, Bombay. (6267)

Wanted a beautiful and cultured young girl from a respectable and rich Hindu family for an educated, handsome and healthy businessman of Twenty-three Contact Box No. 6253, "Bombay Chronicle."

Highly placed Punjabee Brahmin Officer 47/48, Widower, very healthy, monthly income over Rs. 1,000/- with grown up children needing motherly protection, invites confidential correspondence from highly respectable cultured, educated Brahmin ladies below 38. View matrimony Apply Box No. 6237, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted B.A.s, B.Sc.s, B.T.s teachers for School in Bardez, Goa. Salary upto Rs. 100. Apply early to Dr. Eric D'Mello, M.D., Bombay Mutual Building, Fort, Bombay. 6261

Wanted immediately experienced Gujarati Art or Science Graduates or undergraduates for C.V.O.S. Jain School, Opp. Kalachowki Post, Chinchpokli, Bombay, 12. Apply Principal. (6272)

Wanted Drawing Teacher. See Personally New Education High School, Chowpaty, Bombay. (6273)

Wanted for big Firm, experienced hand, having general knowledge of Import and Export lincs. One Specialising in Seeds and Spices preferred. Good Pay or Partnership for really capable hand. Apply Box No. 6235 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted four cultured ladies, between 15 and 25 years of age and one experienced Manager with good personality (all wholetime for a variety show company). Also wanted a Dancing and Music Group. Apply with details and latest photo to Mr. S. P. Sinha, B.A., General Manager, Room No. 21, Hotel Brindavan, Race Course Rd., Bangalore City. 6275

Wanted: Two trained Lady Graduate Teachers, one of them specialized in Mathematics. Three trained lady undergraduates teachers, one of them able to teach Mathematics upto class VIII, General Science, Music, Urdu Sanskrit and Sewing teachers. Apply to the manager N.A.K.P.'s High School Farrukhabad U.P., upto 30th. June 1947. Pay according to qualifications. Residential accommodation guaranteed. (4093)

Wanted Shorthand Typist and Typist in Attorney's Office. Apply stating qualifications Box No. 6268, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Wiremen, second class and or experienced for permanent posts. Apply, Alpha Electric Works, Pitale Mansion, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay. (6260)

Wanted well qualified consulting Chemical Engineer to design and advise on most suitable factory lay-out and equipment with proper drawings and cost estimates, etc. for up-country heavy chemicals plant. Apply stating qualifications and lowest terms to Box No. 6263 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—An Accountant for the Children's Aid Society, Bombay. Must have a B.Com. degree or a Diploma in Accountancy. Pay scale: Rs. 150-10-250 plus Dearness Allowance of Rs. 15/- P.M., subject to revision in accordance with the Pay Commission's level. The selected candidate will have to furnish a cash security of Rs. 3000/- or sign a fidelity bond for the same amount, premium being paid by him. Provident fund benefit on confirmation. Probationery period one year. Apply, stating age and previous experience, and sending copies of three recent testimonials to the Honorary Secretary, the Children's Aid Society, 83, Lady Hardinge Road, Bombay 16, on or before 1st July, 1947. (4100)

Wanted—A Lady Doctor (Registered Medical Graduate or Licentiate) with experience in Maternity and Child Welfare for conducting a welfare unit at Bhilawadi (District Satara). The scale of pay for M.B.B.S., is Rs. 150-10/1-250 and Licentiate Rs. 100-5/1-150 with actual travelling expenses and dearness allowance according to Government scale. The post is permanent. Applications should be sent to the undersigned before 10th July, 1947. (Dr.) K. S. Mhaskar, Joint Hon. Secretary, Bombay Mothers & Children Welfare Society, No. 10, B.D.D. Chawl DeLisle Road, Post Bombay No. 11. 4032

Wanted Assistant Lecturer in German for a temporary post at Gujarat College. Pay Rs. 130-10-200, with an interim relief of Rs. 10/- and dearness allowance admissible under the rules Qualifications:—At least a first class B.A. degree in German and preferably a first class or second class M.A Age limit 25 Application form etc. obtainable from the Principal Gujarat College, Ahmedabad. Last date 25th June, 1947 A 1½ annas stamped addressed envelope to acompany inquiry. Principal, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad. 4055

Globe Employment Bureau, Agra. Promptly arranges employments of every nature in India and abroad. Apply stating qualifications. 6198

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Candidates seeking suitable employments to consult with Kapoor & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (6209)

Wanted immediately Gujarati-knowing Graduates and Undergraduates, trained preferred and a Physical Instructor and a Short-hand Typist. Apply personally: Principal Ramji Assar Vidyalaya, Ghatkopar. 6242

Wanted Executive Officer for a City Municipality for a State in Central India, on a year to year contract. Experienced Officers only need apply. Salary according to Qualifications. Please apply stating Age, experience and minimum salary expected to Box No. 4054. "Bombay Chronicle."

Health Officer for a City Municipality in a State in C.I., on a Three year contract. High Qualifications and long experience essential. Applications to be sent before 30th June, stating Age and Minimum Salary expected to Box No. 4054A "Bombay Chronicle".

PERSONAL ADLETS

The readers of this paper may kindly supply their full names and addresses to:—Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company. Post Box Number—713—Bombay 1. 6231

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SOCIAL

Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts, hobbies, business. India, abroad. Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (5731)

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (5055)

OFFICE ACCOMMODATION

Wanted for immediate occupation in Fort area, spacious ground floor accommodation for Banking purposes, good rent offered for suitable place. Apply with full particulars Box No. 4092 "Bombay Chronicle".

MEDICAL ADLETS

Hydrocele expert of K. Edulji's (Calcutta) for short period at Cyrus Hotel, Room No. 1 Khetwadi Back Road (Charni Road) 2 to 7 p.m. 200 testimonials including Surgeons cured. Safe, painless cure. No confinement. Unrelapsed 20 years after treatment. (6197)

PROPERTIES WANTED

Wanted open Freehold Plot of Land, measuring below 4,000 square yards near Railway Stations, not beyond Ghatkopar or Borivli. Apply with price particulars to Box No. 6248, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Respectable Agents throughout India to secure orders for Nipani Tobacco. Apply:—K. B. Ghatage Tobacco Commission Agency, Prop. V. K. Ghatage, B Sc Nipani (Belgaum). 1412

Wanted District Organisers to push the sale of the remaining unsold shares of the Peninsular Chemical Industries Ltd. on both pay and commission. The medicines of the Company are already in the Market. Apply to Mg. Agents, 115, Canning Street, Calcutta. 3244

AGENCIES WANTED.

Mills interested to appoint Agents, or opening their Showrooms and Sales department will get facilities from large reputable Store in Colaba. Contact Box No. 6234 "Bombay Chronicle."

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A Graduate experienced in Paper and Printing, desires representation in Poona, Maharashtra, excellent references, good connections. Write C/o Post Box 3, Poona Camp. (6246)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/-. Fluorescent tubes and reflectors. Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No 3985. "Bombay Chronicle"

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For all magazines—Life, Post, Illustrated London News, Sphere, Spectator, John Bull, Time and Tide, Tit-Bits, Punch, Tatler, Manchester Guardian Weekly, Times Educational Spplt., Woman's Journal. Good Housekeeping, Health and Efficiency Health and Strength, Rainbow. Film Fun, etc., from ready stock. Bookland, 6, Tulloch Road, Apollo Bunder, Bombay, 1. (4091)

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For 52" Powerlooms, Brand New. Apply to Prayag Engineering Co., Malegaon (Nasik). (6265)

Shipping, Clearing, Forwarding, also for Godown accommodation, apply, Post Box No. 1177, G.P.O. Bombay. (6271)

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"Tissue Paper"—Available for immediate delivery, white Acidfree Tissue Paper, double coated. Price Rs. 7/4 per ream F.O.R., Bombay. Payment 25 per cent with order: Balance against R/R. Hindustan Traders, Jwala Bank Building, Chand... Vile... 6217

Advance essential. Selected Bombay, Langra Mangoes 100 Rs. 20/- cost extra. Grafts-list-free. Manager, Plantsman, Darbhanga. 6277

PUBLIC NOTICES.

WANTED

A FIRST CLASS PILOT for a port in an Indian State on the West Coast of India. Piloting experience in either Calcutta, Bombay or Karachi ports essential. Salary Rs. 600-30 1-900 P. M. Higher start may given according to qualifications. Piloting fees according to Rules. House rent Rs. 60/- p. m. Conveyance allowance Rs. 90/- p.m. Provident Fund according to Rules. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 4080, "Bombay Chronicle."

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for the Purchases of Waste (Hard & Soft) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 2 & 3 Mills and will be accepted upto 4 P. M. (S.T.) on Tuesday the 24th June 1947, in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. (4069)

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

TYPISTS' POSTS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for inclusion in the waiting list for the following typists' posts in the Bombay Office of the Reserve Bank of India:—

Typists' grade: Rs. 80-7½-125 E.B. 7½-170 E.B. 10-200.

In addition to the above grade, employees are entitled to dearness allowance and local allowance at rates prescribed by the Bank from time to time; the present rates are 20% of salary (subject to a minimum of Rs. 30) and 10% of salary (subject to a minimum of Rs. 10) per mensem respectively.

Applicants should be of sound physique over the age of 18 but under the age of 22, and must have passed the matriculation or an equivalent examination. They should also possess a certain minimum standard of speed and accuracy in typing, which should ordinarily be NOT BELOW 40 WORDS A MINUTE. —

Candidates must submit their applications with copies of at least two testimonials to the Manager, Reserve Bank of India, Post Box No. 901, Bombay 1, stating in the following order:—Name in full; address; age; date of birth, where born; religion or caste; father's name; father's occupation; educational qualifications; schools colleges, universities attended and previous experience, if any.

Applications must also be in the candidate's own handwriting and reach the Bank on or before the 30TH JUNE, 1947. Applications will not be acknowledged unless a fully stamped addressed envelope is enclosed.

No interview will be granted to candidates except those who are specially called nor will the Bank enter into correspondence with unsuccessful candidates. 4034

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for June Session just commenced for Specialised Professional Diploma Courses for Bank Officers (C.A.I.I.B.); Company Secretaries (F.C.C.S.), Accountants (R.A., A.A.I.A.) and General Commerce (L.C.C. and D.Com. I.M.C.), etc. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51. Esplanade Road. 6244

The Civil Engineering School, Lucknow. (Government Recognised). Applications are invited for admission into the Overseers' class, session July 1947. Minimum qualification is High School or Matric with Science and Mathematics. Higher divisioners or with higher qualification preferred. Common Examination with Roorkee. U.P. Government awards certificates For free prospectus apply to Principal, giving qualification, subjects taken in Matric with division (6160)

Boys & Girls! Make Matriculation Examination a Joy-Ride by joining Hab's Coaching Classes, 84, Trinity Street. (opposite Metro), Dhobi Talao. 6230

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore. 107

Hurry up! Last week for enrolling students for Senior Cambridge (December) Examination. Failed Matriculates eligible. Many optional subjects. Oral postal training. Evening classes. Prospectus from Bombay Tutorial College. Opposite Jermahal, Dhobitalao. (6071)

Incorporated Association of Cost Accountants. International Corporation of Secretaries. Specialised training offered for these lucrative professional examinations. Alexandra Commercial College, Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road. 3754

ISEC Home Study Courses: "Successful careers in the India of Tomorrow" (Foreword by Sir M. Visveswaraya) guides you to pass recognised examinations in your branch of Engineering, Technology or Commerce. Special Courses for Competitive (Federal Commission), Actuarial and Cambridge Examinations. Success guaranteed under India's ablest professors. Mention profession interested to Secretary, Post Box 11137, Bombay 1 6172

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted one new or second-hand Lancashire Boiler 160 Lb. pressure size 30' x 7' and one double cylinder steam engine generating about 200 B.H.P. Write with full details and lowest quotations to "South Behar Rice Mill", P.O. Bhagalpur City. (6276)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ALL EMPLOYEES OF THE G. I. P. AND B. B. & C. I. RLYS.

INSTRUCTIONS have been received from the Railway Board, that each employee of the above two Railways will now be given the option of serving under the future Pakistan Government or under the Government of the rest of India. It is anticipated that both the Railways will be administered by the latter Government.

2. The choice must be exercised by the 30th June, 1947 latest, and may be either "Final" or 'Provisional' as the employee desires. If 'Provisional', the employee will intimate his final choice within 6 months from the date of transfer of power.

3. The choice in favour of 'Pakistan' will be recorded individually by each employee on a form of questionnaire printed below, in the presence of Zonal Committees consisting of two railway officers each, one of whom will be a Muslim. Where Muslim Officers are not available, Muslim upper subordinates will be selected instead.

4. It should be clearly understood that the representatives of both the future Governments guarantee the existing terms and conditions of service of each individual employee. Even where a 'Provisional' choice is exercised, the employee will not suffer either in seniority or in other conditions of service.

5. While the Railway Administrations will do everything in their power to enable employees to record their decision before the prescribed date, employees are advised to get into touch at once with their immediate superiors who will ensure that their decisions are recorded in time.

GENERAL MANAGER
G.I.P. Railway,
Bombay

GENERAL MANAGER,
B. B. & C. I. Railway,
Bombay.

G.I.P. Railway.
B. B. & C. I. Railway

QUESTIONNAIRE

(All answers to be in block letters)

I. Name (in full):—
II. Service and/or Department:—
III. Substantive Appointment:—
IV. Present Appointment:—

(Answers to all the questions asked below should be in a simple affirmative or negative).

(All Government servants are assured that their existing terms and conditions of service are guaranteed by the representatives of both the future Governments).

I. Do you elect to serve in Pakistan?—
I. Do you elect to serve in the rest of India?
III. Is your choice final?
*IV. Is your choice provisional?

*(NOTE:—If your choice is provisional, you will have an opportunity to reconsider and indicate your final choice within a period of 6 months from the date of transfer of power. The provisional choice will not in any way prejudice your seniority or other conditions of service).

(Signature) _____

(Signature of Attesting Officers). _____

_____

Place: _____

Date: _____ (4101)

TENDER NOTICE

WANTED Expert Boat Repairer to repair Fishing Launches. Apply India Fisheries Limited, 169-70, B.P.T. Buildings, Sassoon Dock, Colaba, Bombay 5. (4059)

WANTED

A MANAGER for a Railway in an Indian State in Kathiawar. Should have superior qualifications and at least fifteen years experience either in Civil Engineering or Traffic Departments in a responsible position on a major Railway. Salary Rs. 2,000-100/1-2,500 P.M. Higher start may be given according to qualifications. Provident Fund according to Rules. Unfurnished quarters at usual rent. Conveyance allowance Rs. 75/- P.M. Apply stating age, qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 4083 "Bombay Chronicle"

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Research Assistant in the Producer Gas Plant Testing Laboratory at Matunga. The candidates should possess a degree or diploma in Mechanical or Electrical Engineering. The scale of pay sanctioned to the post is Rs. 100-10-150 in addition to the special pay of Rs. 10/- per month and the dearness allowance as sanctioned by Government. Applications giving particulars such as Technical qualifications, age, domicile, experience etc. should reach the undersigned before the 30th June 1947.

M. P. KANGA,
Director of Industries,
Bombay.
Old Custom House Yard,
Fort, Bombay. 4078

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the GOUD SARASWAT BRAHMIN COMMUNITY of Bombay will be held in the SARASWAT BRAHMIN SAMAJ HALL Nikadvari Lane, Girgaum, Bombay on Sunday the 29th June, 1947. at 4 p.m (S.T.) for passing the audited statement of account for the year 1946 and the report relating to the management of the Temples, Charitable Institutions and Funds of the Goud Saraswat Brahmin Community of Bombay and electing a new Board of Trustees and the auditors for the current year.

All members of the Community are requested to attend.

B. S. SABNIS,
Hon. Secretary & Treasurer.

Shri Balaji Ramji Temple, Bhuleshwar Road. Bombay 16-6-47. 6245

IMPORTANT NOTICE

PLEASE NOTE that all Narcotic Drugs and Excisable items will be sold to Licence holders only who must produce their licence before taking delivery.

This notice is regarding the auction sale to be held on 23rd and 24th June '47 at I.B.M.S Panagarh.

OFFICE OF THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS),
6, Esplanade East, Calcutta. 4097

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

RECRUITMENT TO CLERICAL AND OTHER SUBORDINATE SERVICES.

APPLICATIONS on prescribed forms are invited from persons who are natives of the Province of Bombay for selection for recruitment to clerical and other subordinate Municipal services.

Scale of pay—Rs. 70-6-160-E.B.-8-200-10-220.

Start of Rs. 80/- to pass graduates and Rs. 90/- to Honours, second class and double graduates, plus Rs. 26/- D.A. or 17 1 2 per cent of the salary whichever is greater.

QUALIFICATIONS—Degree Examination of the Bombay University or any Examination considered equivalent to it by the University of Bombay.

AGE LIMIT—Between 18 and 25 years (Backward communities between 18 and 28 years) on MONDAY, the 7th JULY, 1947.

On passing departmental examinations for the Head Clerks' and the Deputy Superintendents' posts (Assessment Department), the Clerical and Inspectorial Staff can get promotions in higher grades as follows:—

Head Clerks—Rs. 200-10-260 plus D.A.
Chief Clerks—Rs. 260-15-320 plus D.A.
Deputy Superintendents (Assessment Department) Grades under revision at present.
Superintendents (Assessment Department) Grades under revision at present.

Applications should reach the Municipal Commissioner's Office on or before Monday the 7th July, 1947.

Application forms can be had from the Municipal Commissioner's Office on payment of annas eight, between 11 A.M and 2 P.M. (B.T.) on week days and between 10-30 A.M. and 12 noon (B.T.) on Saturdays Application forms will be sent by post if annas nine and pies six only are received by Money Order.

Once the application form has been purchased the cost thereof will not be refunded.

Persons in Government or other employ should submit their applications through their respective superiors.

B. K. PATEL,
Municipal Commissioner.

Municipal Offices,
Fort, Bombay.
Dated 17th June, 1947. 4077

NOTICE

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Life Policy No. 24413 Fg. Mr. Manilal Ujamshi Kothari, Mr. Vallabhdas Sukhlal Maniar, Tarabaug Estate, Block G, 2nd Floor. R. N. 35, Girgaum, Bombay, issued by the Tropical Insurance Co., Ltd., New Delhi, duplicate thereof shall be issued if no objection is filed with the undersigned within one month from date hereof.

RAMSHARAN,
Secretary,
Tropical Insurance Company, Ltd.,
New Delhi. 4096

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, UNITED PROVINCES

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from British subjects of Indian domicile and subjects of Indian States for the ex-cadre gazetted post of Dairy Manager in the Provincial Veterinary Service in the Animal Husbandry Department. Post temporary till March 31, 1948 but likely to continue further Pay Rs. 250-850. Qualifications:—Indian Dairy Diploma with foreign or post graduate training in dairying. Candidates possessing Indian Dairy Diploma or degree or diploma in Agricultural or Veterinary Science with post-graduate training in dairying will be considered only if candidates possessing Indian Dairy Diploma with foreign or post-graduate training are not available. Practical experience in handling and collection of milk especially from rural areas an additional qualification Age:—Not less than 23 years and not more than (a) 30 years for Government servants, and (b) 28 years for others on August 1, 1947. The upper age limits will be greater by 3 years for Scheduled Caste candidates and may be waived in special cases. 'War Service Candidates' may also apply if eligible Such candidates other than those in the armed forces, must attach with their application a certificate about their recognised "War Service." "War Service" candidates who are out of India may apply on plain paper, if a copy of the printed application form is not available, but they must give details about their nationality, residence, educational equipment, age and experience, etc. Requisitions for application forms will be entertained and supplied free of charge by the Secretary, Public Service Commission, United Provinces, Allahabad, up to July 14, 1947, and applications on the prescribed form will be received up to July 21, 1947.

Dated Allahabad June 10, 1947.

No. 907-(I)/146-46-47

Copy forwarded to the Superintendent, Printing and Stationery, United Provinces, Allahabad for favour of publication in part I-A of the next issue of the Gazette.

No. 907-(II)/146-46-47

Copy with 11 spare copies forwarded to the Director of Information, United Provinces, Lucknow for favour of publication in the advertisement columns of the next Saturday issue of 10 leading English Dailies of India. The paper should be so selected that the advertisement may reach all parts of India and Indian States.

2. Payment will be made by this office on receipt of bills.

No. 907-(III)/146-46-47

Copy with a spare copy and 2 copies of the leaflet entitled 'Information for Candidates' forwarded to the Director, Resettlement and Employment, United Provinces, Lucknow.

No. 907-(IV)/146-46-47

Copy with a spare copy and 2 copies of the leaflet entitled 'Information for Candidates' forwarded to the Deputy Manager, Central Employment Exchange, New Delhi.

No. 907-(V)/146-46-47

Copy with a spare copy and 2 copies of the leaflet entitled 'Information for Candidates' forwarded to the Manager, Regional Employment Exchange, Calcutta, Patna, Cawnpore, Bombay, Madras, Nagpur, Karachi, Delhi and Lahore.

No. 907-(VII)/146-46-47.

Copy forwarded to the treasurer, Public Service Commission, U.P., for information

By Order,
G. P. SINHA,
Assistant Secretary,
for Secretary. 4085

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from graduates, preferably Hons. graduates, for admission to the Basic Training College for Graduates to be opened at Belgaum from the current academic year. Graduates from S.N.D.T. Indian Women's University the Gujarat Vidyapith, and Tilak Maharashtra Vidyapith will be eligible for admission. The duration of the course will be one academic year and candidates who pass the examination to be held at the end of the course will be considered on par with B.Ts. in Government service in respect of pay prospects etc. Selected candidates will receive a stipend of Rs. 40 - p. m. while under training, and will have to enter into an agreement with the Department to serve for at least 5 years after successful completion of the course. Applications should be enclosed in registered covers, and should reach the Principal, Secondary Training College, Belgaum, not later than 5th July, 1947. Candidates if employed should send in their applications through their employers. Persons already in Government service may also apply for admission.

D. C. PAWATE,
Director of Public Instruction.
Poona, 18th June 1947. (4079)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts in the R.A. Podar College of Commerce and Economics, Matunga, Bombay. 1. Part-time Professor of the Organisation of the Indian Cotton Industry. 2. A Tutor in English and 3. A Tutor in Economics. Applications stating qualifications, teaching experience and age, should reach the Principal on or before 25th June, 1947.

PRINCIPAL. 4086

PUBLIC NOTICES

FOR SALE

VALUABLE PROPERTY, consisting of a 3 storied building with 10 shops at the base at the corner of Ghorapdeo and Cannaught Road fetching a monthly rental of about Rs. 565/- for sale. Apply to the undersigned.

Dated this 19th day of June, 1947.

AMBUBHAI & DIWANJI,
Solicitors,
Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from men of administrative experience and practical ability, either civilians or men demobilised or about to be demobilised from the service for four posts of District Controller of Civil Supplies, Grade I, in the Department of Civil Supplies, Government of Bengal. Of these, two are reserved for Muslims and two for Non-Muslims. The appointments are temporary and are terminable by Government at one month's notice. Permanent Government servants are not eligible to apply. Temporary Government servants may apply provided their present pay together with 20% of it exceeds or equals the minimum pay fixed for the post. No applications will be accepted from officers recently demobilised from Army or discharged from temporary War Service civilian posts unless the candidate has drawn a salary of not less than Rs. 600/- per month excluding dearness allowance and war allowance but including all other allowances. Pay between Rs. 750/- and 1,000/- according to qualifications plus usual dearness allowance. Age must not be under 25 or over 45 years of age on 1st June 1947. Qualifications: A candidate must be a British subject or be a subject of a State in India in respect of whom a declaration has been made under section 262(2) of the Government of India Act, 1935. Other qualifications being the same, Preference will be given to a candidate who is a native of or permanently domiciled in Bengal. He must have a degree of a recognised University: must have at least 2 years experience, preferably in an administrative capacity either in a business firm or in Government service or in the service of a statutory body e.g. the Port Commissioners, provided that for candidates of exceptional merit the requirement of a minimum of 2 years experience may be relaxed: must be fit and capable of undertaking tours in rural areas: must be able to speak either Bengali or Hindi or Urdu. Candidates should furnish the following information in their applications:

(1) Name in full (in block letters), (2) Home address, (3) Present address, (4) Present age according to Matriculation Certificate, (5) Father's name, (6) Academic qualifications, (7) Experience, (8) Religion and Caste, (9) Last pay drawn. Applications FOR WHICH NO FORM HAS BEEN PRESCRIBED together with an attested copy of evidence of age as well as certificates from two responsible persons not related to the candidate or connected with him by marriage, testifying to his private character, should reach the Secretary, Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, not later than the 15th July 1947. Canvassing will disqualify. A treasury receipt for Rs. 5 under the head "XXXVI-Misc." must accompany every application. Applications from candidates who are in temporary employment under any Government in India will be rejected unless they are submitted through the appointing authority of their post or service.

R B. RUDRA,
Secretary.
Alipore, the 14th June, 1947. (4094)

WANTED

AN EXECUTIVE ENGINEER for a Railway in an Indian State in Kathiawar. Should have superior qualifications and at least ten years' experience of construction and maintenance on a major railway. Salary Rs. 800-20/1-1000 P.M. Higher start may be given according to qualifications. Provident fund according to Rules. Unfurnished quarters at usual rent. Conveyance allowance Rs. 50/- P.M. Please apply stating age, qualifications, experience and salary expected to Box No. 4082. "Bombay Chronicle."

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

PUBLIC ARE HEREBY CAUTIONED that the RAMAKRISHNA MATH & MISSION, Belur, Howrah have acquired exclusive right to the above registered SEAL and that anybody infringing such right will be liable in law.

SUSIL GHOSH,
Solicitor,
6, Old Post Office Street,
CALCUTTA. (4090)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

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